Springwell Solar Farm

Environmental Statement
Appendix 9.1: Archaeological DeskBased Assessment and Stage 1 Setting

Assessment

Volume 3

EN010149/APP/6.3.4 Revision 4 Deadline 3 August 2025 Springwell Energyfarm Ltd APFP Regulation 5(2)(a)

Planning Act 2008

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(Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009



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1. Introduction

1.1. Purpose of this report

- 1.1.1. This document has been updated at Deadline 3 to include a more detailed assessment of heritage assets requested by Lincolnshire County Council and North Kesteven District Council's built heritage advisors.. The document references have not been updated from the original submission. Please refer to the **Guide to the Application [EN010149/APP/1.2]** for the list of current versions of documents.
- 1.1.2. This report was commissioned by RSK on behalf of EDF and presents the results of an archaeological desk-based assessment (DBA) being completed prior to an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA). This is in support of a Development Consent Order (DCO) Application for the construction of a 1,280 hectare (ha) solar farm. The area spreads from south of the village of Metheringham, through the village of Scopwick towards the A15 road (Illustration 1). The area within the Order Limits is hereafter referred to as the 'Site' (Illustration 2).
- 1.1.3. This report describes and assesses the significance of known heritage assets and potential archaeological remains within the Site.
- 1.1.4. This report does not provide an assessment of the likely impact of the Proposed Development on the significance of heritage assets, and the contribution made by their setting, in order to identify potential historic environment planning constraints as this will be addressed within the Environmental Statement (ES) Volume 1, Chapter 9: Cultural Heritage [EN010149/APP/6.1].
- 1.1.5. This approach is consistent with the requirements of national and local planning policies on the historic environment in the planning process (see **Section 3** of this report).

1.2. Site description

- 1.2.1. The 1,280ha Site is located c.1km to the south of the village of Metheringham in the north and runs south-west to the village of Scopwick and over the A15. In total the Site measures c.10km from its north-eastern tip at National Grid Reference (NGR) TF 08641 60671 to the south-western end point at NGR TF 02905 52346. The Site sits in Lincolnshire, 15km south of Lincoln (central National Grid Reference TF056569), post code LN4 3JE (Illustration 1).
- 1.2.2. The Site is divided into three areas (Springwell East, Springwell Central and Springwell West) (**Illustration 2**), all of which are largely made up of agricultural fields. The area is generally flat with a slight incline to the south-west; Area A1 lies 48m above Ordnance datum (AOD), Area A2 lies 42m AOD, Area B lies 21m AOD and Area C lies 19m AOD.



- 1.2.3. Springwell West is bounded to the north, west, south and east by agricultural fields, it is crossed north-south by the A15 road. To the southwest of the site sits Brauncewell Quarry which is still active. To the north is RAF Digby. Surrounded by Springwell West is the area of Slate House which is not included within the Site.
- 1.2.4. Springwell Central is bounded to the west by RAF Digby and on all sides by agricultural fields but partly encircles the village of Scopwick. It is to the north of the village of Ashby de la Launde, and to the west of Kirkby Green. This area also contains the farm of Rowston Top and a water treatment plant which are excluded from the Site.
- 1.2.5. Springwell East is also bounded on all sides by agricultural fields but also by the villages of Blankney to the north and Scopwick and Kirkby Green to the south, as well as the Peterborough to Lincoln trainline to the east. There are numerous parts of this area which have been excluded, including woodland and Scopwick Low Field Farm.
- 1.2.6. There are a number of areas of woodland within the Site along with numerous hedges and field boundaries. There is one watercourse that runs through the Site in Springwell Central to the water treatment plant. Scopwick Beck is the closest other watercourse that runs south of Springwell East.
- 1.2.7. At a wider topographic scale the Proposed Development site is located on flat ground that is largely of agricultural use with some small villages dotted across the landscape.
- 1.2.8. A summary of the description of the Proposed Development can be found in Section 3.1 of the Environmental Statement (ES) Volume 1, Chapter 3: Proposed Development Description [EN010149/APP/6.1]. The terminology used in this document is defined in the Glossary [EN010149/APP/6.1].
- 1.3. Geology and Geomorphology
- 1.3.1. The underlying solid geology is recorded by British Geological Survey (BGS) [Ref. 1], there are eight different bedrock geologies listed by BGS within the Site, these are listed in **Table 1** below.
- 1.3.2. Superficial deposits are recorded in the south-western corner of the Site.

 These are listed as Sleaford Sand and Gravel sand and gravel and

 Head clay, silt, sand and gravel. Both are sedimentary superficial

 deposit formed up to 2.588 million years ago during the Quaternary period.
- 1.3.3. There are 13 boreholes recorded by the BGS within or in close proximity to the Site. 12 of these have publicly accessible records which show a stratigraphy of soil and gravel overlaying blue rock and limestone in places.



Table 1: Solid Geology within the Site

Geology type	Description
Oxford Clay Formation	Mudstone. Sedimentary bedrock formed between 166.1 and 157.3 million years ago during the Jurassic period.
Kellaways Formation	Sandstone, siltstone and mudstone. Sedimentary bedrock formed between 166.1 and 163.5 million years ago during the Jurassic period.
Cornbrash Formation	Limestone. Sedimentary bedrock formed between 168.3 and 163.5 million years ago during the Jurassic period.
Blisworth Clay Formation	Mudstone. Sedimentary bedrock formed between 168.3 and 166.1 million years ago during the Jurassic period.
Blisworth Limestone Formation	Limestone. Sedimentary bedrock formed between 168.3 and 166.1 million years ago during the Jurassic period.
Rutland Formation	Argillaceous rocks with subordinate sandstone and limestone. Sedimentary bedrock formed between 170.3 and 166.1 million years ago during the Jurassic period.
Upper Lincolnshire Limestone Member	Limestone. Sedimentary bedrock formed between 170.3 and 168.3 million years ago during the Jurassic period.
Lower Lincolnshire Limestone Member	Limestone. Sedimentary bedrock formed between 170.3 and 168.3 million years ago during the Jurassic period.



2. Legislation, Policy and Guidance

2.1. Statutory protection

2.1.1. The relevant heritage legislation in the context of the present site is described in **Table 2** below.

Table 2: Historic environment statutory legislation

Table 2: Historic environment statutory legislation					
Legislation	Key Issues				
Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979 [Ref. 2]	It is a criminal offence to carry out any works on or near to a Scheduled Monument without Scheduled Monument Consent. Development must preserve in-situ protected archaeological remains and landscapes of acknowledged significance and protect their settings.				
Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act (1990) [Ref. 3]	The 1990 Act is amended by the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 to introduce additional controls for works to listed buildings. Section 1 of the Act requires the Secretary of State to compile and maintain lists of buildings of special architectural or historic interest. The principal statutory duty under the Act is to preserve the special character of these heritage assets, including their setting. Buildings on the list are assessed and graded against the criteria of architectural and historic interest. Buildings listed at Grade I are defined as those considered to be of exceptional interest. Grade II* listed buildings are particularly important buildings of more than special interest, while Grade II listed building are of special interest. This may include the extent to which the exterior of a building contributes to the interest of a group of buildings, i.e. 'group value'. Relevant Statutory Tests of the Act are as follows: Section 66: General duty as respects listed buildings in exercise of planning functions. (1) In considering whether to grant planning permission [or permission in principle] for development which affects a listed building or its setting, the local planning authority or, as the case may be, the Secretary of State shall have special regard to the desirability of preserving the building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest which it possesses. (2) Without prejudice to section 72, in the exercise of the powers of appropriation, disposal and development (including redevelopment) conferred by the provisions of sections 232,				

233 and 235(1) of the principal Act, a local authority shall have regard to the desirability of preserving features of



Legislation	Key Issues
	special architectural or historic interest, and in particular, listed buildings. Section 72: General duty as respects conservation areas in exercise of planning functions. (1) In the exercise, with respect to any buildings or other land in a conservation area, of any [functions under or by virtue of] any of the provisions mentioned in subsection (2), special attention shall be paid to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of that area.
Treasure Act (1996) [Ref. 4]	The 1996 Act defines 'Treasure' as any object that is at least 10% gold or silver, associated with coins or groups of coins which are over 300 years old, objects formerly classed as 'treasure trove' (i.e. deliberately deposited items with a high content of gold or silver) and any objects found in association with the above. Any find of 'Treasure' must be reported to the local Coroner.
Burial Act (1857) [Ref. 5]	Under Section 25 of the 1857 Act, it is generally a criminal offence to remove human remains from any place of burial without an appropriate licence issued by the Ministry of Justice (MoJ), although recent legislative changes indicate that some cases are exempt from this requirement.
Protection of Military Remains Act (1986) [Ref. 6]	An Act of Parliament in the United Kingdom which provides protection for the wreckage of military aircraft and designated military vessels. Certain activities are prohibited at protected sites, without the authority of the Ministry of Defence.
Hedgerow Regulations (1997) [Ref. 7]	 A local authority can prohibit the removal of an 'important' hedgerow. Hedgerows can be considered important on grounds of historical or archaeological value or association in line with following criteria: Marks a pre-1850 parish boundary (Criterion 1) Physically incorporates or is part of a known and listed heritage asset; where the hedgerow is a contemporaneous or related to part of that heritage asset (Criterion 2 & 3) Marks the boundary of, or is associated with, a pre-1600 estate or manor (Criterion 4) Is part of a pre-Parliamentary Inclosure field system (i.e. pre-dates the Inclosure Act 1796 – it may be recorded as "old enclosure" on the tithe/enclosure map or may be recorded on an earlier estate map) (Criterion 5)
Historic Buildings and Ancient Monuments Act	The 1953 Act created the Historic Buildings and Monuments Commission (HBMC) – now Historic England, a non-departmental public body, given the broad remit of managing

the historic built environment of England. The Historic

(1953) [Ref. 8]



Legislation	Key Issues
	Buildings and Ancient Monuments Act 1953 authorises Historic England to compile a register of "gardens and other land" situated in England that appear to be of special historic interest.
National Heritage Act (1980, amended 1983 & 1997, 2002) [Ref.9]	Registered Parks and Gardens The Register was established in 1984 and there are currently over 1,600 sites included. Sites are graded I, II*, or II along the same lines as listed buildings. A registered park or garden is not protected by a separate consent regime, but applications for planning permission will give great weight to their conservation. The NPPF defines them as designated heritage assets and as such their conservation should be an objective of all sustainable development. Substantial harm to or total loss of a Grade II registered park or garden should be exceptional and for a Grade II* or I registered park or garden such loss or harm should be wholly exceptional. The Register of Historic Battlefields Historic England maintains a Register of Historic Battlefields. Battlefields are not graded. Like registered parks and gardens, registered battlefields are not subject to a separate consent regime, but they are considered designated heritage assets under the NPPF and therefore, as with parks and gardens, great weight should be given to their conservation and substantial harm or total loss of a registered battlefield should be wholly exceptional.

2.2. National Planning Policy

- 2.2.1. Overarching National Policy Statement for Energy (NPS EN-1) (2023) [Ref. 10] Section 5.9 details the planning policy for the historic environment cultural heritage, including guidance on what constitutes a heritage asset "demonstrated to be of equivalent significance to designated heritage assets of the highest significance" (paragraph 5.9.5), guidance on undertaking the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) (paragraphs 5.9.9-15), and the approach to be taken to mitigation (paragraphs 5.9.16-21).
- 2.2.2. National Policy Statement for Renewable Energy Infrastructure (NPS EN-3) (2023) [Ref. 11] Section 2.10 relates to solar photovoltaic (PV) generation. Paragraphs 2.3.6 and 2.3.8 discuss the requirement for applicants to consider impacts to nationally recognised designations (such as World Heritage Sites and Registered Parks and Gardens) and the historic environment as a whole during the selection and design of a solar PV site, in addition to specific guidance on how these impacts can be identified, assessed and mitigated against. Paragraphs 2.10.107 119 provide details on how the impacts to cultural heritage should be assessed



including above ground impacts on the setting of heritage assets (paragraph 2.10.108), the types of ground disturbance activity that might impact on below ground archaeological remains (paragraph 2.10.109) and the potential positive impact of solar PV developments on archaeological assts by removing sites from regular ploughing (paragraph 2.10.110). The potential scope of assessment is set out in paragraphs 2.10.112-115, with paragraph 2.10.115 noting that "The extent of investigative work should be proportionate to the sensitivity of, and extent of, proposed ground disturbance in the associated study area".

2.2.3. National Policy Statement for Electricity Networks Infrastructure (NPS EN-5) (2023) [Ref. 12] Paragraphs 2.2.10, 2.9.19 and 2.9.25. These paragraphs confirm the applicant's responsibility to abide by Schedule 9 of the Electricity Act 1989 (which highlights the desirability of preserving features of archaeological or historic interest), and discuss the requirement for applicants, when siting substations, to seek to avoid their siting within internationally and nationally designated areas of the highest amenity, cultural or scientific value (such as World Heritage Sites, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Battlefields and Listed Buildings) and to protect (as far as reasonably practicable) important landscape features such as historic hedgerows. They also outline the requirement for the Secretary of State to grant the installation of underground cabling over overhead transmission lines if the benefits of doing so clearly outweigh the harm to designated and non-designated heritage assets and their settings.

2.3. National Planning Policy Framework

- 2.3.1. The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) [Ref. 13] confirms that the historic environment, including archaeological remains, constitutes a material consideration in planning decisions, requiring applicants to describe the significance of heritage assets potentially affected by the development, including any contribution made by their setting.
- 2.3.2. Heritage and conservation forms one of the core planning principles of NPPF:
- 2.3.3. **(189)** "[Planning should conserve heritage assets] in a manner appropriate to their significance, so that they can be enjoyed for their contribution to the quality of life for this and future generations."
- 2.3.4. This report contributes to meeting the following Policies on the historic environment contained in the document (paragraph numbers in bold text)
- 2.3.5. (194) "In determining applications, local planning authorities should require an applicant to describe the significance of any heritage assets affected, including any contribution made by their setting. The level of detail should be proportionate to the assets' importance and no more than is sufficient to understand the potential impact of the proposal on their significance. As a minimum the relevant historic environment record should have been



consulted and the heritage assets assessed using appropriate expertise where necessary. Where a site on which development is proposed includes, or has the potential to include, heritage assets with archaeological interest, local planning authorities should require developers to submit an appropriate desk-based assessment and, where necessary, a field evaluation."

- 2.3.6. **(200)** Any harm to, or loss of, the significance of a designated heritage asset (from its alteration or destruction, or from development within its setting), should require clear and convincing justification. Substantial harm to or loss of:
- 2.3.7. a) grade II listed buildings, or grade II registered parks or gardens, should be exceptional;
- 2.3.8. b) assets of the highest significance, notably scheduled monuments, protected wreck sites, registered battlefields, grade I and II* listed buildings, grade I and II* registered parks and gardens, and World Heritage Sites, should be wholly exceptional.
- 2.3.9. **(footnote 68)** [Non-designated heritage assets of archaeological interest, which are demonstrably of equivalent significance to scheduled monuments, should be considered subject to the policies for designated heritage assets.]
- 2.3.10. **(202)** Where a development proposal will lead to less than substantial harm to the significance of a designated heritage asset, this harm should be weighed against the public benefits of the proposal including, where appropriate, securing its optimum viable use.
- 2.3.11. **(203)** The effect of an application on the significance of a non-designated heritage asset should be taken into account in determining the application. In weighing applications that directly or indirectly affect non-designated heritage assets, a balanced judgement will be required having regard to the scale of any harm or loss and the significance of the heritage asset.
- 2.3.12. **(206)** Local planning authorities should require developers to record and advance understanding of the significance of any heritage assets to be lost (wholly or in part) in a manner proportionate to their importance and the impact, and to make this evidence (and any archive generated) publicly accessible.
- 2.4. Local Planning Policy
- 2.4.1. The Central Lincolnshire Local Plan 2018-2040 [Ref. 14] was adopted in April 2023 and includes policies specific to renewable energy (Policy S14) and the historic environment (Policy S57).



- 2.4.2. Policy S14 states that: "proposals for renewable energy schemes, including ancillary development will be supported where the direct, indirect and cumulative impacts on the following considerations are, or will be made, acceptable. To determine whether it is acceptable the following tests will have to be met: (i) the impacts are acceptable having considered the scale, siting and design and the consequent impacts on ... heritage assets, their setting and the historic landscape" and "proposals for ground based photovoltaics and associated infrastructure, including commercial large scale proposals, will be under a presumption in favour unless: there is a clear and demonstrable significant harm arising...".
- 2.4.3. Policy S57 sets out the information required to be submitted by the applicant when the significance of a heritage assets would be affected by a development proposal and states that this information should be "proportionate to the asset's significance". It also sets out policy tests for when development will be supported or will be granted permission to achieve public benefits that outweigh harm to or loss of a heritage asset. It includes specific policies relating to listed buildings, conservation areas and archaeology.

2.5. Guidance

- 2.5.1. This DBA has been prepared with reference to the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (ClfA's) Standard and Guidance for Historic Environment Desk-Based Assessment [Ref. 15] and Code of Conduct [Ref. 16], in addition to Historic England's guidance "The Setting of Heritage Assets" (GPA3) [Ref.17].
- 2.5.2. The Historic England guidance "Statements of Heritage Significance: Analysing Significance in Heritage Assets" (HEAN12) [Ref. 18] contains guidance on the assessment of heritage significance through consideration of the component heritage values of an asset, and further guidance on the assessment of significance as part of the planning application process is contained in Managing Significance in Decision-Taking in the Historic Environment (GPA2) [Ref. 19].
- 2.5.3. This DBA has also been prepared with reference to IEMA, IHBC and ClfA's July 2021 publication "Principles of Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment in the UK" [Ref. 20]. This document presents the principles of and suggests good practice for assessment of the impact of a development proposal on cultural heritage assets.
- 2.5.4. Government guidance on the application of the policies contained within the NPPF [Ref. 21] has also been referred to in this assessment.
- 2.5.5. The assessment has also had regard to the Lincolnshire County Council Archaeology Handbook [Ref. 22].



2.6. Professional Standards and Acknowledgements

- 2.6.1. Headland Archaeology (UK) is a Registered Organisation with the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (ClfA), an audited status which confirms that all work is carried out in accordance with the highest standards of the profession.
- 2.6.2. Headland Archaeology (UK), as part of the RSK Group, is recognised by the Institute of Historic Building Conservation (IHBC) under their 'Historic Environment Service Provider Recognition' scheme. This quality assurance standard acknowledges that RSK works to the conservation standards of the IHBC, the UK's lead body for built and historic environment practitioners and specialists.
- 2.6.3. Headland Archaeology (UK) operates a quality management system to help ensure all projects are managed in a professional and transparent manner, which enables it to qualify for ISO 9001 (Quality Management), ISO 45001 (health and safety management) and ISO 14001 (environmental management).
- 2.6.4. Ordnance Survey data is produced under © Crown copyright and database rights Licence 100065113.
- 2.6.5. Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) data is reproduced © Environment Agency copyright and/or database rights 2023. All rights reserved.



3. Aims and Objectives

- 3.1.1. The aim of this DBA is to inform a development consent order for the redevelopment of the Site. The assessment aims to identify all known heritage assets potentially affected by the Proposed Development, and the potential for currently unknown heritage assets.
- 3.1.2. The purpose is to gain an understanding of the historic environment resource in order to formulate an assessment of the potential for heritage assets to survive within the Site and their significance and to inform strategies for further evaluation, mitigation or management as appropriate.
- 3.1.3. The ClfA's Standard and Guidance for Historic Environment Desk-Based Assessment [Ref. 15] defines a DBA as '...a programme of study of the historic environment within a specified area or site on land, the inter-tidal zone or underwater that addresses agreed research and/or conservation objectives. It consists of an analysis of existing written, graphic, photographic and electronic information in order to identify the likely heritage assets, their interests and significance and the character of the Study Area, including appropriate consideration of the settings of heritage assets and, in England, the nature, extent and quality of the known or potential archaeological, historic, architectural and artistic interest. Significance is to be judged in a local, regional, national or international context as appropriate.'
- 3.1.4. Historic England's GPA2 [Ref. 19], para 12.3 requires that a DBA will determine, as far as is reasonably possible from existing records, the nature, extent and significance of the historic environment within a specified area, and the impact of the Proposed Development on the significance of the historic environment, or will identify the need for further evaluation to do so.
- 3.1.5. The objectives are therefore to:
 - Collate all available written, graphic, photographic and electronic information relevant to the Site;
 - Describe the nature, extent and significance and importance of the historic environment within the area potentially affected by the development, identifying any uncertainties in existing knowledge;
 - Determine the potential for previously unknown archaeological remains; and
 - Identify heritage assets beyond the Site that may be affected by development within their setting, to describe their significance and the contribution made by their setting, and make an assessment of how this significance may be affected by the Proposed Development.



4. Methodology

- 4.1. Terminology 'Significance' and 'Importance'
- 4.1.1. Heritage assets are assessed in this report in terms of their significance and importance, following the requirement in NPPF paragraph 194 [Ref. 13] and HEAN12 [Ref. 18], and taking account of guidance in GPA2 [Ref.19].
- 4.1.2. Impact assessment is concerned with effects on significance, the value or interest that applies to all heritage assets and relating to the ways in which the historic environment is valued both by specialists and the public.
- 4.1.3. The significance of a heritage asset will derive from factors including fabric, setting, rarity, completeness, historic and cultural associations, community, research and place-making potential. Significance is assessed in relation to the criteria in HEAN12 [Ref. 13] (i.e. in archaeological, architectural, artistic, or historic terms), which are intended primarily to inform decisions regarding heritage designations, but may also be applied more generally in identifying the 'special characteristics' of a heritage asset, which contribute to its significance and should be protected, conserved and enhanced according to the NPPF.
- 4.1.4. This use of the word 'significance', referring to the range of values or interest attached to an asset, should not be confused with the unrelated usage in EIA where the 'significance of an effect' reflects the weight that should be attached to it in a planning decision.
- 4.1.5. Relative importance of each identified heritage asset potentially affected by the Proposed Development has been determined to provide a framework for comparison between different heritage assets and to inform subsequent stages of archaeological assessment and the development of any appropriate mitigation which may be required (See **Table 2** below).
- 4.1.6. For further terminology and definitions, see the Glossary at the end of the report.
- 4.2. Identification of Heritage Assets that may be affected

Study area

4.2.1. The Study Area for this assessment comprises a 2km buffer for non-designated assets surrounding the Site and a 5km buffer for designated assets, within which the archaeological and historical development of the site and surrounding area has been considered.



Data sources

- 4.2.2. The assessment has been based on a study of all readily available documentary sources, following the ClfA Standards and Guidance. The following sources of information were referred to:
 - Designation data from the National Heritage List for England, downloaded from the Historic England website [Ref. 23] on 24/08/22 and on 28/08/24 and descriptions of designated heritage assets viewed on the Historic England website [Ref. 24];
 - Archaeological and architectural records from the National Record of the Historic Environment, viewed through the Heritage Gateway website [Ref. 25];
 - Aerial photographs in the Historic England Archive and other collections eg CUCAP;
 - National Mapping Programme;
 - Archaeological records and aerial photographs held by Lincolnshire Historic Environment Record (HER);
 - Historic Landscape Characterisation [Ref. 26];
 - Historic maps and plans held in the Lincolnshire archive;
 - Environment Agency Lidar data [Ref. 27];
 - Geological data available online from the British Geological Survey [Ref. 1];
 - Portable Antiquities Scheme data;
 - · Relevant internet sources; and
 - Readily available published sources and unpublished archaeological reports.
- 4.2.3. Heritage assets within the Proposed Development Area are shown in **Annexes 4, 5 and 6**, with detailed descriptions compiled in a gazetteer **(Annex 1)**.
- 4.2.4. Designated heritage assets are referenced in this report by National Heritage List for England list entry number. Undesignated assets are referenced by HER Preferred Reference or the National Record of the Historic Environment reference. Any newly discovered assets are assigned a number prefixed HA for Heritage Asset. A single asset number can refer to a group of related features, which may be recorded separately in the HER and other data sources.

Site visit

4.2.5. A site visit was undertaken on 05-06/09/22, during which notes were made regarding site characteristics, any visible archaeology and geographical/geological features which may have a bearing on previous



- land use and archaeological survival, as well as those which may constrain subsequent archaeological investigation.
- 4.2.6. Records were made regarding extant archaeological features, such as earthworks or structural remains, any negative features, local topography and aspect, exposed geology, soils, watercourses, health and safety considerations, surface finds, and any other relevant information. The general character of the Order Limits observed during the site visit is shown in **Illustrations 3, 4, 5 and 6.**

Historic map regression

- 4.2.7. The historic Ordnance Survey (OS) mapping sequence corresponding with the Site was consulted to collect information on former land use and development throughout the later historic periods.
- 4.2.8. Parish tithe mapping and associated apportionment documents were consulted to identify annotated structures and record any field name evidence indicative of archaeological potential.

LiDAR

- 4.2.9. Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) is an airborne mapping technique, which uses a laser to measure the distance between the aircraft and the ground. Up to 500,000 measurements per second are made of the ground, allowing highly detailed terrain models to be generated in which it is possible to identify shallow or otherwise imperceptible topographic features.
- 4.2.10. A Composite Digital Terrain Model (DTM) has been produced by removing objects from the Digital Surface Model (DSM) which is available at 1m resolution for the Site. Composite data breaks down by spatial resolution i.e. 2m, 1m, 50cm and 25cm and is made up from a combination of the full EA dataset which has been merged and re-sampled to give the best possible coverage. This means that a 1m resolution tile may contain decimated 50cm data as well as native captured 1m data. It is not possible using only the composite to know which part of a given tile was surveyed at which resolution.
- 4.2.11. Analysis was undertaken by a professional archaeologist using QGIS imaging and geo-referencing/mapping software. A separate "aerial investigation and mapping" report has been prepared using LiDAR and aerial photograph analysis.
- 4.3. Limitations of baseline data

Data sources



- 4.3.1. Information held by public data sources is generally considered to be reliable; however, the following general points are noted:
 - Some tithe maps were not available for consultation for this DBA;
 - Documentary sources are rare before the medieval period;
 - Whilst it is accepted that historic documents may be biased depending on the author, with content seen through the lens of context, wherever such documentary sources are used in assessing archaeological potential professional judgment is used in their interpretation in that the functionality of the document is considered:
 - HER records can be limited because opportunities for research, fieldwork and discovery depend on the situation of commercial development and occasional research projects, rather than the result of a more structured research framework. A lack of data within the HER records does not necessarily equal an absence of archaeology;
 - Where archaeological sites have been identified solely from aerial imagery without confirmation from archaeological excavation or supporting evidence in the form of find-spots for example, it is possible the interpretation may be revised in the light of further investigation.
 - The significance of sites can be difficult to identify from HER records, depending on the accuracy and reliability of the original source; and
 - There can often be a lack of dating evidence for archaeological sites.

Site visit

4.3.2. Any archaeological site visit has inherent limitations, primarily because archaeological remains below ground level may have no surface indicators.

4.4. Impact assessment

4.4.1. A full impact assessment for assets predicted to have significant effects is presented in **ES Volume 1**, **Chapter 9**: **Cultural Heritage**[**EN010149/APP/6.1**]. This report includes an assessment of the importance of the heritage assets within the study area and the potential for currently unrecorded heritage assets within the Site. **Annex 12** also includes as Stage 1 Setting Assessment identifying the assets with potential for significant effects, this is supported by figures showing the heritage assets overlain with the Zone of Theoretic Visibility (ZTV) as presented in **Annex 13**

Assessment of importance

4.4.2. The importance of a heritage asset is the overall value assigned to it reflecting its statutory designation or, in the case of undesignated assets, the professional judgement of the assessor **(Table 3)**. Historic England



- guidance also refers to an asset's 'level of significance' (GPA2 [Ref. 19], paragraph 10), which in this usage has the same meaning as importance.
- 4.4.3. Any feature which does not merit consideration in planning decisions due to its significance may be said to have negligible importance. It is the role of the professional judgements made by the assessor to identify any historic remains within the Site that are considered to be of negligible importance, to justify no further works.
- 4.4.4. The importance of heritage assets that may be affected by the Proposed Development is identified in the impact assessment and summarised in the Gazetteers (Annex I and Annex 12).

Table 3: Criteria for assessing the Importance of Heritage Assets

Importance of the asset	Criteria
Very High (International)	World Heritage Sites and other assets of equal international importance, that contribute to international research objectives
High (National)	Grade I and II* Registered Parks and Gardens, Scheduled Monuments, Protected Wreck Sites, Registered Battlefields, Grade I and II* Listed Buildings, and undesignated heritage assets of equivalent importance that contribute to national research objectives. Also Conservation Areas, Grade II Registered Parks and Gardens and Grade II Listed Buildings which have particular characteristics that merit a high level of importance.
Medium (National or Regional)	Conservation Areas, Grade II Registered Parks and Gardens, Grade II Listed Buildings except where their particular characteristics merit a higher level of importance, heritage assets on local lists and undesignated assets that contribute to Regional research objectives
Low (Local)	Locally listed heritage assets, except where their particular characteristics merit a higher level of importance, undesignated



Importance of the asset	Criteria
	heritage assets of Local importance, including assets that may already be partially damaged
Negligible	Identified historic remains of no importance in planning considerations, or heritage assets and findspots that have already been removed or destroyed (i.e. 'site of')
Unknown/Uncertain	Heritage assets for which a level of importance cannot be defined on current information

Potential for unknown Heritage Assets

- 4.4.5. Archaeological features are often impossible to identify through desk-based assessment. The likelihood that significant undiscovered heritage assets may be present within the Proposed Development Area is referred to as archaeological potential. Overall levels of potential can be assigned to different landscape zones, following the criteria in **Table 4**, while recognising that the archaeological potential of any zone will relate to particular historical periods and types of evidence. The following factors are considered in assessing archaeological potential:
 - The distribution and character of known archaeological remains in the vicinity, based principally on an appraisal of data in the Lincolnshire HER;
 - The history of archaeological fieldwork and research in the surrounding area, which may give an indication of the reliability and completeness of existing records;
 - Environmental factors such as geology, topography and soil quality, which would have influenced land-use in the past and can therefore be used to predict the distribution of archaeological remains;
 - Land-use factors affecting the survival of archaeological remains, such as ploughing or quarrying; and
 - Factors affecting the visibility of archaeological remains, which may relate to both environment and land-use, such as soils and geology (which may be more or less conducive to formation of cropmarks), arable cultivation (which has potential to show cropmarks and create surface artefact scatters), vegetation, which can conceal upstanding features, and superficial deposits such as peat and alluvium which can mask archaeological features.

Table 4: Archaeological potential



Potential	Definition
High	Undiscovered heritage assets of high or medium importance are likely to be present.
Medium	Undiscovered heritage assets of low importance are likely to be present; and it is possible, though unlikely, that assets of high or medium importance may also be present.
Low	The study area may contain undiscovered heritage assets, but these are unlikely to be numerous and are highly unlikely to include assets of high or medium importance.
Negligible	The study area is highly unlikely to contain undiscovered heritage assets of any level of importance.
Nil	There is no possibility of undiscovered heritage assets existing within the study area.



5. Results

5.1. Overview of the Historic Environment

- 5.1.1. The full list of known heritage assets is presented in the gazetteer (Annex 1), and the location of each is shown in Annexes 4, 5 and 6.
- 5.1.2. There are 98 recorded heritage assets within the Site. Two of these are designated assets including the scheduled monument of Brauncewell Medieval Village (National Heritage List for England (NHLE) NHLE1018397) in the south of Area A2 and the Grade II Listed milepost on the A15 in Area A1/A2 (NHLE1061824). An area of the Blankney Conservation Area is mapped as overlapping with the Order Limits but is likely due to a discrepancy in how the designated area was digitised. The remaining, non-designated, assets are divided into the following periods:
 - 36 date to the Prehistoric, largely to the Bronze Age period or generically to the Prehistoric. Remains from this period are largely made up of cropmarks identified during the National Mapping Programme (NMP).
 - Nine date to the Romano-British period and are made up of two Roman roads, a settlement and 8 artefactual findspots.
 - 11 date to the Medieval and point to the use of areas of the Site for agriculture.
 - 23 date to the Post-Medieval. These are all made up of former agricultural or extractive remains.
 - Five date to the Modern period and are made up of remains from WWI and WWII.
 - There are 12 undated remains recorded within the Site. These are largely cropmarks which have not been excavated.
- 5.1.3. There are a further 784 heritage assets recorded by the NHLE and HER within the study areas, 294 of these are designated heritage assets which have been captured out to 5km, and 363 are non-designated heritage assets recorded out to 2km from the Order Limits.
- 5.1.4. Further non-designated heritage asset records have been provided by North Kesteven District Council. There are 127 heritage assets on the North Kesteven Local List within the 2km study area, none of these sit within the Site.
- 5.1.5. A search of the Portable Antiquities Scheme (PAS) data has shown no findspots within the Order Limits. Within the 2km surrounding the Site there are 138 PAS findspots recorded, the majority of which are Roman in date.
- 5.1.6. The significance of these assets is discussed by period in the Assessment of Heritage Significance section below.



5.2. Historic Landscape Characterisation

5.2.1. Historic Landscape Characterisation of the study area defines the Site as part of The Southern Cliff Regional Character Area (Number 7). This area is distinctive due to its limestone cottages and high proportion of parliamentary planned enclosure. The fields here are typically large with unmaintained hedges [Ref. 26].

5.3. Previous Investigations

- 5.3.1. There are 247 previous archaeological events within the 2km study area recorded by the HER. 26 of these sit within the Site. One of these archaeological events is an antiquarian investigation (ELI2712), one is research driven investigation (ELI12971) and the remaining are largely formed of chance discoveries.
- 5.3.2. All previous archaeological events are shown in **Annex 7** and can be seen in detail in **Annex 2**.

5.4. Archaeological and historical narrative

Prehistoric periods

Palaeolithic (800,000 - 8500 BCE)

- 5.4.1. There is one known HER record relating to this period within the Site (MLI60508), a handaxe found in the southern portion of Area C dating to Lower Palaeolithic. Another implement of possible Palaeolithic date has also been recorded c.391m south-east of the Springwell West.
- 5.4.2. Archaeology from this period is normally represented by chance findspots rather than more substantial remains of in-situ activity such as settlements or burials. Material from the Lower and Middle Palaeolithic is rare on a national scale.
- 5.4.3. Lincolnshire in the Lower Palaeolithic was covered by glacial tills and is not considered to be an area with a wealth of occupational evidence for this period [Ref. 28]. The majority of Lower to Middle Palaeolithic finds across the county generally form handaxes and retouched flint flakes, similar to the one found in Springwell East. Given the presence of river terrace gravels in the area it is most likely that this handaxe was not found in-situ. While there is some evidence across Lincolnshire for buried Lower and Middle Palaeolithic landscape, it appears that the majority of evidence dating to this period was transported to its location whether by river terrace gravels, as with the handaxe found in Springwell East, or by some other means.
- 5.4.4. The Upper Palaeolithic has lower representation that the earlier periods due to the lack of protected environments, fissures or caves which occur



- within neighbouring counties [Ref. 28]. It is considered that across the county there is low potential for Upper Palaeolithic remains to be found.
- 5.4.5. There is assessed to be low to negligible potential for previously unknown heritage assets of Palaeolithic date to survive within the Site due to the rarity of such finds across the county. If any archaeological remains of this date were to be found, they would most likely be artefactual finds dating to the Lower and Middle Palaeolithic that have been transported to their locations by surrounding river terrace gravels. Potential for heritage assets of this date to be found within the Site is lowered due to the agricultural use of the area. Extensive ploughing since the post-medieval period has most likely disturbed any artefactual finds of this date that may have existed here.

Mesolithic (8500 – 4000 BCE)

- 5.4.6. There is no evidence relating to this period within the Site or study area.
- 5.4.7. Assessment made across Lincolnshire has suggested that Mesolithic activity is mainly confined to higher ground with particularly high potential in areas at the Fen edge, the coast and alluviated river valleys [Ref.28]. The Site sits on the western edge of the Fens in an area considered to have potential for Mesolithic activity, the lack of evidence previously recorded here could be a result of a lack of intrusive excavation within the Site.
- 5.4.8. However, despite suggestions that the edge of the Fens is one of high potential for this period, recorded sites of Mesolithic date are sparsely spread across Lincolnshire. The evidence may be showing a transitory population utilising seasonal resources [Ref. 28] and therefore archaeological remains relating to this activity would be largely ephemeral and would most likely form lithic findspots.
- 5.4.9. There is assessed to be low negligible potential for previously unknown heritage assets of Mesolithic date to survive within the Site. Despite the lack of evidence of this period recorded in the HER the location of the Site is considered one with Mesolithic potential. Any archaeological remains found here would most likely form artefactual findspots. Artefactual finds are particularly susceptible to disturbance during ploughing, the intensive agricultural exploitation and ploughing of the Site therefore lowers the potential for previously unknown heritage assets of Mesolithic date to survive here.

Neolithic (4000-2200 BCE)

5.4.10. There are two known heritage assets relating to this period within the Site; a polished stone axe head (MLI60759) found in the north-western corner of Springwell West, and a linear ditch system, excavated in 1994, (MLI81837) in the southern end of Springwell West. There are a further



- seven HER records relating to this period within the 1km study area, all lithic findspots with a slight concentration of these to the north-east of Springwell East.
- 5.4.11. On a wider scale the Neolithic period is best represented as a gradual transition towards settlement which facilitated a shift towards agriculture. There is evidence for gradual deforestation across Lincolnshire along with pockets of settlement and burial evidence, notably in the Wolds area. However, the lack of excavations of sites of this date has created a paucity of evidence dating to the Neolithic.
- 5.4.12. There is considered to be low potential for previously unknown heritage assets of this period to survive within the Site due to the limited evidence for activity of this period within the Site and wider study area. Furthermore, the intensive agricultural use of the Site during the Post-Medieval and Modern periods has most likely disturbed any archaeological remains of this date. If any remains were to be found they would most likely be artefactual in nature as this is what is common within the study area, however, there is potential that some structural or burial remains could survive from this period.

Bronze Age (2200 – 700 BCE)

- 5.4.13. There are ten known heritage assets recorded in the HER relating to this period within the Site. Six of these are potential round barrows identified from cropmarks during the National Mapping Programme (NMP). One of these round barrows is isolated from the rest and sits in Springwell West (MLI84453), while the remainder are situated in various different groupings.
- 5.4.14. There are three round barrows within 100m of each other in the north-eastern corner of Springwell West (MLI90995; MLI90994; MLI90998) (Field Bcd079), while these are not recorded as cemetery activity, they are most likely related due to their proximity to each other. There are two other round barrows recorded within the Site within the north-eastern corner of Springwell Central. One (MLI86755) is just within the Order Limits and sits east of cemetery evidence (MLI87416) and linear pit alignment that also runs into the Site (MLI90981). The other barrow sits completely within the Site (MLI90982) and may be related to the cemetery evidence within this area.
- 5.4.15. Barrows are the most visible type of evidence dating to the Bronze Age and represent an increase in the density of occupation in the areas surrounding them even if settlement evidence is not recorded. Evidence of activity can also be seen in artefactual findspots. Within the Site four artefactual findspots are recorded including a Middle Bronze Age urn found in the south of Springwell East (MLI86860), Bronze Age cremations in the north-east of Springwell East (MLI82506), an area of Bronze Age pottery (MLI60845) found in the south of Springwell West and a Middle



- Bronze Age socketed spearhead (MLI86690) found in the north of Springwell West.
- 5.4.16. There are a further 21 heritage assets of Bronze Age date recorded by the HER within the wider 2km study area. These heritage assets include nine round barrows and two barrow cemeteries (MLI60322; MLI87416) as well as eight artefactual findspots.
- 5.4.17. There is no securely dated evidence of Bronze Age settlement activity within the Site or study area. Burial remains from this period are easily detected in the landscape so they form the majority of records, especially when little excavation has occurred as is the case within this area.
- 5.4.18. The concentration of barrows when studying the Bronze Age is noted across Lincolnshire and the dominance of this feature type should not discount the potential for settlement evidence to exist below ground in unexcavated areas. The current evidence shows clusters of Bronze Age settlement on the southern and northern Fen edges [Ref.28] The occupation of the Site in a similar landscape together with the large number of barrows recorded in this area suggests that there was a level of activity here.
- 5.4.19. There is assessed to be medium potential for previously unknown heritage assets of this date to survive within the Site, due to the considerable evidence for Bronze Age burial activity recorded within the area. Any archaeological remains of this date found within the Site would most likely relate to the funerary tradition already evidenced, however there is potential that geophysical investigation and excavation could reveal settlement remains that are not visible to the naked eye.

Iron Age (700 BCE – 43 CE)

- 5.4.20. There is one known heritage asset of Iron Age date recorded within the Site. This is an area of Iron Age enclosures and quarrying activity in Brauncwell Quarry (MLI81846) in the south-western corner of Springwell West. Excavations at this site uncovered evidence for animal husbandry, metal working and other domestic activity. The majority of this area has now been removed as a result of the extraction at Brauncewell Quarry immediately bordering the Site. However, the HER records the area of Iron Age activity as extending into the Site so there is potential that some peripheral activity may still be detected within the Order Limits.
- 5.4.21. There are a further five HER records of Iron Age date within the wider study area. Three are pottery findspots, two which are located within the village of Scopwick c.200m south of Springwell East (MLI86858; MLI87389) and one which is located c.540m east of Springwell Weset (MLI84466). The remaining two heritage assets of Iron Age date recorded within the study area were found at the Brauncwell Quarry site that



- extends into the Site, one being an enclosure (MLI81847) and the other an Iron Age quarry (MLI81844).
- 5.4.22. There is evidence of Iron Age settlement across the county of Lincolnshire despite the lack of excavation targeting sites of this date. However, the most prolific evidence for human activity dates to the Middle Iron Age and largely comes from salt production sites in the southern Fens. There is also evidence, though limited, across the county for hillforts and high status settlement dating to the Late Iron Age. The settlement at Brauncwell Quarry is rural in nature and would have been a small community exploiting their local hinterland. Sites of this nature are often viewed in isolation, however evidence recorded in the National Mapping Programme, the majority of which is not securely dated, could provide further insight into the use of the rural landscape during the Iron Age.
- 5.4.23. Within the south-western corner of Springwell West there is considered to be medium potential for previously unknown heritage assets to survive related to the settlement activities already unearthed at Brauncewell Quarry. Within the remaining area of the Site there is thought to be low to medium potential for previously unknown archaeological remains of Iron Age date to survive within the Site. This is due to the amount of assets of 'Prehistoric' date recorded by the NMP that could be part of growing activity in the area during this time period.

Prehistoric (800,000 BCE – 43 CE)

- 5.4.24. There are 22 heritage assets of generic Prehistoric date recorded by the HER within the Site. Twenty-one of these heritage assets are cropmarks of enclosures, linear features, pit alignments and two settlements most likely related to domestic and pastoral activity. These cropmarks were all recorded as part of the National Mapping Programme and so cannot be more securely dated to a period within the Prehistoric. The remaining HER record of Prehistoric date recorded within the Site is a flint scatter found in the Brauncwell Quarry area in the south-western corner of Springwell West (MLI81841).
- 5.4.25. There are a further 36 heritage assets of generic Prehistoric date recorded by the HER within the wider 2km study area. 34 of these assets are cropmarks features identified by the NMP and are similar in form to those within the Site. The remaining two HER records are flint findspots (MLI82684; MLI89905).
- 5.4.26. The National Mapping Programme has clearly discovered and recorded a wealth of cropmarks which point to wider Prehistoric settlement in and exploitation of the rural landscape. Without excavation the exact date of these features cannot be determined, however, the increase of recorded activity within the Site and its surroundings during the Bronze Age and Iron Age could indicate a similar date for these cropmarks.



5.4.27. There is considered to be a medium to high potential for previously unknown archaeological remains of Prehistoric date to survive within the Site due to the density of remains of this date already recorded here. There is the potential that the intensive ploughing of the Site during the post-medieval and modern periods could have disturbed any below ground remains here. The extent of this damage will be revealed within the geophysical survey.

Historic periods

Roman/Romano-British Period (43 CE – 410 CE)

- 5.4.28. There are nine known heritage assets recorded in the HER relating to this period within the Site. These are largely made up of artefact findspots within Springwell West and Springwell East. Two of the more substantial remains within the Site dating to this period is the evidence for two Roman roads running through Springwell Central (MLI60813) and following the trajectory of the modern A15 through Springwell West (MLI86228). While the latter has been truncated by the construction of the modern road, the trajectory of the road in Springwell Central has the potential to survive, although due to Post-Medieval and Modern ploughing of these fields it is likely that only the aggar survives. Both roads run from Sleaford in the south to Lincoln and the wealth of artefactual evidence found within the Site and 2km study area are likely a result of this area being frequented by travellers, but may be evidence of settlement activity.
- 5.4.29. Another known heritage asset recorded within the Site is the Romano-British settlement recorded within the Brauncewell Quarry area edging just into the south-western corner of Springwell West (MLI81843). This area has evidence of burials, quarrying and agricultural processing. The evidence found here is suggestive of a small agricultural settlement common in rural Roman Britain. While the majority of this evidence has been removed by the extraction activities at Brauncwell Quarry it is unknown whether the Roman evidence extends into the Site as is indicated by the HER. Any remains that should survive within this area are likely to form peripheral features relating to the domestic activities already recorded.
- 5.4.30. There are a further 47 known heritage assets dating to the Roman period within the study area. Five of these are Scheduled Monuments recorded out to 5km and all of these are sections of Car Dyke (NHLE1004924; NHLE1004925; NHLE1004926; NHLE1004960; NHLE1005484). Car Dyke is also recorded by the HER (MLI60706) and sits around 2km from the north-east of Springwell East. This 85-mile-long ditch is interpreted as forming the boundaries of the Fens and is thought to originate in the Roman period with sections associated with Hadrian's plans to settle the Fens. There is also some evidence for the ditch being used to transport goods and materials.



- 5.4.31. The remaining 42 HER records within the 2km study area consist of 32 artefactual find spots including coins, tiles and pottery scattered across the landscape; three areas of enclosures or ditches which point the agricultural or pastoral use of this rural landscape; three areas recorded as settlement or structures which represent small areas of agricultural and domestic activity related to the enclosures and ditches also recorded here; and finally three possible Romano-British villa sites which represent high-status settlement within the area.
- 5.4.32. It is clear that the Site sat within a rural landscape during the Roman period with evidence for small agriculture based settlement as well as higher status villas. It is considered that there is medium potential for previously unknown remains of Roman date to survive within the Site. It is most likely that these remains would relate to the known area of settlement in the south-western corner of Springwell West. There is also potential for remains relating to the use of the two roads running through the Site to survive, however intensive ploughing within the Order Limits since the post-medieval period could have disturbed these remains.

Early Medieval Period (410 – 1066 CE)

- 5.4.33. There is one known heritage asset of early medieval to medieval date within the Site, the Scheduled Monument of Brauncewell Medieval Village (NHLE1018397). This settlement originated prior to the Norman Conquest but little is known about it in this period as it did not prosper until the 12th and 13th centuries. The village is recorded within the Domesday Book [Ref.29], but it is likely that it was only a small agricultural settlement during the early medieval period. There is another scheduled medieval village recorded within the study area, Dunsby which sits c.600m south of Springwell West (NHLE1018395). This village follows a similar trajectory as that of Brauncewell and was likely only a small agricultural settlement during the early medieval period,
- 5.4.34. There are a further 16 heritage assets of early medieval date recorded by the HER within the 2km study area. Nine of these HER records form artefactual findspots that have been removed from their original locations. The remaining seven heritage assets recorded here show evidence for settlement across the area surrounding the Site.
- 5.4.35. Settlement is recorded by the HER in the Kirkby Green area, c.200m south of Springwell East. Kirkby Green was most likely named by the Danes but the term 'Kirkby' translates to 'the village with a church', a name normally given to places that already had a church in existence when the Danes arrived (MLI82814). Further archaeological investigation within the area of Kirkby Green has found features of an Early to Mid-Saxon settlement including postholes suggestive of a structure, a hearth, a boundary ditch and a wide variety of pottery which suggests the community here was either sizeable or that the area was occupied for a long period of time (MLI82809).



- 5.4.36. Evidence of settlement is also recorded at Rowston (MLI86999), Digby (MLI88205), and Cranwell (MLI89251). Rowston is recorded within the Domesday Book [Ref. 29] and its place-name evidence suggests that the village is of early medieval origin and is a mixture between an Old Norse personal name and an Old English suffix. It is thought that the area was an 'Anglo-Saxon' settlement that was later inhabited by Danish who partially renamed the village. Digby follows a similar trajectory of settlement to Rowston, but also holds evidence that the church has early medieval origins (MLI82756). The village of Cranwell also dates to this period but is only Old English in origin, there is evidence here too that the church has early medieval origins (MLI60391) with a Saxon cross found here during restoration in the 20th century.
- 5.4.37. The Site sits within the area of five different parishes; Blankney, Scopwick, Ashby-de-la-Launde, and Brauncewell (listed here north to south). All four place-names have Anglo-Saxon or Early Medieval origin reflective of extensive settlement within this area. Of particular note are the meanings of Scopwick; 'sheep farmstead', and Ashby-de-la-launde; 'Ash-tree farm/settlement' as they reflect the likely agricultural nature of settlement in this area.
- 5.4.38. The Domesday Book [Ref. 29] further reflects the Early Medieval origins of many of the settlements in the area surrounding the Site. Blankney, the northernmost settlement within the 2km study area is recorded as belonging to Hemming of Branston in 1066 before being handed over to Walter of Aincourt by 1086. The village owned 13 ploughlands, 60 acres of meadow, woodland and one church suggesting that the area was relatively prosperous. This is further reflected in the increase of the annual value of the land from six pounds in 1066 to seven pounds and 10 shillings in 1086.
- 5.4.39. Scopwick is amalgamated with Kirkby Green in the Domesday Book records [Ref. 29]. It is listed as being owned by five individuals in 1066 before being handed over to three different men, including Walter of Aincourt by 1086. Collectively the land creating Scopwick and Kirkby Green owned 21 ploughlands, 78 acres of meadow, six mills and one church. The total value of the land is unclear, but it seems to have fluctuated between 1066 and 1086.
- 5.4.40. Ashby-de-la-Launde is the final settlement in the area surrounding the Site to be listed within the Domesday Book [Ref. 29]. It is recorded as being held in two parts by Auti and Merleswein in 1066 before being handed over to Kolsveinn and Ralph Paynel by 1086. Collectively the two areas owned 10 ploughlands and 65 acres of meadow. The area was valued at 6 pounds and 10 shillings in 1066 rising to eight pounds and 10 shillings in 1086.
- 5.4.41. The records within the Domesday Book [Ref.29] suggest that the area of the Site was relatively prosperous during the Early Medieval period and



that little negative impact was felt during the Norman Conquest of 1066, with most areas benefitting from the event. The place-name information suggests that this area was largely agricultural during the Early Medieval period as it is today.

5.4.42. There is considered to be low potential for previously unknown remains of an Early Medieval date to survive within the Site. There is documentary and conjectural evidence for a wealth of activity surrounding the Site during this period, but little has been recorded as part of the NMP or any other previous work done here. This could be a result of the lack of excavation within the area or of the disturbance likely caused by intensive ploughing of this area from the post-medieval period. If any evidence was the be found it would most likely be located around the areas of settlement discussed above and would form agricultural remains such as ridge and furrow, which by nature are highly ephemeral and more susceptible to disturbance by ploughing.

Medieval Period (1066 – 1500 CE)

- 5.4.43. There are seven known heritage assets of medieval date recorded by the HER within the Site, including the scheduled medieval village of Brauncewell already discussed above (NHLE1018397). Three of these HER records are artefactual find spots (MLI60847; MLI81840; MLI86162) found in the south-western corner of Springwell West. The remaining three heritage assets recorded within the Site are an area of ridge and furrow (MLI81845) in the south-western corner of Springwell West, cropmark crofts in Springwell West and a parish boundary seen as an earthwork bank (MLI89155) in Springwell Central. These records point to the growing agricultural exploitation and organisation of the landscape during the medieval period.
- 5.4.44. There are a further 98 known heritage assets of this date recorded by the HER and NHLE within the wider study area. Eleven of these are scheduled monuments, 11 are conservation areas, 22 are listed buildings (11 Grade I listed, five Grade II* listed, and six Grade II listed) and the remaining 54 heritage assets are recorded by the HER as non-designated assets. There was a considerable increase in the density of settlement during the medieval period as is seen in the sudden growth in the number of known heritage assets recorded within the study area. This growth was likely partly the result of the management of this area by the Knight's Templar.
- 5.4.45. The designated heritage assets of medieval date recorded within the wider study area largely relate to the development and expansion of the villages and towns, recorded as conservation areas, that were growing up around the Site. All of the listed buildings and six of the scheduled monuments are churches, church buildings or village crosses that began to be established during the medieval period. This development was a result of the population growth that was felt across Lincolnshire during the 13th and



14th centuries. The scheduled medieval villages of Brauncewell (NHLE1018397) and Dunsby (NHLE1018395) also record an increase in growth in the 13th and 14th centuries with evidence for domestic and agricultural activities. Across the county there is recorded population decrease and decline during the 16th century, this is also recorded at these scheduled villages and while some buildings stood standing the level of activity significantly decreased.

- 5.4.46. The remaining three designated heritage assets of medieval date within the wider study area include Catley Priory (NHLE1017524) established as a double house for nuns and canons in the 12th century by Peter Billinghay; Nocton Park Priory (NHLE1018898) established as a house of Augustinian canons in the 12th century by Robert Darcy and dissolved in 1536; and Castle Hill ringwork (NHLE1020436) which was constructed in the 12th century.
- 5.4.47. The 54 HER records within the study area surrounding the Site also show an increase in domestic and agricultural activity during the medieval period. 18 of these HER records are artefactual findspots which have been removed from their original locations, 23 are cropmarks, mostly ridge and furrow, which demonstrate the agricultural exploitation of the area, the remaining heritage assets are made up of churches, individual buildings, and area of ancient woodland and a moated site.
- 5.4.48. The assets recorded closest to the Site are largely areas of ridge and furrow recorded by the HER. It is clear that the area surrounding the Site was used for agriculture during the Medieval period, it is most likely that the Site was also used in this way. While the extensive Post-Medieval and Modern ploughing that has occurred in this area has removed obvious earthworks of these remains evidence may be apparent in the geophysical survey.
- 5.4.49. While there are few archaeological remains of Medieval date recorded within the Site the immediate surrounding area experienced considerable development during this period. There is assessed to be low potential for previously unknown archaeological remains of this date to survive within the Site. These remains would likely relate to the agricultural use of areas of the Site close-by to settlement. As a result of the ephemeral nature of such remains, they have likely been disturbed by the intensive Post-Medieval and Modern agricultural use of the Site.

Post-Medieval Period (1500 – 1900 CE)

5.4.50. There are 20 known heritage assets of Post-Medieval date recorded within the Site including three extant farms which have been excluded from the development area (MLI120841; MLI120856; MLI120942), as well as a Grade II listed milepost along the A15 which will also not be affected by the Proposed Development (NHLE1061824).



- 5.4.51. The pattern of archaeology across the Site has a focus on extractive and agricultural remains. There are nine recorded extractive pits and old quarries within the Site (MLI89158; MLI89204; MLI89157; MLI89203; MLI87402; MLI83181; MLI83180; MLI89163; MLI86694), and a brickyard recorded in Area C (MLI82678).
- 5.4.52. Within the Site there are a number of active farmsteads which have all been excluded from the development area. Within Springwell West is Slate House (MLI120942), a 19th century farmstead which is attached to a range of working buildings and is sat within a rural landscape. There has been significant loss to the traditional buildings on site and the original form that is reflected on 1st Edition OS Mapping cannot readily be detected today. Within Springwell Central the HER records Rowston Top (MLI120856), a 19th century farmstead which is still recognisable from its original form shown on 1st Edition OS Mapping, although it has been altered. The final working farmstead recorded by the HER within the development area is Scopwick Low Field Farm (MLI120841). This is again a 19th century farmstead with partial loss of its original farm. All three of these farmsteads are sat within a rural landscape which is largely unchanged since the Post-Medieval period when they were constructed. The 1st Edition OS Map shows the extent of this rural landscape as can be seen in Annex 8.
- 5.4.53. The HER also records two unnamed farmsteads, one in Springwell West and one in Springwell East (MLI20943; MLI20843), both are 19th century in date and are now demolished. A further two named demolished farmsteads have also been recorded by the HER within the Site. The first is the Gamekeepers Cottage and Pheasantry (MLI89184) within Springwell West, this was likely part of the Ashby Hall estate in the midlate 19th century, but the area is now totally wooded. The second is the 19th century Brickyard Farm (MLI82678) in Springwell East, part of the area of this farm has been excluded from the development area.
- 5.4.54. The agricultural use of the Site is further reflected in the two accessible tithe records for the area, one for the parish of Kirkby Green and one for the parish of Roulston. These both show that the Site was agricultural in use during the Post-Medieval period, and that the field boundaries still surviving in the Site, within the areas covered, are likely Pre-Inclosure in date. The tithe allocations demonstrating the use of all the fields within the Site are listed within **Tables 5 and 6** below, the boundaries of these fields are also depicted on **Illustrations 7 and 8**.



Table 5: 1840 Kirkby Green Tithe apportionments

Landowner	Occupier	Plot Number	Name	Use
Charles Chaplin	William Gibson	42	The Sands	Meadow
Charles Chaplin	Paul Francis Pell	43	Bottom Sands	Meadow
Charles Chaplin	Paul Francis Pell	44	Top Sands	Meadow
Charles Chaplin	William Gibson	45	Sands Still	Pasture
Charles Chaplin	William Gibson	46	Far Acres	Arable
Charles Chaplin	William Gibson	47	Middle Acres	Arable
Charles Chaplin	William Gibson	48	Nether Acres	Arable

Table 6: 1843 Roulston Tithe apportionments

Landowner	Occupier	Plot Number	Name	Use
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	1	The Heath Lane Piece	Arable
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	2	The Nixon Close	Arable
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	3	The East Close	Arable
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	4	The Barn Close	Arable
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	5	Roulston Top House	
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	6	The Pleasure Gatden	
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	7	The Pump Close	Arable



Landowner	Occupier	Plot Number	Name	Use
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	8	The Pond Close	Pasture
Reverend John William King	Reverend John William King	9	The Ash Coppice	Woodland
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	10	The Bottom West Pasture	Arable
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	11	Fox Cover Close	Pasture
Reverend John William King	Edmund Riggall	14	Top West Pasture	Arable

- 5.4.55. The remaining two heritage assets recorded within the Site are Blankney Park (MLI82759) which covers a small part of Springwell East and is part of the 19th century Blankney estate partially designed by James Pulham, and Brauncewell Manor and Park (MLI83174) which covers a small part of Springwell West.
- 5.4.56. There are a further 476 heritage assets of post-medieval date recorded within the wider study area, 209 of these are listed buildings (six Grade II* listed and 203 Grade II listed), 140 are non-designated heritage assets recorded by the HER and 127 are non-designated heritage assets recorded by the North Kesteven Local List. The listed buildings are generally made up of buildings within conservation areas relating to the expansions of these villages and towns, and isolated farmsteads and their associated buildings, as are those buildings on the North Kesteven Local List. The 140 heritage assets recorded by the HER include 63 farm buildings and related features, 17 areas of extractions or related activities, and a number of other buildings related to the expansions of the villages, towns and estates surrounding the Site.
- 5.4.57. The Site itself is best represented as a rural landscape and its agricultural use during the Post-Medieval period is further reflected within the immediate surrounding area with eight farmsteads recorded by the HER within 100m of the Site and two recorded by the NHLE. Aside from the listed Beckside Farmhouse (NHLE1205530) which dates to the 18th century all of these farmsteads date to the 19th century and all are extant. This further reflects the continued agricultural use of the land of the Site and its surroundings.



- 5.4.58. The agrarian industry can also be seen in the presence of mills within the area surrounding the Site. The closest is the 19th century Grade II listed Scopwick Mill c.70m south of Springwell Central. The 1st Edition OS Mapping labels this mill as being used for corn. There are a further six mills recorded by the HER and NHLE within the wider study area.
- 5.4.59. Alongside, the agricultural use of the land within and surrounding the Site there is considerable evidence for post-medieval elite settlement and development recorded within the HER and NHLE. In relation to elite settlement development are the areas of Brauncewell Manor (MLI83174), Ashby Hall (MLI89154), and Blankney Park (MLI82759). Brauncewell Manor and Park abut and just cross into the southern area of Area A2, the park includes the buildings, medieval Church (NHLE1254135) and scheduled medieval settlement (NHLE1018397) recorded here and is depicted on 1st edition OS mapping. The area of Ashby Hall also immediately abuts the southern boundary of Springwell Central and includes three listed buildings including the hall itself (NHLE1061827) and a Hexagonal Walled Garden (NHLE1487810), currently this area is private, landscaped and agricultural land. Blankney Park is of particular note because it occupies the northern area of Springwell East. The total area includes seventeen listed buildings which make up part of the village of Blankney, including the Church of St Oswald (NHLE1064285) c.80m north of Springwell East. Also, within the 1km study area the HER records two further manorial estates; Bloxholm Hall (MLI89153), c.265m east of Springwell West, and Metheringham Manor House Park (MLI92391), c.270m north of Springwell East.
- 5.4.60. Aside from manorial development the towns and villages surrounding the Site are also reflected within the HER and NHLE. Bordering the Site is Scopwick, is a recorded conservation area which, while medieval in origin. dramatically expanded during the post-medieval period with 11 listed buildings recorded within the area and 10 non-designated heritage assets also recorded here. These demonstrate the formulation of the main street through the village which focuses on the medieval Grade II* Listed Church of the Holy Cross (NHLE1064299). Eight of the buildings recorded within the area of Scopwick are related to farming, this is indicative of the rural connections this village has. Also bordering the Site in Springwell East is the conservation area of Blankney. Again, this village has medieval origins, but is closely linked to the Blankney Park estate discussed above. The listed buildings recorded here demonstrate the formation of a high street, although removed from the Medieval church which sits to the south (NHLE1064285) in the section of the conservation area abutting the Site.
- 5.4.61. It is clear from the Post-Medieval recorded assets that the area of the Site was used primarily for agricultural purposes during this time period. It is likely that the productivity of this rural area led to the increase in elite residences surrounding the Site.



5.4.62. There is considered to be medium to high potential for previously unknown archaeological remains of this date to survive within the Site. Any such remains are likely to relate to the agricultural use of the Site during this period, such as ridge and furrow, removed field boundaries or drainage. However, there is potential that the continued agricultural use of the Site into the Modern period has disturbed any such remains.

Modern (1900 CE – Present)

- 5.4.63. There are five known heritage assets of modern date recorded by the Lincolnshire HER within the Site. All five relate to the intensive WWI and WWII use of the county of Lincolnshire and include two WWII aircraft crash sites, both recorded in Springwell East (MLI125416; MLI125417), which have largely been recovered. Also recorded within the Site is the site of RAF Digby (MLI60621), which has WWI roots as a relief landing ground for the RNAS at Cranwell but is more commonly known as Lincolnshire's only true Battle of Britain airfield. The airfield is still in use for training. The final two modern finds recorded within the Site are two WWII Pillboxes (MLI89149; MLI125037) which defended the south-eastern and southern approaches to RAF Digby.
- 5.4.64. A further 41 known heritage assets of this date are recorded within the study area, most relating to the WWII use of the area. This includes six Pillboxes (MLI89150; MLI89151; MLI125037; MLI125038; MLI125039; MLI125040) which all sit around the area of RAF Digby, defending it from all sides. RAF Metheringham (MLI82663), c.1km east of Springwell East, and RAF Cranwell (MLI83189), c.1km south-west of Springwell West, are also recorded within the 2km study area. Of particular significance within the study area are the four recorded Grade II Listed War Memorials (NHLE1360534; NHLE1391705; NHLE1439202; NHLE1455118) and one non-designated War Memorial (MLI99512). These remains show the profound effect the World Wars had on the area of the Site and the land surrounding it.
- 5.4.65. Aside from the changes that occurred as a result of the World Wars, there was very little alteration to the Site during the modern period. The historic map regression (see **Annexes 10, 11, 12 and 13**) shows that the area retained its agricultural use with very little alteration from the post-medieval period.
- 5.4.66. Analysis of modern LiDAR imagery has shown that the area of the Site has remained agricultural. The LiDAR has been discussed in greater detail within the AIM Report (ES Volume 3, Appendix 9.3: Aerial Investigation and Mapping Report [EN010149/APP/6.3]).
- 5.4.67. There is considered to be varying potential for previously unknown heritage assets of Modern date to survive within the Site. In the area surrounding RAF Digby there is considered to be medium potential for WWI and WWII remains to be found, potentially unexploded ordnances



(UXOs). Elsewhere there is thought to be low potential of previously unknown remains of Modern date to be found.

Undated

- 5.4.68. There are 12 known heritage assets that are undated recorded by the HER within the Site. 11 of these are made up of cropmarks recorded during the National Mapping Programme. One of these heritage assets is formed of undated human remains, an undated adult male skeleton missing a skull, found within field Md05.A full record of these assets can be found in the gazetteer in **Annex 1.**
- 5.4.69. Outside the Site there are a further 26 undated heritage assets recorded by the HER. Mostly these are undated cropmarks that have been identified during the National Mapping Programme and the lack of excavation in the area has meant that they could not be investigated any further.

5.5. Important hedgerows

Parish boundaries

- 5.5.1. There are five historical parish boundaries which pass through the site, these have been identified from historic mapping and are detailed in the Gazetteer in **Annex 1**. HA18 represents the boundary between Scopwick and Metheringham, HA55 is the boundary between Kirkby Green and Scopwick, HA86 is the boundary between Scopwick and Roulston, HA148 is the boundary between Roulston and Ashby-de-la-Launde, HA153 is the boundary between Bloxholm and Brauncewell.
- 5.5.2. All four of these parish boundaries survive to some extent in the form of historic hedgerows, as can be seen on **Illustration 9**. These boundaries are therefore considered to be important hedgerows under Schedule II of the 1997 Hedgerow Regulations.

Heritage Assets

5.5.3. There are three hedgerows which bound two non-designated heritage assets. HA22 and HA23 both bound the southern area of non-designated asset of Blankney Park (MLI82759) and HA97 bounds the southern extent of RAF Digby (MLI60621). There is potential that these three hedgerows would be classed as 'important hedgerows' in accordance with Criteria 2 and 3 of the 1997 Hedgerow Regulations and could be impacted by the Proposed Development.

Estate boundaries

5.5.4. No boundaries have been identified as estate boundaries which would clarify as 'important' under Criterion 4 of the 1997 Hedgerow Regulations.



Pre-Enclosure field boundaries

5.5.5. Six field boundaries (HA46; HA49; HA50; HA53; HA54; HA57; HA58) within or bounding the Site are shown on the 1840 Kirkby Green tithe map that survive has hedgerows. There are a further six field boundaries (HA79; HA83; HA84; HA87; HA88; HA91) within or bounding the Site shown on the 1843 Roulston tithe map that survive as hedgerows. It is considered very likely that these represent remnant pre-parliamentary enclosure field systems and would therefore qualify for protection under Criterion 5 of the 1997 Hedgerow Regulations.



6. Statement of Significance and Importance

6.1. Known and potential Heritage Assets within the Site

Prehistoric remains

- 6.1.1. There are 36 known heritage assets within the Site of Prehistoric date recorded by the HER. These range from the Palaeolithic to the Iron Age, but the majority are of generic Prehistoric or Bronze Age date. However, very few of these heritage assets, despite being identified as cropmarks and earthworks, are no longer visible. These remains are of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest and the information they could provide us on a relatively undocumented period within the wider region.
- 6.1.2. This assessment identifies that there is negligible to low potential for previously unknown remains of an early Prehistoric date (Palaeolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic) to survive within the Site. However, if any remains of this early date were to survive within the Site they would most likely be artefactual in nature as is common for this period. If any unknown archaeological remains of an early Prehistoric date were to be found, they would be of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest. These remains could be of medium (regional) importance due to the rarity of finds of this date across the wider regional area.
- 6.1.3. It has also been determined that there is medium potential for previously unknown remains of Bronze Age to Iron Age date to survive within the Site. If any remains of Bronze Age or Iron Age date were to be found within the Site they would be of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest. These remains could be of medium (regional) importance due to the rarity of finds of this date across the wider regional area.

Romano-British remains

- 6.1.4. There are nine HER records of Roman date within the Site. Six of these are artefactual finds and have been removed, three are non-designated heritage assets including two Roman roads and one Romano-British settlement. These remains are of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest and the information they could provide regarding dispersed Roman settlement in rural Britain. As non-designated assets these remains are of low (local) importance.
- 6.1.5. There is thought to be medium potential for previously unknown remains of a Roman date to survive within the Site. If any remains of this date were to be found here, they would be of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest. These remains could be of medium (regional)



importance due to the rarity of finds of this date across the wider regional area.

Early Medieval remains

- 6.1.6. There is one known heritage asset of early medieval date recorded within the Site. This is the scheduled monument Brauncewell medieval village which sits in the southern part of Area A2. This asset is of heritage significance due to its archaeological interest and, due to the information it could provide us on early medieval settlement which is relatively undocumented. As a scheduled monument this asset is of high (national) importance.
- 6.1.7. The lack of recorded heritage assets of an early medieval date within the Site creates low potential for remains of this date to survive in the general area, this potential increases in the southern part of Area A2 around the Scheduled DMVs. Any such remains would be of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest. These remains would be of high (national) importance due to their proximity to the Scheduled DMV of Brauncewell.

Medieval remains

- 6.1.8. There are seven HER records of medieval date within the Site, one is the scheduled DMV or Brauncewell, three of these are artefactual findspots and have been removed and the remaining three are non-designated heritage assets. One of these heritage assets is medieval ridge and furrow, one is an area of cropmark crofts, and one is a medieval parish boundary. These remains are of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest and, due to the information they could provide on the formation of rural settlement during this period. As non-designated assets these remains would be of low (local) importance.
- 6.1.9. There is potential that the use of the Site increased into the medieval period, but it is thought that there is low potential for remains of this date to survive here, most would be agricultural in nature. Any such remains would be of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest. These remains would be of low (local) importance.

Post-Medieval remains

- 6.1.10. There are 20 known heritage assets of Post-Medieval date recorded within the Site. Nineteen of these are non-designated assets relating to the former agricultural and extractive use of the Site. These remains are of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest. As non-designated assets these remains are of low (local) importance.
- 6.1.11. One of these recorded assets is a Grade II Listed milepost along the A15. This is of heritage significance due to its historical interest. As a Grade II listed building this asset is of medium (regional) importance.



6.1.12. There is medium to high potential that previously unknown remains of Post-Medieval date could be found within the Site. These remains would be of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest. As a result, they would be of low (local) importance due to the density of similar surviving finds within the wider area.

Modern remains

- 6.1.13. There are five known heritage assets of Modern date recorded by the HER within the Site. All of these date to either WWI or WWII. These assets are of heritage significance due to their historical interested and the information they could provide on the use of the wider county area during the world wars. As non-designated assets these remains are of low (local) importance.
- 6.1.14. This assessment has also identified that there is medium potential for previously unknown remains of a WWI and WWII date to survive in the Area B of the Site around RAF Digby. Any such remains would be of heritage significance due to their historic interest. These remains would be of low {local) importance.

Undated remains

6.1.15. There are 12 known heritage assets recorded within the Site which are undated. Aside from one asset, undated human remains, these are all cropmark features identified during the NMP. Even as undated assets these remains are of heritage significance due to their archaeological interest. It cannot be determined as to how important these remains are due to the lack of date assigned to them.

Field Boundaries, Historic Hedgerows, and Parish Boundaries

- 6.1.16. Five parish boundaries have been identified within the Site. These are of heritage significance due to their historical interest and the information they could provide us on the formation of early parishes. A further nine potentially important hedgerows have been identified within the Site, in accordance with Criteria 2, 3 and 5 of the 1997 Hedgerow Regulations. These hedgerows are also of heritage significance due to the information they could provide us on Medieval to Post-Medieval agricultural land use.
- 6.1.17. A further 152 field boundaries have been identified from 1st edition OS mapping and still survive within the site. These do not meet the criteria outlined in the 1997 Hedgerow Regulations however are still of heritage significance due to their historic interest and the information they could provide on Post-Medieval land use and as evidence of historic landscape character.
- 6.1.18. Those 13 field boundaries which are protected by the legislation above are of medium (regional) importance. All other field boundaries, historic



hedgerows and parish boundaries within the Site are of low (local) importance.

6.2. Setting of Heritage Assets in the study area

Designated Assets

6.2.1. There are designated assets recorded within the 5km study area, of which 105 are within 1km of the Site. All of these assets are presented in the Stage 1 Setting Assessment (Annex 12), with further discussion below by asset type. Selected assets are also discussed in more detail in Annex 14 following feedback from Lincolnshire County Council and North Kesteven District Council's built heritage advisors.

Scheduled Monuments

- 6.2.2. The 17 scheduled monuments within 5km of the Site comprise:
 - Five sections of the Car Dyke;
 - Five village crosses;
 - Two deserted/shrunken medieval villages;
 - The remains of a church and two priories;
 - A castle; and
 - A Neolithic long barrow.
- 6.2.3. The Car Dyke is an artificial water channel that runs along the western fen edge from Peterborough to Lincoln. It is thought to have been constructed by the Romans, possibly around 125 AD [Ref. 30]. Now partially silted the monument has been found through partial excavation to have been approximately 15m wide at the top and between 2m and 4m deep with sloping sides and a flat bottom. It is currently understood to have been navigable in sections but with the primary purpose of drainage and flood control. Much of it has been incorporated into modern drainage systems and little of it survives well. The best preserved sections have been designated as scheduled monuments. The Dyke has archaeological interest for the information its buried and earthwork remains will contain regarding its construction and use as well as later reuses. The monument is experienced in varying settings due to later development, but the scheduled sections within the study area for this assessment are experienced within a rural setting of dispersed farms and small settlements on the fen edge. The topographic setting contributes to the archaeological and historic interest of the monument as it provides context in which to understand its historic and modern functions. The rural character of the monument's setting likely reflects its original setting although it is now a modern rural landscape with a different settlement pattern and field systems to those that would have been in place in the



Roman period. The rural character of the monument's setting will not be materially altered by the presence of a solar farm c.2km away (at the nearest point) and this asset will not be included in the ES.

- 6.2.4. The village crosses are of medieval date and derive significance from their archaeological and historic interest as examples of this type of monument. They also have a degree of artistic interest for the different styles of cross. The crosses are only experienced in close proximity within their respective villages. The wider surroundings beyond their respective villages make a negligible contribution to their significance and the Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV) indicates that they will either experience no or limited visibility of the Proposed Development due to the surrounding buildings and they will not be included in the ES.
- 6.2.5. Dunsby was established in the 11th century and deserted by the late 16th century. At one time the village belonged to the Knights Hospitaller but after the Dissolution it was bought by Robert Carre of Sleaford who turned the land over to sheep grazing and evicted the tenants. After the Civil War the ruins of the manor house were dismantled. The earthwork and buried remains of the former village are designated (NHLE 1018395) for their archaeological interest. The remains also have historical interest for their connection with the Knights Hospitaller and the Carre family. The substantial earthworks of the remains of the buildings, including houses and the church, are experienced within fields on a south facing slope. The surrounding agricultural fields contribute to the significance of the monument as they reflect the original setting of the village within a rural landscape, although the current field pattern is typically of 18th and 19th century date [Ref. 26]. The historic association with the other monuments in the area related to the Knights (including the remains of the preceptory at Temple Bruer 3.8km to the northwest) contributes to the significance of the monument, although these connections are not apparent from the assets themselves. At approximately 650m to the north of the monument the Site may include areas which were historically part of the agricultural hinterland around this settlement, however the ZTV indicates that there will be no visibility of the Proposed Development from this assets and therefore, it will not be considered in the ES.
- 6.2.6. Similarly, the settlement at Brauncewell was established in the 11th century, falling into decline from the middle of the 14th century. In contrast to Dunsby, there was a slight recovery of population in the 16th century when the church was rebuilt and a few houses remained standing in the mid-19th century. The remains of the village include an extensive series of earthworks to the north, east and west of Manor Farm. Manor Farm itself is not included in the scheduling but is designated as a listed building. As with Dunsby the rural surroundings contribute to the significance of the monument. The historic association with the other monuments in the area related to the Knights (including the remains of the preceptory at Temple Bruer 3.8km to the northwest) contributes to the significance of the



monument, although these connections are not apparent from the assets themselves. The designated area overlaps with Order Limits and parts of the Site were historically part of this manor. It will be considered in the ES.

- 6.2.7. The remains of the church of the Knights Templars' preceptory founded at Temple Bruer in the mid-12th century fell into disrepair in the 16th century following the Dissolution of the monasteries. The church tower survives as standing building which is also Grade I listed, the remainder of the preceptory survives as below ground remains. The monument has archaeological interest for the information the below ground and upstanding remains will contain regarding the construction, use and abandonment of the monument. It also has historical interest for its connection with the Knights Templar. The surviving tower stands in an area of domestic garden behind the Grade II Listed Temple Farmhouse. the site of the nave, chancel and north tower of the preceptory church, The remains of the church lie beneath gardens and car parks to the north and west of the tower. The tower is experienced surrounded by the later farm buildings and is visible at distances of up to 500m. It is not visible from the non-designated church of St John the Baptist, Temple Bruer located 1km to the north-northeast which now forms the parish church. The historic association with other medieval sites in the area - including the former villages noted above which also have connections to the Knights – contributes to the significance of this asset, although these connections are not apparent from the assets. At over 900m from the Proposed Development the contribution of setting to the significance of this asset will not be materially altered and it will not be included in the ES.
- 6.2.8. Catley Priory consists of the remains of the Gilbertine Priory of St Mary. Catley, a double house for nuns and canons founded between 1146 and 1154 by Peter of Billinghay. Although locally popular the priory was never wealthy by comparison with other monastic houses. It was dissolved in 1538 and the site was later acquired by Robert Carre of Sleaford. The earthwork and buried remains of the priory have archaeological interest for the evidence they will contain regarding the construction, use and abandonment of the priory. Situated in the area formerly known as the Island of Catley, the monument is surrounded by low lying, formerly waterlogged land. This topographic setting is typical of monastic sites in that they often occupied marginal land and contributes to the archaeological interest of the monument as the below ground remains may contain waterlogged deposits of archaeological or palaeoenvironmental interest. At a distance of over 3.9km from the Site the positive contribution that this topographic setting makes to the significance of the monument will be unaffected by the Proposed Development and it will not be considered in the ES.
- 6.2.9. Similarly, the remains of Nocton Park Priory comprise the buried and earthwork remains of the inner precinct of the priory, together with the remains of the monastic house of Augustinian canons founded in the



earlier 12th century which succeeded it. The monument is situated on the crest of a low hill overlooking the fenland to the north and east. As noted above this marginal land is a typical location for medieval monastic sites. At over 4km from the Proposed Development and outside the ZTV no change to the setting of this monument is predicted and it will not be considered in the ES.

- 6.2.10. The Castle Hill ringwork comprises the earthwork remains of a castle probably dating to the 12th century. The monument is located within the village of Welbourne. No visibility of the Proposed Development is predicted by the ZTV and the asset is therefore excluded from the ES.
- 6.2.11. The Neolithic barrow is amongst the earliest evidence of human activity within the Study Area. It survives only as below ground remains with no earthworks, and has archaeological interest for the information it will contain regarding prehistoric burial practices. The location of this long barrow in a fenland setting is currently unique in Lincolnshire though parallels are known in the Cambridgeshire fens. The surrounding landscape has altered considerably since the monument was constructed and therefore contributes little to its significance. The monument is located over 4.5km from the Proposed Development and the contribution that its fenland setting makes to its significance will not be materially altered by the Proposed Development, it will not be considered within the ES.

Listed Buildings

- 6.2.12. The 248 Listed Buildings within the Study Area comprise:
 - 119 houses and cottages, mainly in villages;
 - 24 churches (11 grade I, 6 grade II* and 7 grade II);
 - 24 farmhouses:
 - Seven agricultural buildings;
 - Five country houses:
 - Four military buildings within RAF Digby (Building 16, Building 259, Building 279, College Hall);
 - Three windmills and a watermill;
 - Six sets of gates or gate piers including a lychgate;
 - Five telephone kiosks;
 - Five village crosses which are also scheduled monuments;
 - Four war memorials;
 - · Two mileposts;
 - A group of almshouses;



- · A village hall;
- A garage;
- A village lockup; and
- A lodge.

Houses and Cottages

- 6.2.13. The majority of the listed houses and cottages are small dwellings within settlements. They are of varying dates, styles and materials but all derive significance and their principal reason for designation from the architectural and historic interest inherent in their fabric as examples of vernacular architecture. They are experienced within their respective settlements as part of the street scene although the wider rural surroundings may be glimpsed from them, in particular those on the edges of settlement. The wider rural surroundings makes a minor contribution to the significance of these buildings and in most cases the ZTV indicates that the setting of the buildings will not be altered by the presence of the Proposed Development due to the distance to the Site, topography and intervening vegetation or buildings. They will not be considered within the ES.
- 6.2.14. The clubhouse to Blankney Golf Club is a converted pair of cottages and therefore could be included in this group. It derives additional significance from its association with the golf course tot eh west, this relationship will not be altered by the Proposed Development.

Churches

- 6.2.15. The churches range in date from the 12th to the 19th century and derive significance from their architectural and historic interest as examples of ecclesiastical building. They also have a degree of communal value as focal points for religious and social activities within their respective communities. Few of the churches derive significance from views that include the Site due to their scale and the distance from the Site and most will not be included in the ES. The exceptions are the Church of St Oswald, Blankney and the Church of All Saints, Cranwell.
- 6.2.16. The Church of St Oswald, Blankney lies immediately north of the Site and although no visibility of the Proposed Development is predicted from the church the building is visible from footpaths within the Site. The layout of the Site has been designed to avoid impacting on these views.
- 6.2.17. The Church of All Saints, Cranwell lies within the scheduled monument of Brauncewell shrunken medieval village. The 16th century church is experienced from areas within the Site., The layout of the Site has been designed to avoid impacting on these views.



6.2.18. Although a similar distance from the site the Church of the Holy Cross, Scopwick is only experienced within the village and although visibility is predicted from areas of the village around the church it draws little significance from the wider surroundings and will not be included in the ES.

Farmhouses and agricultural buildings

6.2.19. The farmhouses derive more significance from the agricultural surroundings than the other dwellings due to having a functional relationship with it. Those in close proximity to the Site may have included parts of the Site within their historic land holding and therefore derive significance from the current land use of the Site, most however lie further from the Site and changes of land use in the wider surroundings are not considered to affect their significance. The layout of the Site has been designed to avoid changes of land use in proximity to these farm houses and associated agricultural buildings. They will not be considered in the ES.

County Houses

- 6.2.20. Ashby Hall was built in the 16th century and altered in the 18th, 19th and 20th centuries. Originally a country house it has been converted to a country club. The grounds of the country house extended to the north to include an icehouse and a stable block (both separately listed at Grade II) and an octagonal walled garden (also listed at Grade II) and a group of associated greenhouses and other functional garden structures which are non-designated heritage assets. The walled garden and icehouse are now in separate ownership to the hall. These wider surroundings contribute to the significance of the hall but the wider agricultural surroundings make a minor contribution to the significance of the former country house. The layout of the Site has been designed to avoid the areas which contribute to the significance of the hall.
- 6.2.21. Wellingore Hall was built c. 1760 and was extended in the 19th century. The house has been converted into offices and flats. The former private chapel attached to the hall which was built in 1878 is now a Roman Catholic church. The Hall lies outside the ZTV for the Site and will not be included in the ES.
- 6.2.22. The Manor, Leasingham is a small mid 18th century country house. It is experienced on the corner of the B1209 in Leasingham, opposite Leasingham Hall and with other buildings to the north and east. The house has a small garden to the south with a designed view over this. It lies outside the ZTV for the Proposed Development and will not be included in the ES.
- 6.2.23. Nocton Hall is a 19th century country house in Elizabethan Revival style. It is situated outside the ZTV for the Proposed Development with housing



- development to the north and east and woodland to the south and west. It will not be included in the ES.
- 6.2.24. Welbourn Manor is also a small country house, now surrounded by housing and outside the ZTV for the Proposed Development. It will not be included in the ES.

Mills

- 6.2.25. Kirkby Green Mill derives significance from its architectural and historic interest as a watermill. The mill at Kirkby Green dates to the 18th century with 19th century alterations and is described as almost intact; though it was in a decayed state at the time the listed building entry was last updated in 1982. The preservation of the mill machinery adds to the significance of this building. The layout of the Site has been designed to avoid visual change within the setting of the mill.
- 6.2.26. Wellingore Mill derives significance from its architectural and historical interest as an example of a 19th century windmill. The cap of the mill is missing and it is no longer prominent in the wider landscape. The mill is experienced in a small village surrounded by farmland and this reflects the historic setting of the mill, albeit that the surrounding land is more intensively farmed using modern methods. This setting provides an appropriate context in which to appreciate the historic function of the mill and its relationship with the arable farmland that provided the grain it milled. The Site is c.2.9km to the east of the mill and will not be visible from it, the change to the wider landscape around the mill is not considered to negatively affect the significance of the listed building and it will not be included in the ES.
- 6.2.27. Scopwick Mill is a 19th century windmill surviving to 6 storeys although the cap and sails are missing. The building derives significance from its architectural and historic interest as a 19th century mill, although its conversion to residential use has resulted in internal alterations. The mill is a tall structure prominent in views from the surrounding landscape. It is adjacent to a farmstead comprising an L-shaped range and detached buildings around a courtyard. The farmstead is not listed and includes modern buildings as well as surviving historic buildings. The presence of the adjacent farm buildings adds to the significance of the building as a relic of the 19th century landscape and its rural setting of agricultural land also contributes to its significance as it provides and appropriate context in which to understand its historic function. The mill is located adjacent to the central area of the Site however the layout of the Site has been designed to avoid visual change within the setting of the mill.
- 6.2.28. Another tall windmill is located in Metheringham. This mill is also of six storeys and dates to the 19th century, its original 6 sail design was altered several times and when it went out of use in 1930 it had only three sails remaining. The sails and cap have since been lost. As with Scopwick and



Wellingore the mill derives significance from its architectural and historical interest as a relic of the 19th century landscape. It is now surrounded by housing and no longer has a visual connection with the surrounding agricultural land in the way the other two mills do. At 1.3km from the nearest part of the Site the setting will not be materially altered by the Proposed Development and it will not be considered in the ES.

Other buildings

- 6.2.29. The military buildings are experienced within the RAF base and are not publicly accessible. Although they will derive significance from their association with one another and with the surrounding RAF base, the wider surroundings are not considered to contribute to their significance and they will not be considered in the ES.
- 6.2.30. The telephone kiosks derive significance from their artistic and architectural interest as examples of the "red phone box" designed by Gilbert Scott. They are experienced only in close proximity within their respective settlements and the positive contribution of setting to their significance does not extend to the Site. They will not be included in the ES.
- 6.2.31. The village crosses have been detailed above and are not considered in the ES.
- 6.2.32. The war memorials derive significance from their historic and artistic interest as commemorative monuments. They are experienced only in close proximity within their respective settlements. The positive contribution of setting to their significance does not extend to the Site and they will not be included in the ES.
- 6.2.33. The mileposts derive significance from their historic and architectural interest as examples of this type of post-medieval structure. They are experienced in close proximity adjacent to the road. They record the distances between settlements and there location along the road therefore also contributes to the ability to appreciate their significance. One milepost is located within Springwell West and will be included in the ES as there is potential for construction phase impacts, however the other lies 4km to the south within the village of Leasingham. The positive contribution of setting to the significance of the mileposts will not be altered by the Proposed Development and they will not be considered for operational (including maintenance) phase effects.
- 6.2.34. The obelisk 4m south-east of number 4 Rookery Lane is a tall obelisk tombstone marking the burial place of N Richard Wharton Myddleton (died 1835) and his wife Frances Penelope Myddleton (died 1873). Myddleton had quarrelled with the then Rector of Leasingham and decided to be buried in what was then the garden of his home Leasingham Hall. Although standing 4m tall the monument is appreciate within the gardens



of the house and the wider setting beyond its historic relationship with Leasingham Hall does not contribute to its significance. The nearby Horse Monument was also erected by Richard Myddleton in the then grounds of Leasingham Hall. The monument commemorates 10 of his favourite horses. As with the obelisk the monument is experienced in close proximity and derives little significance from the wider surroundings beyond its association with Leasingham Hall. Neither monument will be considered in the ES.

6.2.35. The almshouses, village hall, garage and village lockup all derive significance from their architectural and historic interest as examples of these types of buildings, they are experienced within their respective settlements and do not derive significance from the wider surroundings. They will not be considered in the ES.

Conservation areas

- 6.2.36. The 8 conservation areas within 5km of the Site protect the historic cores of villages. They derive significance from their character and appearance as small settlements, particularly the groupings of historic buildings both listed and non-listed. As rural settlements they derive significance from the wider agricultural surroundings, though this is not always visible from the designated areas due to later expansion of the settlements, or hedgerows and other screening.
- 6.2.37. Scopwick and Blankney Conservation Areas border the Site and have potential for visibility of the Proposed Development to affect the contribution that the rural surroundings make to their significance. The Stage 1 Setting Assessment (Annex 12) and detailed setting assessment presented at Annex 14 has found that there would be a minor impact on the character and appearance of the Scopwick Conservation Area as a result of the Proposed Development which will not result in significant effects and it will therefore not be considered in the ES. Likewise there would be a minor impact on the character and appearance of Blankney Conservation Area which will not result in significant effects and it will not be considered in the ES. The Metheringham conservation area is located over 500m from the Site and is not predicted to have visibility of the Proposed Development. It will not be included in the ES.
- 6.2.38. The conservation area at Martin covers the buildings along the high street with the church towards the western end along with the school. This linear settlement form gives the village its character and derives from its position on the edge of the drained fenland. There is documentary evidence for a medieval origin to the settlement however none of the surviving buildings are of medieval date. There are glimpses out to this surrounding landscape between the houses along each side of the street. There is predicted to be visibility of parts of the development from the village, however at a range of 2.6km east of the Site the contribution of the wider



- surroundings to the significance of the conservation area will not be diminished and it will not be considered in the ES.
- 6.2.39. Bloxholm Conservation Area comprises a loose arrangement of larger dwellings centred on the church. The former country house (now farmhouse) of Bloxham Hall is located to the northwest of the church and there is evidence of former designed landscaping to the south of the hall. There is predicted visibility of the Proposed Development from the whole conservation area, at a range of 1.2km to the nearest point. The Stage 1 Setting Assessment (Annex 12) concludes that the contribution of setting to the significance of the conservation area would experience a minor impact which would not result in significant effects and it will therefore not be considered in the ES.
- 6.2.40. Boothby Graffoe Conservation Area, Navenby Conservation Area and Wellingore Conservation Area are all located on the limestone scarp known as the Lincolnshire Cliff. Historically, the physical environment of the scarp largely determined the location of these "cliff villages", as the nearby springs provided a reliable supply of high quality water and construction of settlements on the crest caused no loss of precious agricultural land. The villages are linked by the A607 and the Viking Way footpath. Below the limestone scarp to the west are low-lying agricultural lands. These villages are located at the edge of predicted visibility of the Proposed Development c.2.6km a the closest point. At this range the contribution of setting to the significance of the villages will not be diminished and they will not be considered in the ES.
- 6.2.41. Welbourn Conservation Area is located on lower and more sheltered ground than the villages to the north. It has a more open character. There is no predicted visibility of the Proposed Development due to this topographic setting and it will not be considered in the ES.

Non-Designated Assets

- 6.2.42. There are 315 non-designated assets within the Site and 1km study area, these are detailed in **Annex 1.** There are also 17 buildings identified in the Scopwick and Kirkby Neighbourhood Plan [Ref. 30] retained from the 1987 Local List which are not included in the HER and two additional structures put forward in the Neighbourhood Plan for inclusion as non-designated heritage assets. This makes a total of 334 non-designated heritage assets within the 1km study area.
- 6.2.43. During the site visit all accessible assets outlined within a ZTV (zone of theoretical visibility) were visited. Those heritage assets which will not have visibility with the Proposed Development based on an updated ZTV for the Proposed Development have been excluded from further assessment.



6.2.44. As assets of low importance significant effects are not anticipated to any of the non-designated heritage assets as a result of changes in their setting. Detailed assessment of the non-designated farmhouses has been included at Annex 14. This considers both the impact on the farmsteads individually and collectively.



7. Proposed Development

7.1.1. A summary of the description of the Proposed Development can be found in **Section 3.1** of the **ES Volume 1, Chapter 3: Proposed Development Description [EN010149/APP/6.1].** The terminology used in this document is defined in the **Glossary [EN010149/APP/6.1].**



8. Discussion and Conclusions

8.1. Discussion

- 8.1.1. Overall, there is one known designated heritage assets recorded by the NHLE within the Site. This is the scheduled monument of Brauncewell medieval village recorded within the southern part of Springwell West. There are 96 other known non-designated heritage assets recorded by the HER within the Site. 41 of these date to the Prehistoric, largely generic in date or dating to the Bronze Age, 10 date to the Romano-British period, eight to the Medieval, 20 to the Post-Medieval, five date to the Modern period, and 12 are undated by the HER.
- 8.1.2. In addition to these recorded assets there are four parish boundaries which have been identified from historic mapping within the Site. A further nine potentially important hedgerows have been identified within the Site, in accordance with Criteria 2, 3 and 5 of the 1997 Hedgerow Regulations. These hedgerows would require planning permission from the North Kesteven County Council to be removed, no hedgerows are proposed to be fully removed, although sections may require temporary removal during construction it is anticipated that they would be reinstated.
- 8.1.3. There is assessed to be negligible to low potential for previously unknown remains of an Early Prehistoric (Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic) date to survive within the Site. There is also thought to be medium potential for previously unknown remains of Bronze Age date to survive within the Site as there is a wealth of evidence for this period surviving here. It is also likely that the remains recorded as of generic Prehistoric date also date to this time period. There is assessed to be low potential for previously unknown remains of Iron Age date to survive within the Site.
- 8.1.4. This assessment has determined that there is medium potential for previously unknown remains of Roman date to survive within the Site. There is also thought to be low potential for previously unknown remains of an Early Medieval to Medieval date to survive here. The potential for previously unknown remains of Post-Medieval is medium-high.
- 8.1.5. There is thought to be medium potential for previously unknown remains of Modern date to survive within the Site, however only around the area of RAF Digby.

8.2. Conclusions

- 8.2.1. This desk-based assessment outlines the significance of the known archaeological remains within the Site and the potential for unknown archaeological remains to be present.
- 8.2.2. This report also includes a Stage 1 Setting Assessment identifying the contribution of setting to the significance of the heritage assets within the



- study area and identifying at **Annex 12** which assets are predicted to experience significant effects.
- 8.2.3. Further information on the archaeological baseline of the site is provided in ES Volume 3, Appendix 9.2: Geoarchaeological Deposit Modelling Report [EN010149/APP/6.3], ES Volume 3, Appendix 9.3: Aerial Investigation and Mapping Report [EN010149/APP/6.3], ES Volume 3, Appendix 9.4: Geophysical Survey Report [EN010149/APP/6.3] and ES Volume 3, Appendix 9.5: Archaeological Trial Trenching Report [EN010149/APP/6.3].



9. Glossary and Abbreviations

9.1. Definitions

Term	Definition
Designated Heritage Asset	Assets registered on the National Heritage List for England. These may be protected by primary legislation (e.g. listed buildings, conservation areas, scheduled monuments) or have a non-statutory designation (e.g. World Heritage Sites, registered battlefields, registered parks and gardens, designated wrecks)
Heritage Asset NPPF (Annex 2)	"A building, monument, site, place, area or landscape identified as having a degree of significance meriting consideration in planning decisions, because of its heritage interest." Some heritage assets are designated as Scheduled Monuments, Listed Buildings, World Heritage Sites, Conservation Areas, Registered Parks and Gardens, Registered Battlefields, or locally designated through policies in the Local Plan. Undesignated assets may be recorded in Historic Environment Records, while many other assets are currently unrecorded. Information contained in HERs and SMRs is not definitive, since they may include features which, for instance, have been entirely removed, or are of uncertain location, dubious identification, or negligible importance. The identification of undesignated heritage assets is therefore to some extent a matter of professional judgement. Both discrete features, and extensive landscapes defined by a specific historic event, process or theme, can be defined as heritage assets; and assets may overlap or be nested within one another.
Listed Building	A building or structure which is considered to be of 'special architectural or historic interest'
Archaeological Site (also 'Monuments')	Heritage assets which may consist of surface and/or sub-surface remains, features, deposits and/or material relating to past human activity with a degree of significance meriting consideration in planning decisions.
Significance: NPPF	"the value of a heritage asset to this and future generations because of its heritage interest. That interest may be archaeological, architectural, artistic



Term	Definition
	or historic. Significance derives not only from a heritage asset's physical presence, but also from its setting"
Significance: GAPN 2	"The significance of a heritage asset is the sum of its archaeological, architectural, historic, and artistic interest. A variety of terms are used in designation criteria (for example, outstanding universal value for World Heritage Sites, national importance for scheduled monuments and special interest for listed buildings and conservation areas), but all of these refer to a heritage asset's significance."
Significance: NPPF (PPG para 6) and Historic England guidance Statement of Heritage Significance: Analysing Significance in Heritage Assets (2019, HEAN 12)	Cultural values in the historic environment that people want to enjoy and sustain for the benefit of present and future generations. Archaeological - There will be archaeological interest in a heritage asset if it holds, or potentially holds, evidence of past human activity worthy of expert investigation at some point; Architectural - These are interests in the design and general aesthetics of a place. They can arise from conscious design or fortuitously from the way the heritage asset has evolved. More specifically, architectural interest is an interest in the art or science of the design, construction, craftsmanship and decoration of buildings and structures of all types; Artistic - Artistic interest is an interest in other human creative skills, like sculpture; Historic - An interest in past lives and events (including pre-historic). Heritage assets can illustrate or be associated with them. Heritage assets with historic interest not only provide a material record of our nation's history, but can also provide meaning for communities derived from their collective experience of a place and can symbolise wider values such as faith and cultural identity.
Setting: NPPF	"The surroundings in which a heritage asset is experienced. Its extent is not fixed and may change as the asset and its surroundings evolve. Elements of a setting may make a positive or negative contribution to the significance of an asset, may affect the ability to appreciate the significance or may be neutral" (an extended consideration of Setting is contained in GAPN 3).



9.2. Terms

Term	Definition
Artefact	An item of archaeological interest
Baseline	'Baseline conditions' are the environmental conditions in existence just before the occurrence of an impact – i.e. they are the conditions that would be affected.
Bronze Age	The period of human activity between 2,500 BCE and 700 BCE
Outline Construction Environmental Management Plan (oCEMP) [EN010149/APP/7.7]	A plan prepared by a contractor before the start of construction work, detailing 'environmental aspects' that may be affected by the construction work and management methods to prevent any such effects. The oCEMP [EN010149/APP/7.7] would include methods and site management practices to be applied to prevent generation of nuisance dust, accidental pollution events and a range of other potential sources of accidental damage to the environment, and response and reporting procedures to minimise the damage in the event of a pollution incident.
Construction activity	Vegetation removal, topsoil stripping, temporary storage of materials, ground excavation and remodelling, bare earth, movement of construction vehicles and tall features such as cranes and other construction plant.
Desk study	A collation and review of relevant existing information available from published, archival or online sources, including for instance geological and hydrogeological mapping, historical maps, environmental records etc., allowing an assessment of risks to the human and environmental receptors to be undertaken.
Earthworks	The moving of soil or rock to reconfigure the topography of a site.
Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)	An assessment of certain types of major project of the significant effects that the project could have on the environment. The applicant is required to carry out the assessment by law, in this case under the Infrastructure Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations, 2017.
Environmental Statement (ES)	The report on the results of the EIA.
Fieldwalking survey	Method of systematic non-intrusive survey involving walking across a plough field along transects to collect archaeological artefacts.



Term	Definition
Geology	Geology is the study of solid earth, the material of which it is composed (principally rocks) and the processes by which they evolve.
Geophysical survey	Method of non-intrusive investigation involving the use of magnetometers to identify fluctuations in the earth's magnetic field which might indicate the presence of archaeological remains. Burnt remains and metals are best identified through this method of survey.
Heritage asset	An item of heritage interest, for example an historic building or an archaeological find.
Historic Environment Records (HER)	A database maintained by individual counties or local authorities, containing records of archaeological sites, historic buildings and other aspects.
Historic landscape character types	Historic landscape character types are distinctive and repeated combinations of components defining generic historic landscapes such as 'ancient woodland' or 'parliamentary enclosure'. The types used in this study were defined based on evidence from historic maps and other sources.
Iron Age	The period of human activity between 700 BCE and 43 CE
Made Ground	Ground created by infilling an area with material taken from elsewhere; typically, reworked soils, rubble, gravel, sand or former waste material e.g. ash.
Medieval	The period of human activity between 1066 CE and 1550 CE
Mesolithic	Middle Stone Age. The period of human activity between 10,000 BCE and 4,500 BCE.
Metal detector survey	Method of intrusive investigation involving the use of metal detectors to locate buried metal objects.
Mitigation	Measures which have the purpose of avoiding, reducing or compensating for adverse environmental impacts. It may also include measures to create environmental benefits.
Modern	The period of human activity from 1900 to the present day
National Mapping Programme (NMP)	A project funded by Historic England and local councils involving assessment and interpretation of aerial photographs and other remote sensing data, such as LiDAR.
Neolithic	New Stone Age. The period of human activity between 4,500 BCE and 2,500 BCE
Ordnance Datum	The standard measure of sea level in the UK, from which all heights are measured for mapping purposes.



Term	Definition				
Palaeolithic	Old Stone Age. The period of human and pre-human activity before around 10,000 BCE				
Photomontage	A photorealistic image of the scheme, based on a 3D computer model of the scheme, overlaid onto a base photograph to visually represent the scheme. Features that would be removed as part of the scheme are removed from the base photograph.				
Post-medieval	The period of human activity between 1550 CE and 1900 CE				
Prehistoric	The period before the year 43 CE				
Receptor	The existing environmental feature that would be affected by an impact – for instance a specific archaeological site				
Requirement	A requirement listed as a condition of planning permission				
Roman	The period of human activity between 43 CE and 410 CE				
Saxon	The period of human activity between 410 CE and 1066 CE				
Statutory Consultation	Community and stakeholder consultation carried out in line with the statutory requirements set out in s42, s47 and s48 of the Planning Act 2008				
Statutory consultees	Organisations that the Client is required to consult under s42 of the Planning Act 2008. Statutory consultees are listed in Schedule 1 of the APFP 2009				
Zone of Theoretical Influence	The zone from which the scheme could theoretically impart an impact based partly on visibility and professional judgement				
Zone of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV)	The zone from which the scheme is theoretically visible over 'bare earth'				

9.3. Abbreviations and Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
AOD	Above Ordnance Datum (above sea-level)
BCE	Before Common Era
BGS	British Geological Survey
С	Century
c.	Circa
CE	Common Era
CIfA	Chartered Institute for Archaeologists
DBA	Desk-based Assessment
DCO	Development Consent Order



Acronym	Definition
DMV	Deserted Medieval Village
ES	Environmental Statement
НА	Headland Archaeology
Lidar	Light Detection and Ranging
NGR	National Grid Reference
NHLE	National Heritage List for England
оСЕМР	Outline Construction Environmental Management Plan
os	Ordnance Survey
ZTV	Zone of Theoretical Visibility



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Annex 1- Known Heritage Assets within the Study Area





Annex 1: Known Heritage Assets within the study area

HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1004924	Car Dyke in Nocton Wood	508816	363995	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High
1004925	Car Dyke at Linwood Hall	512272	360620	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High
1004926	Car Dyke W of Martin Wood	512583	358808	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High
1004960	Car Dyke	512696	358367	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High
1005022/ MLI60713	Village cross	506912	361410	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1005484	Car Dyke SE of Blankney Wood	511508	361918	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High
1007686/ MLI60735	Remains of preceptory church, Temple Bruer	500839	353713	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1009214	Wellingore village cross	498381	356793	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1009224	Cranwell village cross	503229	349937	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1009229	Digby village cross	508142	354777	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1009230	Rowston village cross	508408	356308	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1013916	Neolithic long barrow 770m ESE of Rowston Grange	511551	355590	Neolithic	Scheduled Monument	High
1017524	Catley Priory	511876	355556	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1018395/ MLI60734	Dunsby medieval village	504024	351331	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1018397/ MLI60733	Brauncewell medieval village	504826	352597	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1018898	Nocton Park Priory on Abbey Hill, 750m north east of Nocton Wood Houses	507720	364780	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
1020436	Castle Hill ringwork	496813	354326	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High
MLI82633	Blankney	506934	360242	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
MLI89189	Bloxholm	506486	353747	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
	Boothby Graffoe	498461	359116	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
	Dunston	506461	362969	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
	Martin	512267	359920	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
MLI82507	Metheringham	507072	361324	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
	Navenby	498702	357760	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
	Nocton	505966	364286	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
MLI86774	Scopwick	506866	358005	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
	Welbourn	496730	354125	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
	Wellingore	498270	356604	Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium
1061750	Church Of St Oswald	513096	356596	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061823	Cottages In Theaker's Yard	498045	356692	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061824/ MLI88323	Mile Post 20 Metres South Of Ashby Lodge Farm	502859	355004	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061825/ MLI88319	Home Farmhouse	505062	355215	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061826/ MLI88320	Pump South Of No 24	505595	354978	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061827/ MLI84518	Ashby Hall	505259	355293	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061844	Stables To Welbourn Manor	496669	354022	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061845	Welland Cottage	496729	354097	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061846	The Old House	496670	353951	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061847	Burtts Cottage	496658	353897	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061848	Myrtle Cottage And Co-Operative Cottages	496630	353859	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061849	Blacksmith's Forge	496557	353959	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061850	27, High Street	496636	354148	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061851	Welbourn House	496647	354194	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061852	Church Of St Chad	496867	354510	Medieval	Grade I Listed Building	High



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1061853	Hill House	497953	356716	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061854	Laburnum House And Country Set Salon	498227	356692	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061855	Home Farmhouse	498194	356596	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061856	The Village Cross	498385	356797	Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061857	The Annexe	498229	356650	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061858	The Manor House	498108	356653	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061859	The Old Bakehouse	498426	356574	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061860	The Island And Outbuilding And Garden Wall	498413	356606	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061861	The Cottage South-East Of Sunningdale	498388	356665	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061862	The Old Sweet Shop	498336	356695	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061863	Beehive Cottage	498645	356525	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061864	1 And 2, West Street	498179	356720	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061880	House At Rear Of No 10 High Street	498806	357815	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061881	Stoneacres	498612	357490	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061882	Butcher's Arms	498801	357849	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061883	25, High Street	498836	357832	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061884	The Grange	498855	357693	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061885	63, High Street	498884	357618	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061908/ MLI82537	Orchard House	506800	361394	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061909/ MLI82538	Star And Garter Public House	506897	361388	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061910	Field House And Wall To Nocton Hall	505946	364261	Post-Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High
1061911	Church Of All Saints	506067	364125	Post-Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1061912	Park Farmhouse	505940	364160	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061913	The Old Post Office	505747	364398	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061914	Lodge To Nocton Hall	505867	364452	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061939	Cottage To East Of Brook Cottage	506444	362887	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061940	Dunston House	506498	362950	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061941	Church Farmhouse	506314	362926	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061943	Church Of St Peter	506282	362947	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061944/ MLI82524	1, Drury Street	507119	361428	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061945/ MLI82526	Methodist Church And Hall	506912	361530	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061946/ MLI82528	White Hart Public House	506959	361379	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061947/ MLI82532	46, High Street	507048	361327	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061948/ MLI82534	The Grange	507156	361673	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061976	Church Of St Andrew	498703	358847	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061977	Church View And Gates	498631	358950	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1061978	Manor Farm And Outbuildings	498452	359086	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064285	Church Of St Oswald	506826	360003	Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High
1064286/ MLI82740	The Old School	506784	360185	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064287/ MLI82742	Village Hall	506768	360276	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064288/ MLI82690	The Lodge	506746	360157	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064289/ MLI82694	Stonehaven And Attached Cottage	506739	360263	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064290	Kennel House	507147	360365	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064291/ MLI82822	Wright's Farmhouse	510333	360253	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064293	Church Of St Clement	508402	356406	Medieval	Grade I Listed Building	High
1064294/ MLI86785	25, Beckside	506553	357941	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1064295/ MLI83158	Kirkby Green Mill	508381	357658	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064296	Farmyard To The North Of Number 10 (The Manor House)	508439	357806	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064297/ MLI86791	37 And 39, Main Street	508650	357905	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064298/ MLI86795	15, Main Street	506858	358049	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064299/ MLI86799	Church Of The Holy Cross	506985	358056	Medieval	Grade II* Listed Buildings	High
1064300/ MLI86803	97-103, Main Street	507565	358061	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064301/ MLI86805	High House	507012	357976	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064302	Archway 20 Metres South Of The Vicarage	506833	358119	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064303	Clifton House	512088	358366	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064304	Stable Block With Attached Cottage At Thorpe Tilney Hall	511550	357662	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1064305	K6 Telephone Kiosk	512040	358519	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147458	Church Of St Peter	498649	357843	Medieval	Grade I Listed Building	High
1147477	Clint House, And Clint Cottage	498842	357483	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147517	20, High Street	498821	357771	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147527	The Bakery	498836	357675	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147533	King's Head	498843	357786	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147537	The Lion And Royal Public House	498865	357660	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147557	Tana Cottage	498877	357511	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147619	Trevella	496620	354107	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147625	Barn At Greengates	496621	354178	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147631	Welbourn Farmhouse	496834	354461	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147649	The Cottage	498059	356629	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1147665	Wellingore Mill	498439	357043	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147669	Barn At Home Farm	498188	356560	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147678	Cottage To North Of The Annexe	498241	356672	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147685	The Old Workhouse Cottages And Attached Outbuilding	498610	356567	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147748	Wellingore Hall And Attached Rc Church Of St Augustine	498312	356533	Post-Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High
1147759	The Garth	498437	356576	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147775	Saddlers Cottage	498304	356682	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147781	The Marquis Of Granby	498348	356692	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147800	Rovistan House	498213	356728	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1147811	Goat Cottage	498071	356727	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1165640	Church Of St Wilfred	507017	361288	Medieval	Grade II* Listed Buildings	High
1165689/ MLI82525	29, Drury Street	507155	361302	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1165707/ MLI82530	Pair Of Cottages To Rear Of No 8	506824	361565	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1165828	18-21, Main Road	505798	364446	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1165852	Lodge In Grounds Of Nocton Hall	506026	364458	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1166117	Ryland Grange Farmhouse	498134	350795	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205442/ MLI82685	Lychgate To St Oswald's Church	506818	359985	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205446/ MLI97260	Stable Block At Blankney Hall	506852	359979	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205456/ MLI82688	Post Office And Attached Cottage	506779	360222	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205464/ MLI82741	Pair Of Cottages To South Of Village Hall	506770	360263	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205469/ MLI82693	Kingfisher Cottage	506756	360196	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205477/ MLI82747	Cosi-Cot And Attached Cottage	506743	360244	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1205493	Holy Trinity Church	512121	359978	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205500	The Manor House	511954	359859	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205514	Barn To West Of Manor House Farmyard	512054	359892	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205521	The Old School	508365	356444	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205530/ MLI86786	Beckside Farmhouse And Attached Outbuilding	506685	357998	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205538/ MLI86789	Cottage To West Of Kirkby Green Mill	508378	357642	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205554/ MLI86794	Village Farmhouse And Number 5	506780	358028	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205570/ MLI86802	47, Main Street	507168	358104	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1205586	Church Of St Andrew	512170	358242	Medieval	Grade II* Listed Buildings	High
1205610	Thorpe Tilney Hall	511543	357622	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1241051	K6 Telephone Kiosk On The Village Green	496641	353917	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1247059	K6 Opposite The Lion And Royal Public House	498849	357647	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254076/ MLI88374	The Round House	506484	353582	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254077/ MLI88375	Gatepiers 20 Metres West Of Church Of St Mary	506416	353764	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254078/ MLI88372	Stable Block At Bloxholm Hall	506382	353934	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254079	College Hall At Royal Air Force Cranwell	499973	349919	Modern	Grade II* Listed Buildings	High
1254080	Gates And Gate Lodges To College Hall At Raf Cranwell	500003	349685	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254081	Pair Of Outbuildings To Rear Of Nos 17-23	503100	349996	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254082	Village Cross	503230	349937	Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254083	Hall Farmhouse	503324	349882	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1254084	Village Cross	508142	354777	Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254085	Church Of St James And St John	507621	353375	Medieval	Grade I Listed Buildings	High
1254111	Bloxholm Hall Farmhouse	506369	353857	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254135/ MLI83172	Church Of All Saints	504526	352418	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254155/ MLI89249	17-23, North Road	503119	350028	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254166/ MLI80352	Church Of St Andrew	503277	349975	Medieval	Grade I Listed Buildings	High
1254173	Beck House	508230	354743	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254176	Church Of St Thomas A Becket	508049	354815	Medieval	Grade I Listed Buildings	High
1254194/ MLI88211	Village Lock Up	508028	354778	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254201	Dorrington House	507773	352924	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254203	Gates To Dorrington House	507775	352906	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254204	Cross 3 Metres South West Of No 73	508178	352894	Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254205	Hall Farmhouse	505616	348556	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254206	Milepost 3 Metres South Of Hall Farmhouse	505633	348544	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254207	Leasingham Hall	505659	348381	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254208	The Old Rectory	505686	347954	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254209	Obelisk 4 Metres South East Of Number 4, Rookery Lane	505627	348280	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254210	Wellhead 10 Metres North Of Rookery Cottage	505551	348317	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254211	Dovecote, 15 Metres North West Of Roxholm Hall	505255	350587	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254212	The Close	508231	351068	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254265	Wellhead To Rear Of No 18	505858	348401	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254324	Holme Farmhouse	508529	350882	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1254325	2, Manor Street	508287	351096	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254326	Brook Farmhouse	508079	351165	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254327	Jr Scott's Almshouses	508790	350629	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254328	Church Tower To The North Of Temple Farmhouse	500851	353709	Medieval	Grade I Listed Building	High
1254329/ MLI86675	Thompson's Bottom Farmhouse	501760	355011	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254407/ MLI94175	Stables And Coach House At Thompson's Bottom Farmhouse	501737	355031	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1254408	Pigeoncote To Rear Of No 7	508192	351095	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261162/ MLI82687	K6 Telephone Kiosk To East Of Blankney School	506793	360206	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261333	1, Pinfold Lane	508181	351209	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261356	6 And 8, Jubilee Street	508411	351014	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261357	14 And 16, Manor Street	508109	351167	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261358	White House Farmhouse	508650	351063	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261359/ MLI86674	Temple Farmhouse	500857	353679	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261367	Horse Monument 10 Metres North West Of April Cottage	505612	348344	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261371	The Manor	505726	348348	Post-Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High
1261375	Church Of All Saints	508257	351080	Medieval	Grade I Listed Building	High
1261411	Kew Cottage	507931	352917	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261412	The Priory	508378	352971	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261413	Church Of St Andrew	505659	348553	Medieval	Grade I Listed Building	High
1261414	The Old House	505545	348660	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261415	Homeleigh & Llanberis	505778	348428	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261461/ MLI83173	Brauncewell Lodge	501313	352020	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1261470/ MLI88317	Icehouse 20 Metres North Of Ashby Hall, Stable Block	505268	355391	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1261473/ MLI84486	Church Of St Mary	506460	353776	Medieval	Grade I Listed Building	High
1261474/ MLI60278	Manor Farmhouse	508150	355203	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280624	School House	512062	358493	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280630	Orangery And Attached Garden Wall At Thorpe Tilney Hall	511684	357654	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280640/ MLI86796	25 And 27, Main Street	506928	358023	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280648/ MLI86804	The Royal Oak	506777	357974	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280651/ MLI86806	Gresham	507116	358025	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280659/ MLI86981	Rowston Manor	508356	356408	Post-Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High
1280661/ MLI86780	Farmyard To North Of The Firs	506616	358392	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280667/ MLI86788	Kirkby Green Millhouse	508393	357651	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280676/ MLI84621	Scopwick Mill	505818	357613	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280682/ MLI82695	Range Of Farmbuildings To South Of Home Farm House	506735	360275	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280685/ MLI82758	Village Farmhouse And Attached Railings	506992	360285	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1280733	Green Man Farmhouse	501703	359136	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1307159/ MLI84507	Church Of St Hybald	505510	354754	Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High
1308375	Sundial 3 Metres East Of The Close	498356	356619	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1308381	Double Oxer	498408	356643	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1308383	The Den	498508	356597	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1308386	Doughty's Cottage	498060	356575	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1308424	Church Of All Saints	498222	356538	Medieval	Grade I Listed Building	High
1308462	Stable To Rear Of Greystone Cottage	496684	353817	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1308493	2, High Street	498804	357935	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1317180	Market Cross	506904	361412	Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1317189/ MLI82531	38, High Street	506969	361359	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1317194/ MLI82533	56, High Street	507103	361409	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1317224	The Old Vicarage	506257	362998	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1317250	6,7, Lincoln Road	506307	362888	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1317253	Blue House	506449	363029	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359357	Carr Dyke Farmhouse And Attached Outbuilding	511984	361409	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359358/ MLI94198	Gates To Blankney Hall	506777	360138	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359359/ MLI82689	Winfred And Attached Cottage	506775	360243	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359360/ MLI82746	Blackney Golf Clubhouse And Attached Cottage	506746	360217	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359361/ MLI82757	Home Farmhouse	506732	360288	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359362	Coach House And Stable To North Of The Manor House	511952	359876	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359364/ MLI60399	The Village Cross	508408	356310	Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359365/ MLI86784	Church Of The Holy Cross	508501	357780	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359366	The Manor House	508419	357774	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359367	The Old School	512057	358504	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359368/ MLI82843	Evans Farmhouse	511160	357928	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1359369	2, West Street	512032	358522	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360510	Southview	498407	359234	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360512	Brankley House	498302	359355	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360513	The Pinfold	498406	359212	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1360534/ MLI82527	War Memorial	506910	361427	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360535/ MLI82529	Nook House And No 36	506882	361416	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360536/ MLI82536	Pitts Farmhouse	507099	361515	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360542	10, Church Lane	498736	357835	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360543	3, East Road	498881	357821	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360544	Stonyhurst	498822	357699	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360545	51, High Street	498858	357684	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360546	Dail House	498779	357961	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360557	Windmill	506359	361243	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360558	Manor House	505883	364234	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360559	Nocton School And School Masters House	505989	364200	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360561	Nocton Hall	506158	364343	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360567	Welbourn Manor	496637	353982	Post-Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High
1360568	Wheelwright Cottage	496728	354176	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360570	Hunt House	496617	353896	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360571	Greystone Cottage	496669	353841	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360572	Gates And Wall To Wellingore Hall	498304	356582	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360573	The Close	498349	356626	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360574	Corner House	498264	356684	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360575	The Old Mill House	498276	356698	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360576	Greystones	498229	356731	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360596	The Lodge	498054	356702	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360597	Barn In Theaker's Yard	498023	356677	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360598/ MLI88322	2 And 4, Main Street	505781	354951	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
1360599	26 And 28, Main Street	505584	354999	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1360600/ MLI88315	Stable Block To The North Of Ashby Hall	505271	355349	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1391598	Building 16 (lot Headquarters)	500039	349456	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1391599	Building 259 (Station Headquarters)	500253	349559	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1391601	Building 279 (York House)	500384	349488	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1391705/ MLI125294	War Memorial In The Churchyard Of Holy Cross Church	506990	358037	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1406722	Wellingore Garage	498386	356853	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1412651/ MLI88210	K6 Telephone Kiosk	508042	354778	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1413991/ MLI99395	Blankney Signal Box	507762	361373	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1439202	Martin War Memorial	512112	359952	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1455118	Walcott War Memorial	513069	356596	Modern	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
1483205	Walled Garden, Gate Piers And Attached Gardeners' Stores To The South Of Bloxholm Hall	506330	353562	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium
MLI60266	Cropmark of possible moated site or farmstead, Ashby Lodge, Ashby de la Launde	502896	355381	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60282	Hall Garth, Metheringham	507278	361312	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60299	Earthwork complex - probable manorial fishponds, decoy and drainage, Rowston	507921	356290	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60306	Medieval Laver Jug Spout, Rowston	509020	356290	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60309	Possible site of a decoy pond near Kirkby Green	508974	357371	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60322	Barrow cemetery cropmark remains, west of Brauncewell	504192	352223	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI60353	Site of a possible Romano-British villa, Ashby de la Launde	505782	355160	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60354	Site of a possible Romano-British villa, Ashby de la Launde	505677	354612	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60360	Possible Romano-British villa site, Sheffield House Farm, Rowston	506750	356180	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60391	Anglo-Saxon predecessor to St Andrew's church, Cranwell	503277	349975	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60410	Remains of late Anglo-Saxon Grave Cover, Church of St. Clement, Rowston	508400	356400	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60431	Long Wood, Blankney	505962	359339	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60480	Two Romano-British pottery sherds, RAF Digby, Ashby de la Launde	504805	356405	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60481	Two early Neolithic flint blades found on land at RAF Digby, Ashby de la Launde		356405	Neolithic	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60482	Early Anglo-Saxon pottery sherd found at RAF Digby, Ashby de la Launde		356405	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60505	Possible palaeolithic implement, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505220	352730	Palaeolithic	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60508	Palaeolithic handaxe, north of Kirkby Green, Scopwick	508402	358502	Palaeolithic	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60536	Undated features recorded at RAF Digby, Ashby de la Launde	504849	356433	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60568	Ridge and furrow on land at RAF Digby, Cuckoo Lane, Ashby de la Launde	504790	356409	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60606	Water Tower, Scopwick	506491	358502	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60621	RAF Digby	504297	357015	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI60698	Medieval coin and post medieval jetton found, west of Digby	507850	354740	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60706	Car Dyke in Lincolnshire	509327	362365	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60743	Romano-British artefact scatter, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504890	354417	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60744	Bronze Age socketed axe, Metheringham Barff	508510	362400	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60754	Pre-Enclosure Field Boundary, Scopwick	507922	358070	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60759	Late Neolithic polished stone axehead, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	501870	355600	Neolithic	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60764	Romano-British artefact scatter, south of railway station	508002	361012	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60813	Roman road, continuation of Mareham Lane, north of Sleaford, along Bloxholm Lane	504583	357408	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60841	Possible building remains, north of Blankney	506730	360551	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60842	Possible causeway, north of Blankney	506753	360613	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60843	High quality Roman pottery from a field north of Blankney	506801	360600	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60844	Roman material, north of Blankney	507000	360800	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60845	Bronze Age pottery, west of All Saints Church	503497	352402	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60846	Romano-British pottery, west of All Saints Church	503497	352402	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60847	Medieval pottery, west of All Saints Church	503498	352402	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI60848	Romano-British pottery, east of Dunsby Pit Plantation	503902	352097	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60849	Medieval pottery, east of Dunsby Pit Plantation	503900	352097	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60851	Anglo-Saxon pottery from south of barrow cemetery	504105	352099	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60852	Romano-British pottery, west of Brauncewell	504264	352148	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60854	Roman finds, west of All Saints Church, Brauncewell	504451	352319	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60855	Medieval fastening from west of All Saints Church	504130	352240	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60856	Undated finds, west of All Saints Church	504430	352380	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60857	Roman pottery scatter, to the west of All Saints Church	504123	352360	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60858	Medieval pottery west of All Saints Church	504121	352360	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60859	Medieval token west of All Saints Church	504340	352410	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60860	Norman brooch from east of Brauncewell	504990	352640	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60861	Two Romano-British coins, east of Brauncewell medieval village	505010	352770	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60918	Medieval grange, known as Huberdheythe, Scopwick	504319	358138	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI60923	Possible building foundations, Metheringham Heath	506203	361150	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI80352	St Andrew's church and churchyard, Cranwell	503294	349969	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI80364	Sherd of medieval pot found during fieldwalking	511005	359852	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI80365	Two sherds of medieval pottery found during fieldwalking	510891	357650	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI80366	Sherd of Romano-British pottery found during fieldwalking	510886	357657	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI80367	Sherd of Romano-British pottery found during fieldwalking	510855	357720	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI80974	Undated settlement remains, Methringham.	506970	361282	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81837	Linear ditch system, west of A15, Dunsby	503194	352512	Neolithic/Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81840	Medieval/post-medieval pottery scatter, Brauncewell Quarry	503212	352127	Medieval/Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81841	Flint scatter, Brauncewell Quarry	503212	352127	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81842	A second century Roman stone quarry, Brauncewell Quarry	503235	352025	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81843	A Romano-British settlement and activity, Brauncewell Quarry	503212	352127	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81844	Probable Iron Age quarry, Brauncewell Quarry	503235	352025	Iron Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81845	Ridge and furrow, Brauncewell Quarry	503212	352127	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81846	Iron Age enclosures and quarrying activity, Brauncewell Quarry	503212	352127	Iron Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81847	A probable Late Iron Age/early Roman enclosure, Brauncewell Quarry		352045	Iron Age/Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI81848	Three Roman or earlier structures, Brauncewell Quarry	503265	352045	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI81849	Undated features, Brauncewell Quarry	503212	352127	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82130	Undated section of wall, west of St Oswald's Church	506752	359999	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82504	Bronze Age axe hammer found east of Metheringham	509035	361959	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82506	Bronze Age Cremations, Blankney	508900	360400	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82510	St Wilfrid's Church and churchyard, Church Lane	507020	361276	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82511	Brick tower windmill, Prince's Street	506358	361243	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82512/ SB00855	Vicarage, 38 Drury Street	507139	361185	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82514	Base of Romano-British grey ware jar, south of Prince's Street	506600	361200	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82515	Roman coin, east of Drury Street	507201	361400	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82516	Roman coin, from south of Prince's Street	506500	361180	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82517	Roman coin from school playing field, Metheringham	506750	361251	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82518	Medieval buckle from Highfield Farm	505520	360890	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82522	Medieval silver penny from Metheringham Fen Lane	507300	361601	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82535	Cottage to west of Stone Lodge, Metheringham Fen Lane	507726	362064	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82539	Former Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, now Parker's Stores, High Street, Metheringham		361571	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82540	Site of Former Primitive Methodist Chapel, Drury Street	507112	361345	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82542	Blankney and Metheringham railway station	507712	361404	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI82543	Possible Bronze Age round barrow, Metheringham Barff	508456	362329	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82544	Possible Bronze Age round barrow, Metheringham Barff	508516	362316	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82550	Ridge and Furrow adjacent to Moor Lane.	511213	360125	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82551	Roman enclosure/field system, adjacent to B1189	510816	359002	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82570	Possible round barrow, Metheringham Barff	508598	362170	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82571	Possible medieval cropmark enclosure, south of Station Road	507328	361111	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82572	Possible undated cropmark enclosure, Metheringham Moor	508572	361682	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82573	Potential medieval earthwork pillow mound, Metheringham Barff	509156	362190	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82574	Site of Metheringham mill, Metheringham Heath	506141	360889	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82575/ SB00870	School, adjacent to the Star and Garter, High Street	506923	361367	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82576	Old quarry and limekiln, Metheringham Heath	505409	361544	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82577	Old quarry, east of Metheringham	506210	361272	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82578	Possible former brickyard, Metheringham Fen Lane	507499	361781	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82604/ SB00824	Wesleyan Reformer Chapel, Metheringham	507096	361461	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82634	St Oswald's church and churchyard, Main Street	506814	360000	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82635	Blankney Hall	506888	360032	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI82636/ SB00161	The Old Rectory, Long Wood Lane, south west of Blankney	506493	359781	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82639	Roman material in a field south of Catton's Holt	508401	360200	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82645	Polished axe and second fragmentary axe, west of the B1189	509905	360408	Neolithic	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82646	Roman coin, east of Blankney	506921	360271	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82647	Part of a fifteenth century tombslab, reused as building stone	507150	360371	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82650	Brass jetton found south of Blankney Hall	507016	359633	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82653	Roman coin from near Brickyard Farm	508700	360200	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82663	RAF Metheringham	510546	361023	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82678	Blankney brickyard, Brickyard Farm	508799	360302	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82679	Neolithic arrowhead from Metheringham Moor	508200	361397	Neolithic	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82681	Possible net sinker from field adjacent to railway line	507902	360699	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82684	Prehistoric lithic tools from south of railway station	507999	361098	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82696	Kennel House, Kennel Lane	507144	360366	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82698	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, south of Moor Lane	508741	361469	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82731	Prehistoric cropmark boundary ditch, Blankney Park	505697	359804	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82732	Undated cropmark field boundaries, south of railway line	507946	360759	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82733	Undated enclosure and field boundary, on both sides of road	507747	360700	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI82734	Prehistoric cropmarks north of road to Blankney	508505	360609	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82735	Cropmark field boundaries, adjacent to railway line	508455	360751	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82736	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, south of railway line	508098	360734	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82737	Cropmark round barrow, north of road to Blankney	509060	360760	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82738	Cropmark round barrow, north of road to Blankney	509040	360711	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82756	St Thomas a Becket's church and churchyard, Digby	508050	354832	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82759	Blankney Park, Blankney	506319	360181	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82785	Quarry with lime kiln, adjacent to Long Wood, Scopwick Heath	506128	359257	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82786	Gravel pits, south of B1189	509079	361473	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82809	Early to mid-Saxon settlement, Main Street, Kirkby Green	508468	357834	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82814	Settlement of Kirkby Green	508673	357827	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82817	Roman pottery and tile, Main Street, Kirkby Green	508500	357834	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82818	Gritstone quern fragment, Main Street, Kirkby Green	508520	357842	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI82856	Old gravel pit east of B1189	511021	359233	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI83160	Youngs Watermill, Kirkby Green, Scopwick	508914	357995	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI83174	Brauncewell Manor and park, Brauncewell	504773	352463	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI83175	Church at Dunsby St Andrew	503904	351323	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



IER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
/ILI83176	Site of sixteenth century manor house, Dunsby St Andrew	503992	351320	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83179	School, Dunsby Pit Plantation	503654	352081	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83180	Old stone pit, Dunsby Pit Plantation	503672	352042	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83181	Quarry, Warren Pit Plantation	504018	352867	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83182	Smithy, near Grange Farm	501293	351950	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83183	Horse gin, near Stone House Cottage	501317	351948	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83184/ SB00298	New Farm, or New Homestead Farm	502534	351559	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83185	Prehistoric cropmarks, west of Brauncewell	504199	352212	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83186	Prehistoric cropmarks, north of Dunsby Pit Plantation	503534	352312	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83187	Prehistoric cropmark enclosures, west of Brauncewell	503747	352334	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83188	Prehistoric cropmarks, near Long Plantation	504588	353193	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83189	RAF Cranwell	501073	349986	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83191	Prehistoric cropmark boundary ditch, south of New Farm	502335	351151	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83192	Prehistoric cropmark enclosures, south of Brauncewell	504945	351972	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
//LI83193	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, south of Brauncewell	504979	352179	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83194	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, north of Dale Farm	505028	351800	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83195	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, west of Cottage Farm, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505363	351779	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
/ILI83261	Late Bronze Age socketed axehead, near Barff Farm	509800	361401	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



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HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI84446	Possible mound south-west of Temple Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange		353305	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84447	Medieval Cropmark extractive pit, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	500644	353518	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84448	Medieval cropmark field system, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	500556	353231	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84449	Medieval settlement, possibly associated with Temple Bruer preceptory	501116	353437	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84450	Prehistoric cropmark boundary ditch, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	501999	353394	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84451	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	499893	353503	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84452	Cropmark pit alignment, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	503229	354056	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84453	Cropmark round barrow, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504089	353878	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84454	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504877	353920	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84455	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504952	353502	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84456	Prehistoric cropmark boundary ditch, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504595	353536	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84457	Late medieval cropmark crofts, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504545	353886	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84458	Prehistoric cropmark settlement, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504928	354548	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI84460	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505597	354685	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84461	Cropmark boundaries and enclosures, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505100	354749	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84462	Cropmark boundaries and enclosures, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505351	354438	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84464	Three brick lined wells, Ashby Thorns, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505450	354950	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84466	Mound and scatter of Early Iron Age pottery, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505495	354655	Iron Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84468	Romano-British pottery, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505495	354655	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84474	Post medieval earthwork tree ring enclosure, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505561	353816	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84475	Flint scatter, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	506800	353700	Neolithic/ Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84479	Medieval settlement remains, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	506509	353855	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84483	Former Road, Bloxholm Hall	506368	353438	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84484	Prehistoric cropmark pits and enclosure, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	506673	353408	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84485	Prehistoric cropmark enclosures and boundary, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	506848	353023	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84492	Undated cropmark pits, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505536	352517	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI84493	Undated cropmark enclosure, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505683	352771	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84494	Prehistoric or Romano-British cropmark enclosure, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	506698	352168	Prehistoric/ Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84497	Romano-British settlement adjacent to Mareham Lane, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	506991	352337	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84505	Worked flints found at Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	506425	352235	Neolithic/ Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84508	Bloxholm Hall Farmhouse, Bloxholm	506366	353861	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84509	Possible round barrow near Moor Farm, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	506470	351930	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84510	Silver penny of Edward I, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	506550	352550	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84513	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505983	355204	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84514	Medieval cropmark crofts, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505316	355426	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84515	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505498	355849	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84517	Undated iron implements, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	505800	355500	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI84520	Roman oil lamp, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	503400	355400	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI85783	Post mill, Kirkby Green.	509330	357851	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86162	Bronze pendant from west of Dunsby Pit Plantation, Brauncewell	509330	357851	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86163	Anglo-Saxon clothing fastener, south west of Brauncewell	503500	352101	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI86164	Romano-British finds from near Long Plantation, Brauncewell	504401	352209	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86165	Medieval buckle, west of All Saints Church, Brauncewell	504501	353201	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86227	Possible cropmark remains, Metheringham Low Fields	504401	352300	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86228	Roman Road, continuation of Mareham Lane, north of Sleaford, along the present A15	501931	357957	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86475	Silver Penny of Edward the Confessor, Wellingore Heath	500900	356301	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86557	Coin of Trajan from Wellingore Heath	499901	355600	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86681	St John the Baptist church, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	500993	354707	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86684	Unlooped palstave from Temple Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	500700	353700	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86686	Romano-British pottery from area of Temple Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	500952	353650	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86689	Small bronze spearhead, Thompson's Bottom Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	501681	355040	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86690	Middle Bronze Age socketed spearhead, near Ermine Street, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	502290	356146	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86691	Stone axes, north of Thompson's Bottom Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	501620	355296	Neolithic	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86694	Old Quarry, near the junction of Sleaford Road and Gorse Hill Lane, Temple Bruer	502360	356487	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
ML186695	Old Quarry, near the junction of Sleaford Road and Gorse Hill Lane, Temple Bruer	502311	356658	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
ML186696	School, attached to church of St John the Baptist, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	500996	354720	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86697	Gravel pit, near St John the Baptist church, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	501105	354713	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86698	Smithy, Temple Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	500816	353718	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86699	Old gravel pit, near St John the Baptist church, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	500772	354956	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86753	Probable prehistoric enclosures and trackway, east of Heath Farm, Scopwick	505509	356929	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86755	Possible barrow site, Wilmore Hill, Scopwick	506594	358303	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86807	Medieval archway 20 metres south of The Vicarage, Vicarage Lane, Scopwick	506828	358113	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86851	Roman Urn, Kirkby Green Mill, Scopwick	508391	357641	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86858	Iron Age pottery from housing development in Scopwick	506961	358131	Iron Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86859	Romano-British pottery from housing development in Scopwick	506961	358130	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86860	Middle Bronze Age Urn, Scopwick Low Field Farm, Scopwick	508501	358900	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
ML186866	Rim of third-fourth century flagon, found in school garden, Scopwick	507260	358101	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI86873	Medieval gritted ware from near Methodist chapel, Scopwick	507501	358100	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86874	Perforated ovoid hammerstone, found south east of Kirkby Green	509202	357601	Neolithic/Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86875	Romano-British finds from north of Main Street, Scopwick	507031	358071	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86977	Church and churchyard of St Clement, Main Street, Rowston	508404	356392	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86983	The Old School, Main Street, Rowston	508365	356445	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI86999	Settlement of Rowston	508447	356373	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87006	Coin of Constantine I, found on land east of Rowston	508700	356400	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87010	Bronze Age spearhead found in the churchyard of St Clement's Church, Rowston	508400	356370	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87020	Tile scatter on land east of Marshall Hill Plantation, Rowston	507700	356300	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87024	Romano-Saxon pottery sherd on land east of Rowston	509100	356400	Roman/Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87025	Possible Roman Whetstone, Rowston	509340	356490	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87031	Former Wesleyan Methodist Reform Chapel and associated cemetery, Rowston	508391	356178	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87032	Probable prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Rowston	505932	355997	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87033	Probable late medieval earthwork ridge and furrow, Rowston	506795	356551	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87034	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Rowston	506925	356129	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI87035	Probable late medieval earthwork ridge and furrow, Rowston	506934	355786	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87036	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Rowston	507286	355904	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87037	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Rowston	507929	355874	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87038	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Rowston	508798	355967	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87042	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Rowston	508839	356282	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87043	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Rowston	508779	356790	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87044	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Rowston	508761	356688	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87045	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Rowston	508753	356545	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87046	Probable late medieval earthwork enclosures, Rowston	508245	356349	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87047	Probable late medieval earthwork ridge and furrow, Rowston	508349	356316	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87048	Possible Romano-British pottery scatter, Rowston	506630	356570	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87051	Probable post-medieval droveway, Rowston	508953	356347	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87052	Site of former smithy, Rowston	508642	356330	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87095	Early Anglo-Saxon pottery sherd found on land at Rowston	508480	356390	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87383	Human remains, north of Scopwick	506703	358301	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87384	A few Romano-British pot sherds, north of Kirkby Green, Scopwick	508700	358503	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI87386	Atkin's Watermill, south of the road between Scopwick and Kirkby Green	507673	357905	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87389	Iron Age pottery from a garden on the north side of Main Street, Scopwick	507541	358081	Iron Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87390	Possible Bronze Age barrow, Scopwick Heath	504141	358210	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87392	School, north of Main Street, Scopwick	507230	358106	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87394/ SB01096	Scopwick Methodist Chapel, formerly Wesleyan, Main Street	507422	358085	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87395	Site of former Wesleyan Reform chapel, Kirkby Green	508113	358019	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87397	Scopwick and Timberland railway station	509390	358301	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87402	Former quarry, south of 'The Firs', Scopwick	506626	358211	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87403	Former quarry, south of Bloxholm Lane, Scopwick	505153	358671	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87407	Old stone pit, south of Green Man Lane, Scopwick	504691	359045	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87408	Old stone pit, north of Scopwick Lodge, Scopwick	504340	358198	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87409	Medieval earthwork ridge and furrow, Timberland	509733	358793	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87410	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Scopwick	505261	356756	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87411	Possible prehistoric cropmark enclosure, Scopwick	505654	357222	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87412	Potential prehistoric cropmark pit alignment, Scopwick	506353	357223	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



MLI87413 Potential prehistoric cropmark 506405 357576 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low trackway, Scopwick Possible prehistoric settlement, 506267 357881 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low Scopwick Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low MLI87415 Medieval earthwork ridge and furrow, 506983 357771 Medieval Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low Scopwick Possible round barrow cemetery and 506260 358282 Bronze Age Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low	ce
Scopwick MLI87415 Medieval earthwork ridge and furrow, 506983 357771 Medieval Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low Scopwick MLI87416 Possible round barrow cemetery and 506260 358282 Bronze Age Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low	
Scopwick MLI87416 Possible round barrow cemetery and 506260 358282 Bronze Age Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low	
enclosures, north west of Scopwick	
MLI87417 Prehistoric cropmark field system, 506314 358343 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low north west of Scopwick	
MLI87418 Prehistoric cropmark enclosures, east 507883 357849 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low of Scopwick	
MLI87419 Medieval earthwork ridge and furrow, 507394 358314 Medieval Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low north east of Scopwick	
MLI87423 Probable prehistoric enclosure 507286 359075 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low cropmarks, north of Scopwick	
MLI87424 Possible prehistoric settlement 508732 357160 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low cropmarks, south of Kirkby Green	
MLI87425 Probable prehistoric cropmark 508972 357639 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low enclosure, south east of Kirkby Green	
MLI87426 Potential prehistoric boundary ditch, 508590 357620 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low south of Kirkby Green	
MLI87427 Undated cropmark boundary ditch, 508669 357687 Undated Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low south of Kirkby Green	
MLI87428 Possible prehistoric cropmarks, 508846 357762 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low Kirkby Green	
MLI87442 Possible round barrow cropmarks, 508460 358179 Bronze Age Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low north of Kirkby Green	
MLI87443 Possible prehistoric cropmarks, north 508306 358540 Prehistoric Non-Designated Heritage Asset Low of Kirkby Green	



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI87444	Possible undated cropmarks, north of Kirkby Green	508307	358518	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87445	Possible undated cropmarks, north of Kirkby Green	508373	358884	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87446	Medieval ridge and furrow located between Scopwick an Kirkby Green	508097	358111	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87447	Medieval ridge and furrow, south of Kirkby Green	508285	357149	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87448	Potential prehistoric cropmark enclosure, north of Scopwick Low Field Farm, Scopwick	508490	359152	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87449	Potential undated cropmark boundary ditch, north of Scopwick Low Field Farm, Scopwick	508477	359354	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87450	Prehistoric cropmark enclosure, south of Kirkby Green	508995	357564	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87452	Roman ditch	506910	358105	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87453	Possible undated pit, Scopwick Heath	504130	358179	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87455	Probable undated cropmark boundary, Scopwick Heath	503928	358177	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87456	Undated ditches and pits	506910	358105	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87457	Manor Farm, Kirkby Green	508419	357797	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87459	Post medieval pit	506910	358105	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI87838	Post medieval wall at Methingham Primary School	506780	361280	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88205	Settlement of Digby	508153	354855	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88233	Roman beehive quern, west of Digby	506784	354933	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88236	Four medieval objects from Digby	507762	355085	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88238	'The Barn', opposite the church, Digby	508060	354772	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI88239	Wesleyan Methodist chapel, North Street, Digby	508098	354902	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88240	Digby school	508047	354891	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88241	Former smithy, Church Street, Digby	507945	354760	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
1487810 / MLI88318	Hexagonal Walled Garden, Ashby Hall, Ashby de la Launde	505312	355525	Post-Medieval	Grade II listed building	Medium
MLI88357	Possible prehistoric cropmark pit alignment, Ashby de la Launde	503392	355286	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88360	Possible unknown date cropmark pits, Digby	506235	354794	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
ML188582	Possible Bronze Age Round Barrow Cropmark, Timberland	510746	358857	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88625	Probable modern cropmark and earthwork aircraft obstruction, Brauncewell	501079	351383	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88937	Ridge and Furrow, Martin	512015	359675	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88938	Modern military camp remains, Martin	510172	359661	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88940	Medieval earthwork ridge and furrow, Timberland	358122	358122	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88944	Cropmark Medieval boundary bank	510887	356623	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI88945	Post medieval earthwork ridge and furrow, Scopwick	510333	357486	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89127	Milestone, corner of Church Lane and High Street, Metheringham	507114	361430	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89149	Pillbox, RAF Digby	504819	356249	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89150	Pillbox, RAF Digby	503469	356683	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89151	Pillbox, RAF Digby	503459	357022	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89152	Pillbox, RAF Digby	503614	357739	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI89153	Bloxholm Hall, park and gardens, Bloxholm	505915	353671	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89154	Ashby Hall, park and gardens, Ashby de la Launde	505333	355308	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89155	Parish boundary earthwork bank, Ashby de la Launde	505726	355732	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89156	Site of former smithy, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504947	355276	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89157	Site of former extractive pit, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	502695	355424	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89158	Site of former extractive pit, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	503729	353289	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89159	Site of former extractive pit, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504502	354722	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89160	Site of former dovecote, Hall Farm, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504567	353782	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89161	Site of former extractive pit, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504358	355444	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89162	Lodge to Bloxholm Hall, Bloxholm	506049	355927	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89163	Site of former extractive pit, Rowston	504847	355319	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89164	Lodge to Ashby Hall, Ashby de la Launde	504832	355276	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89165	Former village school, Ashby de la Launde	505290	355125	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89166	Settlement of Ashby de la Launde	505430	354995	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89176	Water Tower, Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	505810	354862	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89178/ SB00043	The Old Vicarage, Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	505810	354862	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89179	Possible vicarage south of the Church of St Mary, Bloxholm	506479	353711	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI89187	Site of former extractive pit, Ashby de la Launde	504973	356371	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89190	Inscribed Romano-British limestone roundel, Ashby de la Launde	505800	355500	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89191	Drinking fountain and water trough, Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	505278	355077	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89192	Farm buildings at Ashby Hall, Ashby de la Launde	505481	355305	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89194	Gamekeepers cottage and pheasantry, Keeper's Covert, Ashby de la Launde	503984	354810	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89201	Site of former extractive pit, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504057	353712	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89202	Site of former extractive pit, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	504244	353417	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89203	Site of former extractive pit, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	503636	355572	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89204	Site of former extractive pit, Ashby de la Launde and Bloxholm	502970	354237	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89205	Village Hall, Ashby de la Launde	505495	354968	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89206	Boat house at Ashby Hall, Ashby de la Launde	505297	355351	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89221	Roxholm Hall and park, Roxholm	505097	350417	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89251	Settlement of Cranwell	503181	349981	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89287	Spring at Cranwell	503244	349961	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89494	Undated mound in the vicinity of Rowston Top, Rowston	506000	356000	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89495	Possible Romano-British pottery scatter, Sheffield House, Rowston	506920	356720	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89820	Medieval building remains, Metheringham	509131	362139	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI89863	Neolithic flint core, Metheringham	509130	362140	Neolithic	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89864	Late Bronze Age to early Iron Age denticulated scraper or core, Metheringham	509130	362140	Bronze Age/Iron Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89865	Neolithic to Bronze Age flint implements, Blankney	509360	361550	Neolithic/Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89903	Late Bronze Age or early Iron Age retouched flake, Blankney	509780	360490	Bronze Age/Iron Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI89905	A later prehistoric flint scraper, Rowston	509368	356500	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90680	Late Saxon pottery at Temple Farm, Temple Bruer	500912	353731	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90681	Post medieval features at Temple Farm, Temple Bruer	500906	353724	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90838	Cropmark enclosures and linear features, Blankney	510718	361142	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90980	Cropmark possible round barrow, north of Kirkby Green, Scopwick	508485	358112	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90981	Cropmark possible linear pit alignment, Scopwick	506461	358361	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90982	Cropmark possible round barrow, Scopwick	506230	358080	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90983	Cropmark undated linear feature, Scopwick	505639	357966	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90984	Cropmark possible prehistoric linear pit alignment, Scopwick	505152	357481	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90985	Cropmark possible later prehistoric enclosures, Scopwick	505138	357464	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90986	Cropmark undated linear feature, Scopwick	506717	358668	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI90987	Cropmark undated rectangular enclosure, Scopwick	505672	357021	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90988	Cropmark undated rectangular enclosure, Kirkby Green, Scopwick	508450	357972	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
ML190990	Cropmark possible prehistoric rectangular enclosure, Ashby de la Launde		355995	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90993	Cropmark prehistoric linear feature, Ashby de la Launde	504873	356072	Prehistoric	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90994	Cropmark possible round barrow, Ashby de la Launde	504771	356206	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90995	Cropmark possible round barrow, Ashby de la Launde	504884	356175	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90997	Cropmark possible undated trackway, Ashby de la Launde	504748	356220	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI90998	Cropmark possible round barrow, Ashby de la Launde	504745	356120	Bronze Age	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI91005	Cropmark possible Romano-British rectangular enclosures and trackway, Brauncewell		351698	Roman	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI91192	Possible late post medieval well near Station Road, Metheringham	507426	361325	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI91723	Avro Lancaster Aircraft Crash Site and War Memorial, Kirkby Green, Scopwick		357759	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI92387	Brauncewell Lodge park, Brauncewell	501306	351996	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI92391	Metheringham Manor House park, Metheringham	507462	361116	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI94172	A pair of outbuildings to the rear of 17- 23 North Road, Cranwell	503109	350017	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI97351	Early to mid Saxon potsherd at St Thomas a Becket's church, Digby	508051	354790	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI97525	Farm buildings associated with Evans Farmhouse, Thorpe Tilney	511137	357945	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI97815	Stone foot bridge, Scopwick	507015	358020	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI98236	Geophysical survey evidence of ditches, pits and tracks, Brauncewell Limestone Quarry	502791	352082	Undated	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI99512	Ashby de la Launde War Memorial in the churchyard of St Hybald's Church	505532	354773	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120619	Unnamed farmstead, Blankney	508489	361110	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120627	Linwood Grange, Blankney	510121	360728	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120628	Unnamed farmstead, Blankney	510346	360323	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120629	The Brickyard (Brickyard Farm), Blankney	508787	360219	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120630	Unnamed farmstead, Blankney	507016	360313	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120632	Blankney Grange, Blankney	504926	359446	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120633	Unnamed farmstead, Blankney	505176	359760	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120634	Hall Farm (Blankney Dairy), Blankney	507213	359849	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120643	Unnamed farmstead, Metheringham	507775	362057	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120644	Poachers Patch, Metheringham	507777	362292	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120645	Unnamed farmstead, Metheringham	508113	362161	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120647	Methingham Barff Farm, Metheringham	509860	362060	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120650	Lowfield Farm, Metheringham	507474	361906	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120651	Unnamed farmstead, Metheringham	507256	361788	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120652/ SB00839	Unnamed farmstead, Metheringham	507295	361196	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120653	Unnamed farmstead, Metheringham	507198	361223	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI120654	Wilfred Lodge (Ivy Lodge), Metheringham	506953	361291	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120655	(Field House), Metheringham	506964	361845	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120660	Highfield, Metheringham	506100	360908	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120685	Holme Farm, Martin	510439	360158	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120686	Westmoor Farm (Moor Farm), Martin	510272	359568	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120841	Scopwick Low Fielf Farm, Scopwick	508498	359016	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120842	Scopwick Lodge, Scopwick	504340	358157	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120843	Unnamed farmstead, Scopwick	507008	358944	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120844	Unnamed farmstead, Scopwick	507602	358066	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120845	Station Road Farm, Scopwick	507443	358056	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120846	Unnamed farmstead, Scopwick	507135	358100	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120847	Unnamed farmstead, Scopwick	507079	358003	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120848	Unnamed farmstead, Scopwick	506845	357984	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120849	Unnamed farmstead, Scopwick	506707	358037	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120850/ SB01085	Unnamed farmstead, Scopwick	506665	357900	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120851	The Mills (Kirkby Green Mill), Scopwick	508935	358016	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120852	Unnamed farmstead, Scopwick	509561	357587	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120853	Scopwick Mill, Scopwick	505729	357614	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120854	Heath Farm House (Heath Farm), Scopwick	505000	356927	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120855	Walnut Barn (Rowston Field), Rowston	510065	357016	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120856	Rowston Top, Rowston	505674	356203	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120857	Sheffield House, Rowston	506903	356778	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI120858	Aconite Farmhouse, Rowston	508549	356282	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120859	Manor Farm, Rowston	508395	356458	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120860	(Rowston Cottage), Rowston	509094	356385	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120918	Roxholm Grange (Westcliff), Ruskington	506073	351274	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120919	Peacock Farm, Ruskington	506225	351512	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120920	Cottage Farm, Ruskington	505746	351827	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120940	Ashby Lodge, Ashby De La Launde and Bloxholm	502991	355311	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120941	Glebe Farm, Ashby De La Launde and Bloxholm	504980	355894	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120942	Slate House, Ashby De La Launde and Bloxholm	503876	354343	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120943	Unnamed farmstead, Ashby De La Launde and Bloxholm	503995	354964	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120944	Mount Farm (Hall Farm), Ashby De La Launde and Bloxholm	504663	353748	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120945	Hill Farm, Ashby De La Launde and Bloxholm	505653	353063	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120946	Home Farm, Ashby De La Launde and Bloxholm	506703	353757	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120948	Temple High Grange Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	502636	357608	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120949	Griffin's Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	499966	354531	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120950	Warren Houses, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	501745	354027	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120952	Grange Farm, Cranwell, Brauncewell and Byard's Leap	501244	352040	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI120953	Stone House Cottage, Cranwell, Brauncewell and Byard's Leap	501343	351948	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120954	Manor House, Cranwell, Brauncewell and Byard's Leap	504711	352435	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120955	(West Pastures), Cranwell, Brauncewell and Byard's Leap	503037	351155	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120957	Oxenford Farm, Cranwell, Brauncewell and Byard's Leap	503119	350172	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120961	Dale Farm, Roxholm	504857	351544	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120973	Heath Farm (Glebe Farm), Navenby	501084	357057	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120986	New England Farm, Wellingore	500365	355665	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI120987	Highfield House Farm (Highfield House), Wellingore	500033	356346	Post-Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125037	Pillbox, RAF Digby	504112	356314	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125038	Pillbox, RAF Digby	503598	356444	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125039	Pillbox, RAF Digby	505057	357448	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125040	Pillbox, RAF Digby	504632	357116	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125220	Digby War Memorial	508047	354790	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125322	Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange War Memorial	500981	354708	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125416	Avro Lancaster Aircraft Crash Site, Ash Holt Wood, Scopwick	507600	359200	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125417	Hawker Hurricane Aircraft Crash Site, Scopwick	507600	359200	Modern	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125580	Ridge and Furrow, Fen Lane, Metheringham	507393	361692	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125713	Ridge and Furrow, Digby	507919	354947	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
MLI125742	Churchyard, Church of the Holy Cross, Kirkby Green	508496	357788	Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
MLI125745	Late Saxon Grave Cover, Kirkby Green	508483	357765	Early Medieval	Non-Designated Heritage Asset	Low
SB00026	Manor House	504642	352444	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00035	THe Ldoge	504847	355320	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00036	School Cottages	504867	355277	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00037	Covert Cottage	504913	355260	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00038	Ashby Cottage	505108	355142	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00039	Hillcrest	505501	355022	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00040	Churchgate	505512	355020	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00041	Property Opposite Church View	505723	354952	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00042	Vicarage Cottage	505744	354866	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00058	Hall Farm	507188	359881	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00149	Hall Farm	506961	359865	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00151	Cottage	506699	360257	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00152	Cottage	506701	360283	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00153	Cottage	506731	360201	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00154	Cottage	507116	360346	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00155	Cottages	507082	360290	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00156	Cottages	507064	360312	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00157	Cottage	507150	360368	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00158	Cottage	507191	360360	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00159	Cottage	507188	360401	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00295	Manor House Outbuildings	504675	352484	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00296	Manor House Outbuildings	504665	352425	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00297	Church Cottages	504348	352503	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
SB00299	House Opposite the Quarry	502872	351548	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00300	Grange Farm Cottages, Lincoln Road	501162	351942	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00301	Grange Farm Cottages, Lincoln Road	501143	351935	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00302	Paliog Cottage, Lincoln Road	501255	351945	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00303	Cottage, Lincoln Road	501274	351950	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00304	Lodge Cottage, Lincoln Road	501292	351953	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00360	Oxenford Farm	503057	350144	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00361	25 to 31 (odd) North Road	503123	350042	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00362	2,4 and 6 School Lane	503193	349988	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00363	School, School Lane	503116	349981	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00371	20 Lincoln Road	507782	354834	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00372	Digby School	508045	354891	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00375	30 North Street	508098	355035	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00376	34 North Street	508109	355067	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00377	38 North Street	508108	355105	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00381	3 Churrch Street	507790	354794	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00382	5 Church Street	507802	354793	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00416	Cottage	506666	360218	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00504	2 High Street	506804	361615	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00548	11 High Street	506891	361546	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00650	The Vicarage, Vicarage Lane	506812	358138	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00734	20 Fen Road	506994	361536	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00759	26 Main Street	508608	357824	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00785	41 Main Street	507103	358093	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
SB00800	1 High Street	506858	361623	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00806	43 High Street	507018	361391	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00809	Post Office, High Street	506869	361474	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00810	48 High Street	507060	361394	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00818	17 Middle Street	506976	361479	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00819	33 Middle Street	507029	361496	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00820	Londesborough Arms Public House	507078	361520	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00821	Londesborough Arms Public House	507073	361499	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00822	Londesborough Arms Public House	507064	361534	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00823	41 Middle Street	507092	361519	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00825	The Heritage, Church Walk	507085	361243	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00826	Ivy House, Church Walk	506944	361245	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00827	Church Hall, Church Walk	506960	361314	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00828	7 and 9 Station Road	507284	361452	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00829	11 to 17 Station Road	507312	361431	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00830	19 to 25 Station Road	507330	361414	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00831	27 to 33 Station Road	507348	361396	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00832	1 Princes Street	506876	361383	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00833	3 to 9 (odd) Princes Street	506859	361375	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00834	2 Princes Street	506837	361401	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00835	90 Princes Street	506374	361199	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00836	Green Man, Metheringham Fen Lane	507315	361782	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00837	South View, Metheringham Fen Lane	507378	361788	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00838	Ratjada Lodge, Metheringham Fen Lane	507735	362067	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low

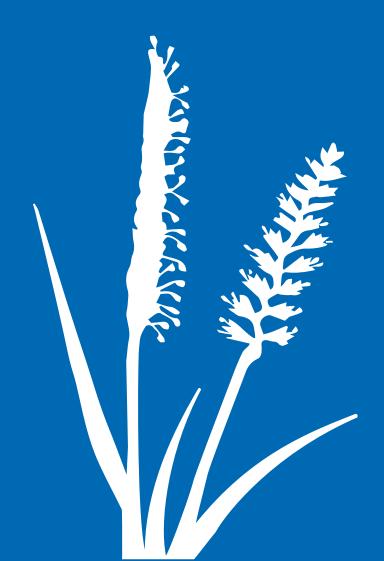


HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
SB00841	10 Lincoln Road	506741	361629	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00842	15 and 17 Lincoln Road	506740	361571	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00843	27 and 29 Lincoln Road	506656	361548	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00844	32 Lincoln Road	506606	361584	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00846	17 and 19 Field Farm Lane	507113	361640	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00847	2 Drury Street	507103	361380	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00848	4 Drury Street	507099	361369	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00849	6 Drury Street	507108	361365	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00850	8 Drury Street	507112	361352	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00851	11 Drury Street	507128	361380	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00852	22 and 24 Druryy Street	507147	361276	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00853	26 and 28 Drury Street	507150	361251	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00854	34 and 36 Drury Street	507167	361216	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00856	52 to 56 Drury Street	507205	361138	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00857	24 Church Walk	507102	361282	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00858	27 Drury Street	507140	361335	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00863	8 High Street	506841	361572	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00865	12 to 18 High Street	506855	361547	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00866	20 to 24 High Street	506864	361524	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00869	31 High Street	506962	361398	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00873	Lincolnshire Poacher, High Street	507076	361431	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00874	55 and 57 High Street	507086	361433	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00875	50 and 52 High Street	507070	361399	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB00936	22 and 24 Main Street	508576	357828	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low



HER / Designation ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Period	Status	Importance
SB01001	The Elms, Main Street	508451	356322	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01002	Moorland, Main Street	508524	356295	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01003	Corner House	508406	356279	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01004	Hanson, Digby Road	508391	356238	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01005	Church End and Church View	508435	356398	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01006	The Olde Vicarage	508317	356482	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01080	15 Main Street	508449	357882	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01082	Elm House, Main Street	508521	357875	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01086	18 Beckside	506584	357985	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01087	29 Beckside	506526	357938	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01088	12 Brookside	506883	357973	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01089	18 Brookside	506943	357970	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01090	1, 2, 3 and 4 Church Row	507024	358076	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01091	30 and 32 Heath Road	506453	357987	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01093	17 to 21 Main Street	506891	358056	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01095	79 Main Street	507427	358099	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01097	Old Watermill Cottage	507700	357886	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01372	34 High Street	506880	361421	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01418	9 Main Street	508422	357888	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01569	19 Main Street	508492	357876	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01627	4 High Street	506809	361605	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01628	6 High Street	506822	361586	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low
SB01635	Manor House, Manor Road	507410	361178	Post-Medieval to Modern	North Kesteven Local List	Low

Annex 2 - HA Assets Identified within the Study Area



Application Document Ref: EN010149/APP/6.3 Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: EN010149



Annex 2: HA Assets identified within the Site

HA Ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Importance
1	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507788	360603	Low
2	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as boundary to wooded area	507889	360629	Low
3	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as hedgerow	507715	360405	Low
4	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as hedgerow in two parts	507943	360468	Low
5	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as small hedgerow	508270	360572	Low
6	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as hedgerow	508206	360656	Low
7	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508455	360585	Low
8	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508663	360452	Low
9	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508347	360385	Low
10	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507934	360277	Low
11	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507563	359891	Low
12	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507746	360016	Low
13	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507663	359914	Low
14	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507913	359967	Low
15	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow in part	508701	359984	Low
16	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	508235	359949	Low
17	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508452	360031	Low
18	Parish boundary between Scopwick and Metheringham	508156	359618	Low
19	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508697	360168	Low
20	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508883	359997	Low
21	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and part of parish boundary between Scopwick and Metheringham, surviving as a hedgerow im part	k 508193	359639	Low
22	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506981	359620	Low
23	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and part of parish boundary between Scopwick and Metheringham, surviving as a hedgerow	k 506851	359453	Low



HA Ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Importance
24	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and part of parish boundary between Scopwick and Metheringham, surviving as a hedgerow	507237	359546	Low
25	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507111	359299	Low
26	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as boundary to wooded area	506909	359261	Low
27	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as boundary to wooded area	507193	359400	Low
28	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506790	359024	Low
29	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506953	359015	Low
30	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507242	358983	Low
31	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507247	358892	Low
32	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507493	359244	Low
33	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow in part	507772	359324	Low
34	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	508012	359461	Low
35	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508439	359289	Low
36	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506951	358486	Low
37	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map, part of it forms the parish boundary and surviving as a hedgerow	507688	358586	Low
38	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507358	358713	Low
39	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507613	358766	Low
40	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508002	358809	Low
41	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506968	358366	Low
42	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507132	358431	Low
43	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507866	358592	Low
44	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507977	358501	Low
45	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	507921	358372	Low
46	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Kirkby Green Tithe Map. Part of parish boundary between Kirkby Green and Scopwick and surviving	508847	359146	Low



HA Ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Importance
47	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	509049	359103	Low
48	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	509185	359017	Low
49	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and tithe map and part of Scopwick-Kirkby Green parish boundary and surviving as a hedgerow	508222	358546	Low
50	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and tithe map and part of Scopwick-Kirkby Green parish boundary and surviving as a hedgerow	508276	358776	Low
51	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	508015	358952	Low
52	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	508052	359108	Low
53	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Kirkby Green tithe map and surviving as a hedgerow	508453	358641	Low
54	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Kirkby Green tithe map and surviving as a hedgerow	508381	358387	Low
55	Parish boundary between Scopwick and Kikrby Green	508531	358725	Low
56	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508789	358921	Low
57	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Kirkby Green tithe map and surviving as a hedgerow	508865	358616	Low
58	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and tithe map and part of Scopwick-Kirkby Green parish boundary and surviving as a hedgerow	509092	358748	Low
59	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506199	358057	Low
60	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505878	357945	Low
61	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505630	357848	Low
62	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505455	357588	Low
63	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505499	357405	Low
64	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505309	357350	Low
65	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505512	357393	Low
66	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505794	357267	Low
67	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505702	357052	Low
68	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505568	357032	Low



HA Ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Importance
69	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505995	357037	Low
70	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	505991	357216	Low
71	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	506193	357321	Low
72	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506366	357414	Low
73	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506407	357582	Low
74	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	506670	357257	Low
75	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	506559	357445	Low
76	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506783	357461	Low
77	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506735	357606	Low
78	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	506515	356961	Low
79	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Roulston tithe map. Also part of Scopwick-Roulston parish boundary and surviving as a hedgerow	505668	356667	Low
80	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505436	356836	Low
81	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505632	356809	Low
82	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	505885	356868	Low
83	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Roulston tithe map. Also part of Roulston-Ashby de la Launde parish boundary and surviving as a hedgerow	505189	356475	Low
84	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Roulston tithe map and surviving as a hedgerow	505463	356418	Low
85	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Roulston tithe map and surviving	505687	356532	Low
86	Parish boundary between Scopwick and Roulston	505743	356675	Low
87	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Roulston tithe map and surviving as a hedgerow	505968	356180	Low
88	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Roulston tithe map. Also part of Roulston-Ashby de la Launde parish boundary and surviving as a hedgerow	505564	355974	Low
89	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Roulston tithe map and surviving	505845	356000	Low
90	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Roulston tithe map and surviving	505916	355802	Low



HA Ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Importance
91	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and Roulston tithe map and surviving as a hedgerow	506061	355724	Low
92	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505126	355888	Low
93	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	505029	356077	Low
94	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	505221	356088	Low
95	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505017	356075	Low
96	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504444	355834	Low
97	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504203	356307	Low
98	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504050	356024	Low
99	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow in parts	503790	355943	Low
100	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503227	355914	Low
101	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503455	355797	Low
102	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503407	355573	Low
103	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503406	355560	Low
104	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503328	355301	Low
105	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	503318	355136	Low
106	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	503602	354956	Low
107	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503608	354726	Low
108	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as boundary to wooded area	503898	354798	Low
109	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504241	354584	Low
110	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504311	354307	Low
111	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow in parts	504551	354443	Low
112	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504418	354166	Low
113	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as boundary to wooded area	504319	353935	Low
114	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504149	354215	Low



HA Ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Importance
115	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503922	354002	Low
116	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503779	353688	Low
117	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503638	353965	Low
118	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503735	353496	Low
119	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	503238	354266	Low
120	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503538	353213	Low
121	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503667	353135	Low
122	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504596	353256	Low
123	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504220	353203	Low
124	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	502521	353412	Low
125	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	502443	353743	Low
126	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	503340	353680	Low
127	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	502872	353830	Low
128	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as boundary to wooded area	502821	354221	Low
129	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	502631	354563	Low
130	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	503130	354651	Low
131	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	502516	354894	Low
132	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	502416	355194	Low
133	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	502307	355476	Low
134	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505796	357089	Low
135	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504136	353052	Low
136	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	504150	352845	Low
137	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503063	353103	Low
138	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	501740	356056	Low
139	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	502177	355842	Low



HA Ref	Name	Easting	Northing	Importance
140	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as boundary to wooded area	508169	360375	Low
141	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508765	360352	Low
142	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	506791	358540	Low
143	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	508117	359239	Low
144	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	508457	359121	Low
145	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	505998	355952	Low
146	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	502871	353420	Low
147	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving as a hedgerow	503574	353573	Low
148	Parish boundary between Roulston and Ashby-de-la-Launde	505350	356254	Low
149	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	504467	352944	Low
150	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	504334	352670	Low
151	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	504538	352783	Low
152	Field boundary shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	505347	355935	Low
153	Parish boundary between Bloxholm and Brauncewell shown on 1st Edition OS Map and surviving	503766	353291	Low

Annex 3 - Known Previous Archaeological Events within the Study Area





Annex 3: Known Previous Archaeological Events within the Study Area

HER Number	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI512	Petrofina pipeline (approximate)	500662	358890
ELI777	Hatton to Silk Willoughby pipeline - fieldwalking	513147	359398
ELI1402	Watching brief at Church Walk, Metheringham.	506973	361279
ELI1421	Watching brief at Temple Bruer	500837	353721
ELI1499	Metheringham Mains Replacement Scheme	506646	361299
ELI1648	Plot 4, The Nurseries, Rowston	508510	356393
ELI1973	Plot 5, The Nurseries, Rowston	508535	356395
ELI2127	Brauncewell Quarry-topsoil removal	503234	352150
ELI2131	Brauncewell water main replacement, Nipton Lane	503447	351948
ELI2132	Magnetometer survey, Brauncewell	503226	351990
ELI2133	Brauncewell Limestone Quarry Extension	503247	352140
ELI2134	Brauncewell Limestone Quarry	503212	352034
ELI2138	Brauncewell Limestone Quarry	503194	352147
ELI2143	Brauncewell Limestone Quarry	503250	351962
ELI2148	Brauncewell Limestone Quarry Extension	503218	352098
ELI2149	Brauncewell Limestone Quarry Extension	503252	352005
ELI2220	Watching brief - Hatton to Silk Willoughby pipeline	513148	359401
ELI2247	Watermains replacement: Rowston	508599	356310
ELI2253	Watermain replacement: Ashby de la Launde to Scopwick	507106	358153
ELI2506	Timberland village pipeline, Blankney	511622	361875
ELI2565	Land south of Lincoln Rd Metheringham	506658	361468
ELI2600	Land at Church Street, Digby.	508109	354853
ELI2679	Land at plot 3, Glebe Court, Vicarage Lane, Scopwick	506894	358113
ELI2711	Casual find east of Metheringham	509034	361958



HER Number	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI2712	Casual Find During Railway Construction, 1882	508900	360399
ELI2717	Site visit to St Wilfrid's Church, 1964	507020	361276
ELI2718	Site visit to St Wilfrid's church, 1985	507020	361276
ELI2719	Site visit to windmill	506358	361243
ELI2720	Site visit to windmill, 1977	506358	361243
ELI2722	Casual find, south of Prince's Street	506600	361199
ELI2723	Casual find from garden	507201	361400
ELI2724	Casual find from garden	506500	361180
ELI2725	Casual find from Metheringham Heath	506750	361251
ELI2726	Casual find from Highfield Farm	505520	360891
ELI2728	Casual find from Metheringham Fen Lane	507300	361600
ELI2729	Site visit to No 1 Drury Lane	507121	361423
ELI2730	Site visit to No 29 Drury Street	507159	361304
ELI2731	Site visit to Methodist Church	506911	361534
ELI2732	Site visit to war memorial	506910	361428
ELI2733	Site visit to Market Cross	506894	361402
ELI2734	Site visit to White Hart public house	506962	361387
ELI2735	Site visit to Nook House and No 36	506869	361407
ELI2736	Site visit to pair of cottages, rear of No 8	506821	361562
ELI2737	Site visit to No 38 High Street	506971	361354
ELI2738	Site visit to No 46 High Street	507048	361326
ELI2739	Site visit to No 56	507104	361412
ELI2740	Site visit to The Grange	507156	361677
ELI2741	Site visit to cottage	507726	362064
ELI2742	Site visit to No 43, Pitt's Farmhouse	507097	361515



HER Number	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI2743	Site visit to Orchard House	506828	361396
ELI2744	Site visit to Star and Garter	506896	361385
ELI2745	Hatton to Silk Willoughby Gas Pipeline	513148	359401
ELI2746	Hatton to Silk Willoughby Gas Pipeline - excavation	513147	359398
ELI2747	Hatton to Silk Willoughby Gas Pipelline - geophysical survey	513147	359398
ELI2748	Hatton to Silk Willoughby Gas Pipeline: Fieldwalking	513148	359401
ELI2751	Geophysical survey, Hatton to Silk Willoughby Gas Pipeline.	508971	362606
ELI2788	Land at the nurseries- Phase 2	508490	356376
ELI2815	Fieldwalking south of railway station	508003	361012
ELI2821	Site visit to St Oswald's church	506814	360000
ELI2825	Field obs 1975	508401	360200
ELI2826	Fieldwalking south of Catton's Holt	508401	360200
ELI2830	Casual field obs west of B1189	509905	360408
ELI2831	Casual field obs east of Blankney	506921	360270
ELI2835	Casual field obs south of Blankney Hall	507016	359632
ELI2838	Casual field obs near Brickyard Farm	508700	360200
ELI2860	Metal detecting west of Brickyard Farm	508401	360200
ELI2862	Metal detecting south of railway	508003	361012
ELI2863	Site visit to lych gate, St Oswald's church	506818	359985
ELI2864	Site visit to gates to Blankney Hall	506774	360140
ELI2865	Site visit to stable block	506864	359983
ELI2867	Site visit to telephone box	506793	360206
ELI2868	Site visit to Post Office and attached cottage	506779	360222
ELI2870	Site visit to Winfred and cottage	506776	360242
ELI2871	Site visit to The Lodge	506746	360158



HER Number	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI2875	Site visit to Kingfisher Cottage	506752	360191
ELI2876	Site visit to Stonehaven and cottage	506739	360262
ELI2877	Site visit to farm buildings	506729	360273
ELI2879	Site visit to Kennel House	507144	360366
ELI2917	Site visit to The Old School	506782	360189
ELI2918	Site visit to cottages south of Village Hall	506771	360263
ELI2919	Site visit to Village Hall	506770	360277
ELI2925	Site visit to clubhouse and cottage	506747	360223
ELI2927	Site visit to Cosi-cot and attached cottage	506740	360244
ELI2937	Site visit to Home Farmhouse	506728	360291
ELI2938	Site visit to Village Farmhouse	506995	360284
ELI2996	Land south of Main Street, Kirkby Green, Scopwick	508483	357835
ELI3006	Site Visit to Wright's Farmhouse, Metheringham Road, Martin	510332	360253
ELI3021	Site visit to Evans Farmhouse	511159	357927
ELI3075	Land at Vicarage Lane, Scopwick	506939	358131
ELI3284	Scopwick Watermills Recording	508382	357657
ELI3286	Visit to Kirkby Green Mill, Scopwick	508382	357657
ELI3295	Casual finds east of Brauncewell	505011	352770
ELI3297	Earthwork survey of Brauncewell DMV	504688	352501
ELI3302	Casual field obs west of Brauncewell	504343	352161
ELI3304	Earthwork survey of Dunsby DMV	504024	351332
ELI3305	Fieldwalking to the west of Brauncewell	504264	352148
ELI3306	Field obs west of Brauncewell DMV	503497	352402
ELI3307	Field obs east of Dunsby Pit Plantation	503900	352097
ELI3308	Fieldwalking to south of barrow cemetery	504105	352099



HER Number	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI3309	Metal detecting west of All Saints Church	504264	352266
ELI3310	Casual field obs west of All Saints Church	504264	352265
ELI3312	Metal detecting east of Brauncewell	504990	352641
ELI3313	Site visit to All Saints Church	504528	352418
ELI3314	Site visit to Brauncewell Lodge	501313	352019
ELI3411	Casual find, Barff Farm	509801	361401
ELI3718	Land south of Vicarage Lane	506874	358135
ELI4130	Site visit to mound near to St Hybalds Church	505495	354655
ELI4135	Site visit to the church of St Mary, Bloxholm	506460	353776
ELI4144	Site visit to the church of St Hybald, Ashby de la Launde	505508	354754
ELI4153	Site visit to Ashby Hall, Ashby de la Launde	505258	355298
ELI4246	Field walking at Dunsby St Andrew	504002	351351
ELI4421	New NCO accommodation, RAF Digby, Ashby De La Launde	505046	356496
ELI4826	Metal detecting west of Dunsby Pit Plantation, Brauncewell	503500	352101
ELI4827	Metal detecting south west of Brauncewell	504399	352209
ELI4828	Metal detecting near Long Plantation, Brauncewell	504501	353200
ELI4829	Metal detecting west of All Saints church, Brauncewell	504400	352300
ELI5067	Digby Church of England School, Digby	508031	354888
ELI5156	Casual find made on Wellingore Heath	500900	356300
ELI5234	Casual field observation on Wellingore Heath	499900	355600
ELI5320	Site visit to the preceptory church tower, Temple Bruer	500851	353710
ELI5321	Site visit to Thompson's Bottom Farm, Temple Bruer	501734	355042
ELI5322	Site visit to Temple Farmhouse, Temple Bruer	500857	353678
ELI5325	Casual field observation at Temple Farm	500700	353700
ELI5326	Casual field observation at Temple Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	500952	353650



HER Number	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI5329	Casual field observation at Thompson's Bottom Farm, Temple Bruer with Temple High Grange	501681	355039
ELI5330	Casual field observation in a field near Emrine Street, Temple Bruer	502290	356145
ELI5331	Casual field observation, north of Thompson's Bottom Farm, Temple Bruer	501620	355295
ELI5363	Hedgerow Removal at Scopwick	507108	357625
ELI5369	Casual field observation during levelling of mound, Wilmore Hill, Scopwick	506594	358303
ELI5401	Casual field observation north of Kirkby Green, Scopwick	508402	358502
ELI5403	Housing development at Scopwick	506949	358131
ELI5405	Site visit to The Firs farm, Scopwick	506615	358409
ELI5406	Site Visit to the Church of the Holy Cross, Kirkby Green	508498	357780
ELI5407	Site visit to No 25 Beckside, Scopwick	506554	357934
ELI5408	Site visit to Beckside Farmhouse and attached outbuilding, Scopwick	506683	357997
ELI5409	Site Visit to Kirkby Green Millhouse, Scopwick	508395	357652
ELI5410	Site Visit to Cottage to the West of Kirkby Green Mill, Scopwick	508376	357646
ELI5411	Site visit to Nos 37 and 39 Main Street, Kirkby Green	508651	357900
ELI5412	Site visit to village farmhouse and No 5, Main Street, Scopwick	506778	358029
ELI5413	Site visit to No 15 Main Street, Scopwick	506861	358045
ELI5414	Site visit to Nos 25 and 27 Main Street, Scopwick	506930	358022
ELI5415	Site visit to Church of the Holy Cross, Scopwick, 1965	506984	358057
ELI5416	Site visit to the Church of the Holy Cross, Scopwick, 1967-1987	506984	358057
ELI5417	Site visit to No 47 Main Street, Scopwick	507166	358096
ELI5418	Site visit to Nos 97 to 103 Main Street, Scopwick	507562	358067
ELI5419	Site visit to The Royal Oak, Main Street, Scopwick	506777	357970
ELI5420	Site visit to No 24 (High House), Main Street, Scopwick	507014	357973
ELI5421	Site visit to No 36, Main Street, Scopwick	507114	358023
ELI5422	Site visit to medieval archway in the Vicarage garden, Scopwick	506828	358113



	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI5451	Casual Find Near Kirkby Green Mill, Scopwick	508391	357641
ELI5477	Excavations for a housing development, south of Vicarage Lane, Scopwick	506960	358131
ELI5478	Casual field observation to the south of Scopwick Low Field Farm	508500	358900
ELI5479	Casual field observation in school garden in 1958, Scopwick	507260	358101
ELI5480	Casual field observation near Methodist chapel, Scopwick	507501	358100
ELI5481	Casual field observation south east of Kirkby Green	509202	357601
ELI5482	Casual field observation north of Main Street, Scopwick	507031	358071
ELI5483	Digging of main sewer for housing estate in c.1959, Scopwick	507031	358071
ELI5581	Site visit to the Church of St Clement, Main Street, Rowston	508404	356392
ELI5583	Site visit to Rowston Manor, Main Street, Rowston	508358	356412
ELI5584	Site visit to the Old School, Main Street, Rowston	508365	356445
ELI5589	Site visit to the Village Cross, Main Street, Rowston	508408	356310
ELI5605	Casual find on land east of Rowston Church	508700	356400
ELI5608	Casual find in the churchyard of the St Clement's Church, Rowston	508400	356370
ELI5613	Field observation on land south of Sheffield House Farm, Rowston	506750	356180
ELI5615	Field observation of land east of Marshall Hill Plantation, Rowston	507700	356300
ELI5669	Casual find on land north-east of Rowston Grange, Rowston	509020	356290
ELI5680	Casual find on land east of Rowston Village	509100	356400
ELI5683	Casual Find of Possible Roman Whetstone, Rowston	509340	356490
ELI5695	Casual field observation of possible Romano-British pottery scatter, Rowston	506630	356570
ELI5920	Ground disturbance to the north of Scopwick, 1982-83	506703	358301
ELI5921	Casual field observation to the north of Kirkby Green	508699	358501
ELI5923	Casual field observation in garden north of Main Street, Scopwick	507541	358081
ELI5971	Brauncewell Limestone Quarry Extension 2001-2	503178	352226
ELI5990	Plots 2, 5 & 7, Glebe Court, Vicarage Lane, Scopwick	506894	358114



HER Number	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI5992	Site visit to Manor Farmhouse, Kirkby Green	508422	357773
ELI5993	Site visit to farmyard at Manor Farm, Kirkby Green	508413	357803
ELI5994	Site visit to Scopwick Mill	505818	357614
ELI6196	Metheringham County Primary School	506782	361279
ELI6281	Ashby de la Launde to Bloxholm Mains Replacement Scheme	506303	354488
ELI6288	Casual field observation in garden on Church Street, Digby	507850	354740
ELI6292	Site visit to St Thomas A Becket's church, Digby	508050	354832
ELI6293	Site visit to St Thomas A Becket's church, Digby	508050	354832
ELI6294	Site visit to Manor Farmhouse, North Street, Digby	508154	355204
ELI6301	Site visit to lock-up, Church Street, Digby	508030	354778
ELI6315	Casual find from west of Digby	506782	354933
ELI6317	Metal detecting in Digby	507764	355087
ELI6366	Site visit to Stable Block north of Ashby Hall, Ashby de la Launde	505261	355336
ELI6367	Site visit to Icehouse north of Ashby Hall, Ashby de la Launde	505269	355393
ELI6368	Site visit to Home Farmhouse, Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	505064	355215
ELI6369	Site visit to water pump, Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	505594	354977
ELI6370	Site visit to Nos. 22 and 24 Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	505586	355002
ELI6371	Site visit to Nos. 2 and 4 Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	505783	354955
ELI6372	Site visit to milepost 20 metres south of Ashby Lodge Farm	502858	355003
ELI6400	Evaluation of RAF Digby Airmen's Married Quarters, Ashby de la Launde	504851	356432
ELI6401	Archaeological Watching Brief, RAF Digby, Ashby de la Launde	504851	356432
ELI6674	Watching brief at Brauncewell limestone quarry extension	502992	352146
ELI6675	Excavation at Brauncewell limestone quarry extension	502992	352146
ELI6849	Field observation in Metheringham	507114	361430
ELI6965	Site visit to stable block, Bloxholm Hall	506382	353927



HER Number	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI6966	Site visit to Bloxholm Hall Farmhouse, Bloxholm	506366	353861
ELI6984	Site visit to gatepiers west of Church of St Mary, Bloxholm	506419	353764
ELI6985	Site visit to the Round House, Bloxholm	506483	353582
ELI7039	Casual field observation on land off Main Street, Ashby de la Launde	505450	354950
ELI7060	Casual find	505800	355500
ELI7061	Casual find	506425	352235
ELI7062	Casual find	506800	353700
ELI7064	Casual find	506550	352550
ELI7065	Casual find	505220	352730
ELI7067	Casual find	505800	355280
ELI7068	Casual find	503400	355400
ELI7073	Casual observation	505580	354710
ELI7074	Fieldwalking on land at Ashby de la Launde	504890	354417
ELI7075	Casual find	501870	355600
ELI7076	Casual observation	505720	355060
ELI7077	Casual observation	505720	355060
ELI7078	Casual observation	505670	354620
ELI7517	Archaeological evaluation along the Hatton to Silk Willoughby Gas Pipeline	511199	360888
ELI7519	Archaeological watching brief, Hatton to Silk Willoughby Gas Pipeline	511199	360888
ELI7520	Archaeological excavations on the Hatton to Silk Willoughby Gas Pipeline	511199	360888
ELI7523	Fieldwalking along the route of the Hatton to Silk Willoughby Gas Pipeline	511199	360888
ELI7864	Casual find in a field to the west of Threekingham	508100	360000
ELI7909	Archaeological evaluation at Temple Farm, Temple Bruer	500901	353720
ELI8246	Watching brief at Station Road, Metheringham	507428	361323
ELI8535	Geophysical survey at Brauncewell Limestone Quarry	502778	352075

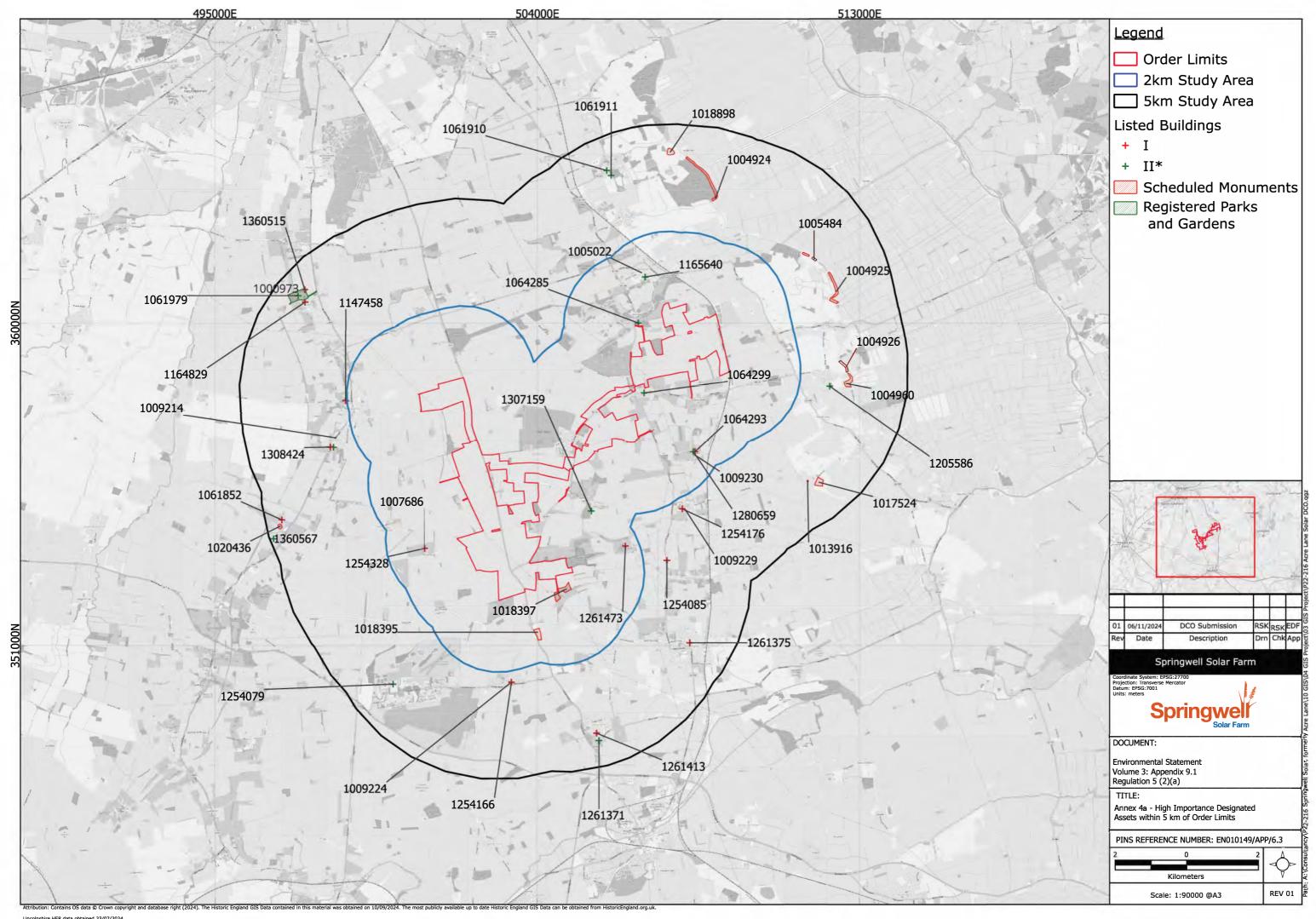


HER Number	Name	Easting	Northing
ELI8695	Temple Cottage, Temple Bruer	500842	353762
ELI9055	Site visit to nonconformist chapel, Main Street, Scopwick	507424	358084
ELI9098	Site visit to former nonconformist chapel, High Street, Metheringham	506833	361571
ELI9099	Site visit to nonconformist chapel, High Street, Metheringham	506914	361536
ELI9100	Site visit to former nonconformist chapel, Middle Street, Metheringham	507096	361462
ELI9107	Site visit to former nonconformist chapel, Rowston	508380	356160
ELI9199	Site visit to site of former Wesleyan Reform Chapel, Kirby Green, Scopwick	508113	358018
ELI9209	Site visit to site of former Primitive Methodist Chapel, Drury Street, Metheringham	507115	361345
ELI9267	Trial trench evaluation and recording at Brauncewell Quarry	502778	352075
ELI9294	Archaeological watching brief at St Thomas a Becket Church, Digby	508049	354790
ELI9873	Historic building survey of Top Farm, Thorpe Tilney	511137	357945
ELI10911	Geophysical survey at Brauncewell Limestone Quarry	502778	352075
ELI10971	Land to the East of 41 Main Street, Scopwick	507118	358093
ELI11042	Building Survey at Manor Farm, North Street, Digby	508115	355225
ELI11117	A walk over the site of Blankney Hall gardens	507019	360018
ELI12007	Site visit to signal box at Metheringham Station	507763	361373
ELI12971	Site Visit to the Pillbox, RAF Digby	504819	356249
ELI13156	Stone Cottage, Temple Bruer	500922	353559
ELI13172	Metal Detecting on an Avro Lancaster Crash Site, Ash Holt Wood, Scopwick	507600	359200
ELI13173	Excavation of an Avro Lancaster Crash Site, Ash Holt Wood, Scopwick	507600	359200
ELI13305	Land at Fenlake Fisheries, Fen Lane, Metheringham	507393	361692
ELI13416	Church of the Holy Cross, Church Lane, Kirkby Green	508475	357764
ELI13665	Temple Barn, Temple Farm, Temple Bruer	500768	353756

Annex 4a - High Importance Designated Assets

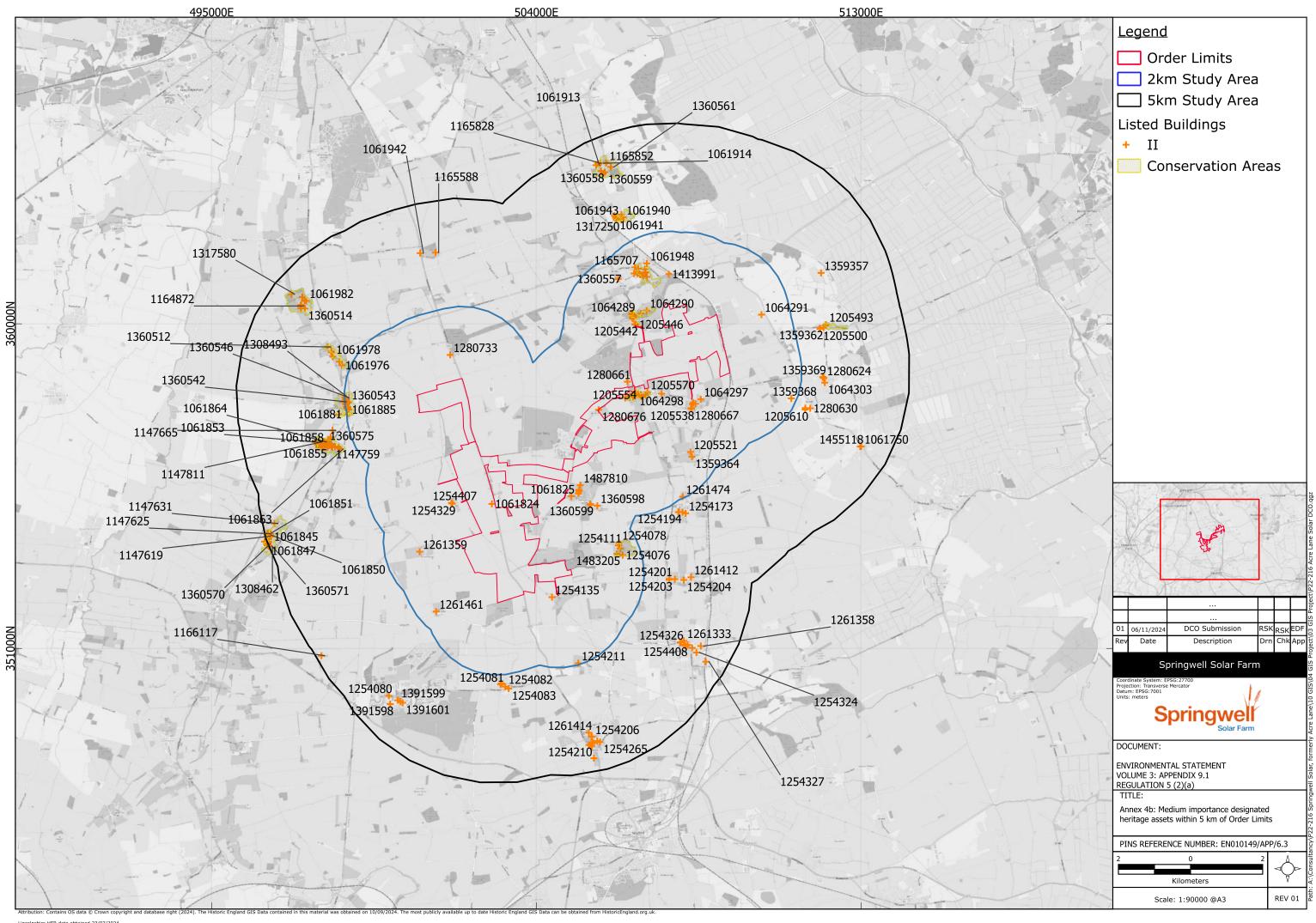


Application Document Ref: EN010149/APP/6.3 Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: EN010149



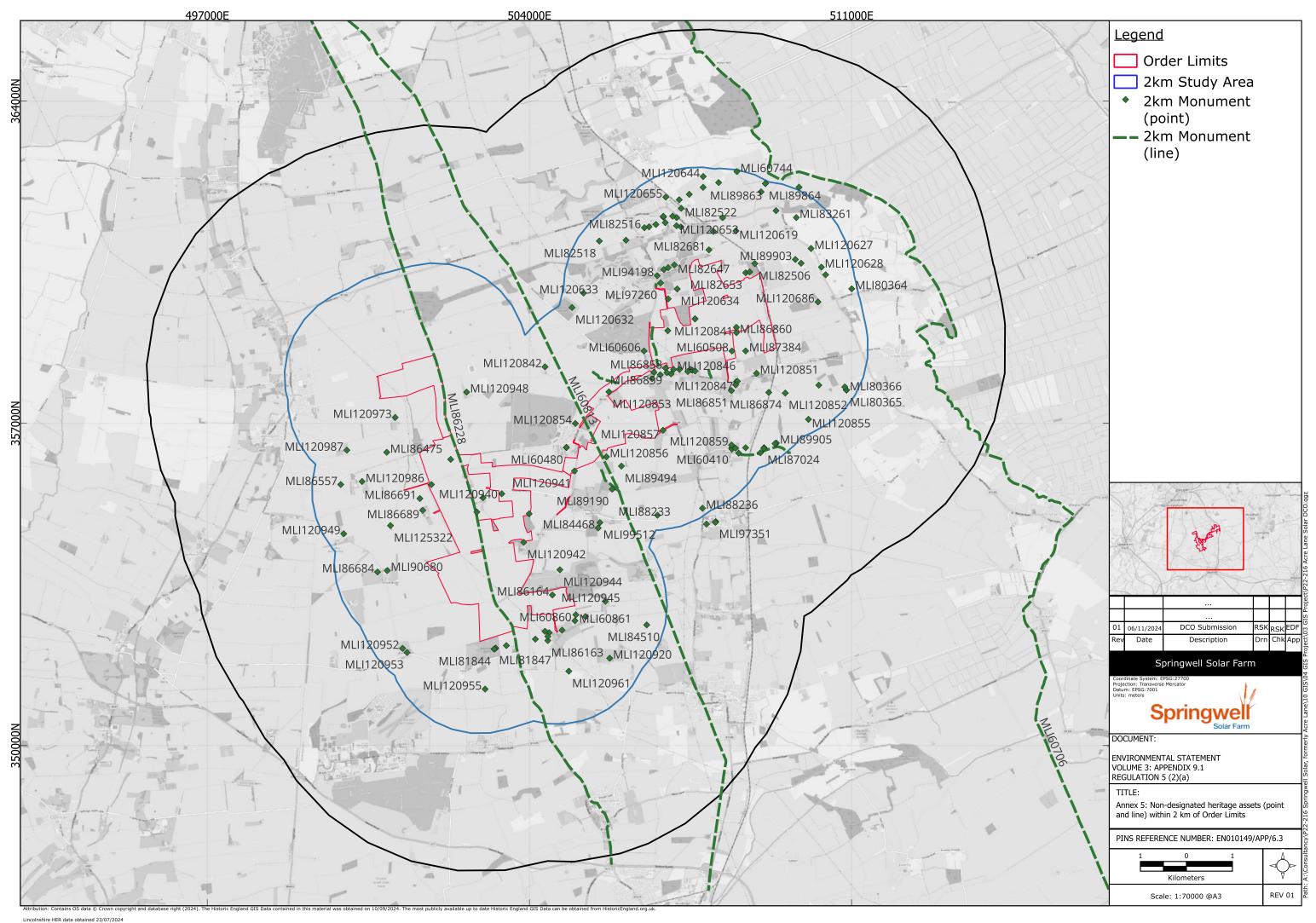
Annex 4b - Medium Importance Designated Assets



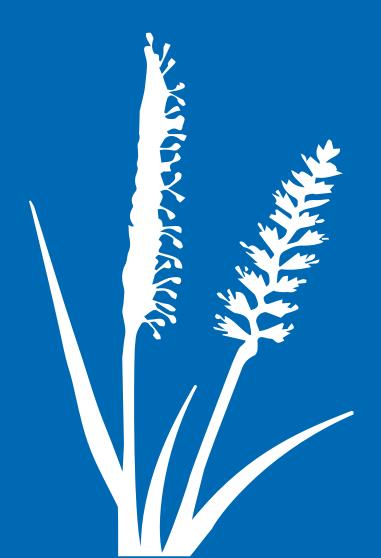


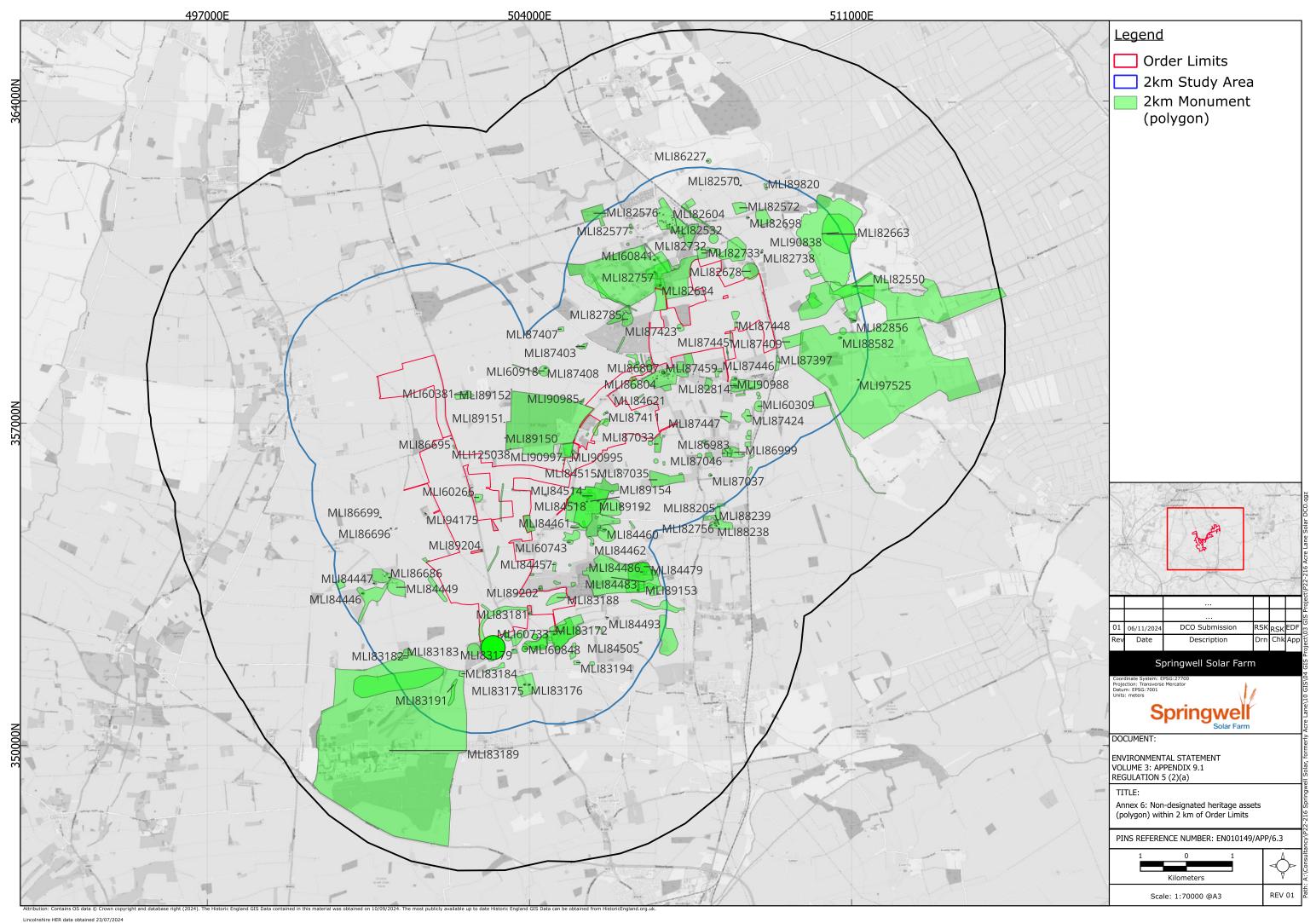
Annex 5 - Non-designated Assets (Point and Line)





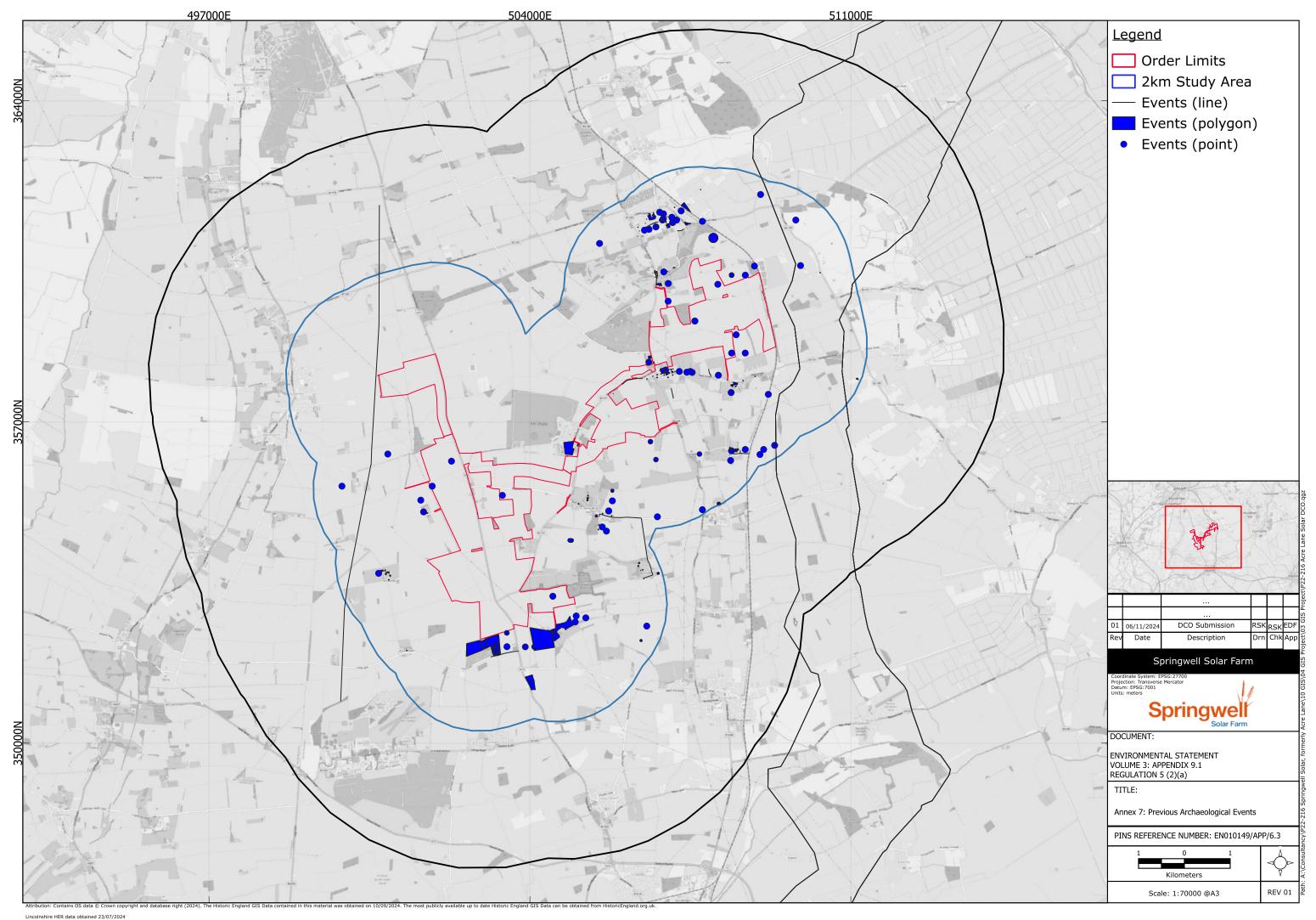
Annex 6 - Non-designated Assets (Polygon)





Annex 7 - Previous Archaeological Events

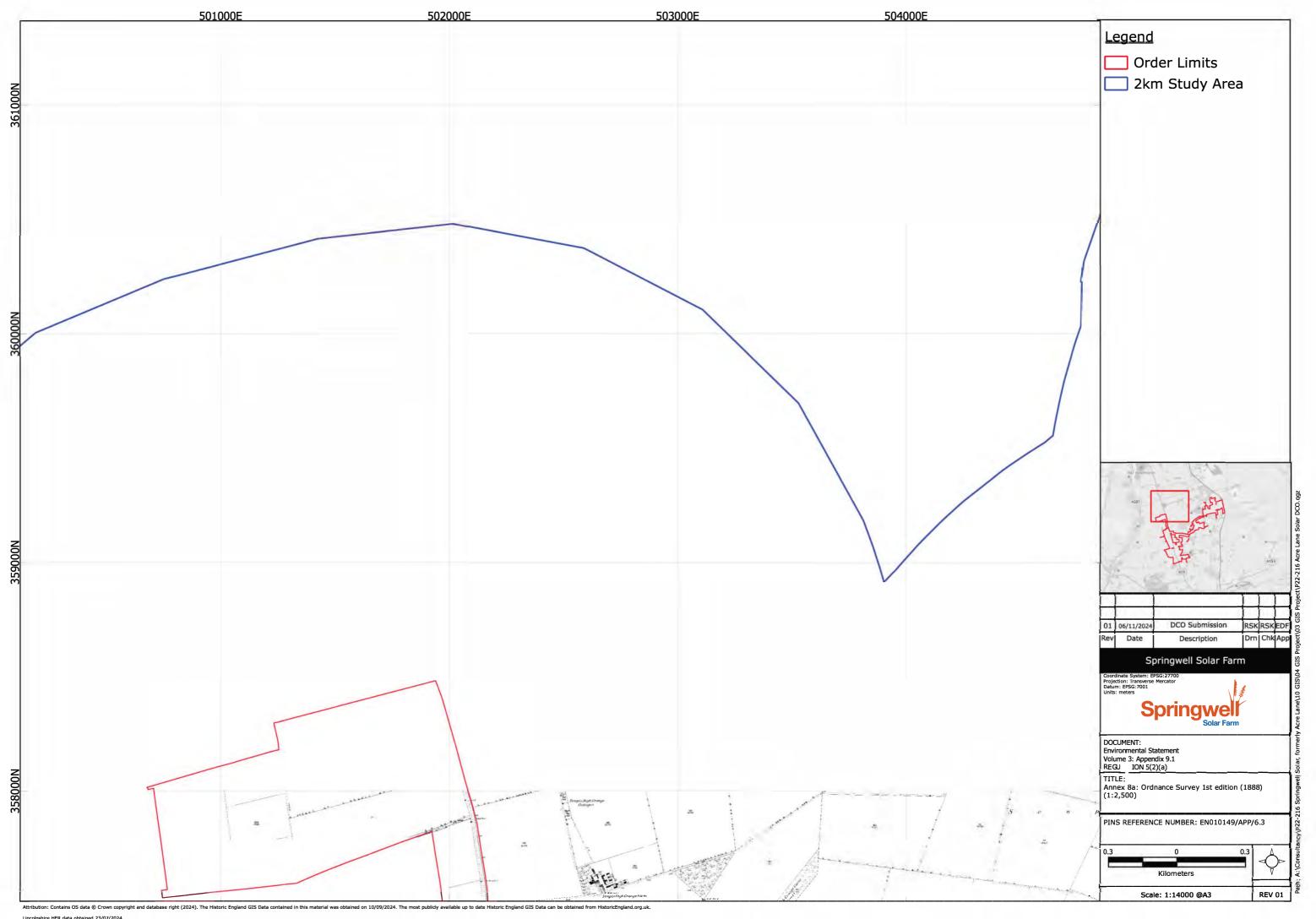


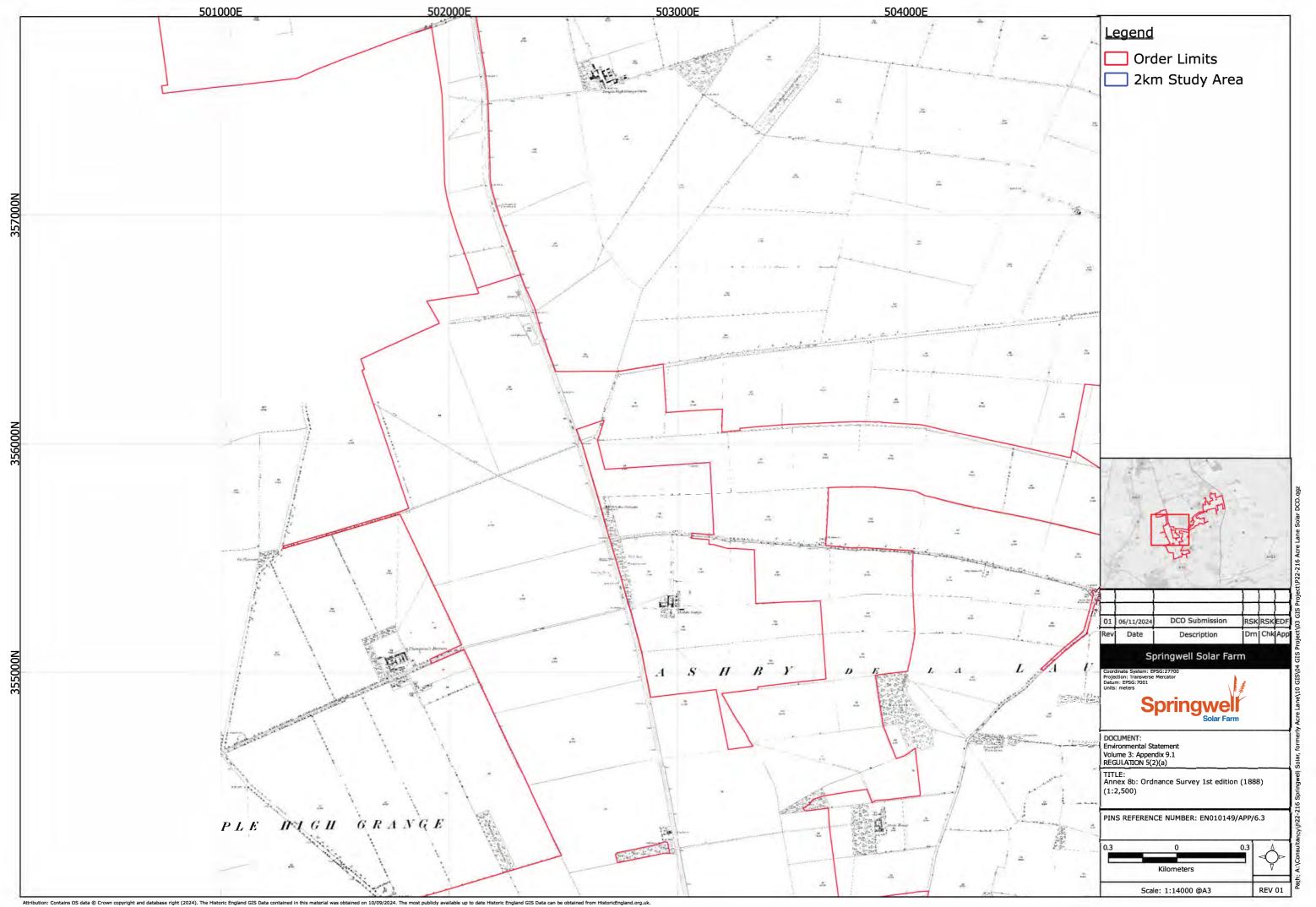


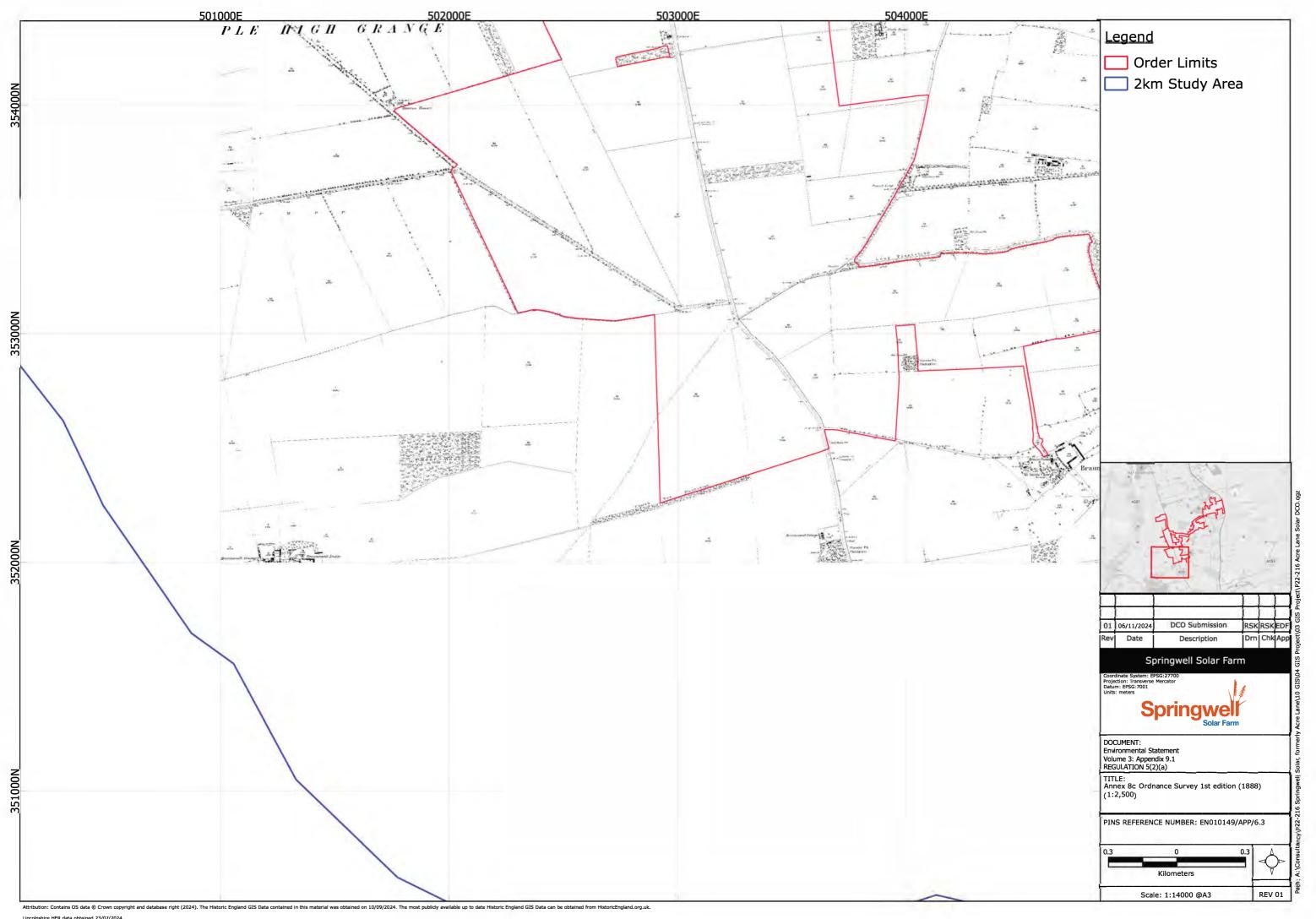
Annex 8 - Ordnance Survey 1st Edition (1888)

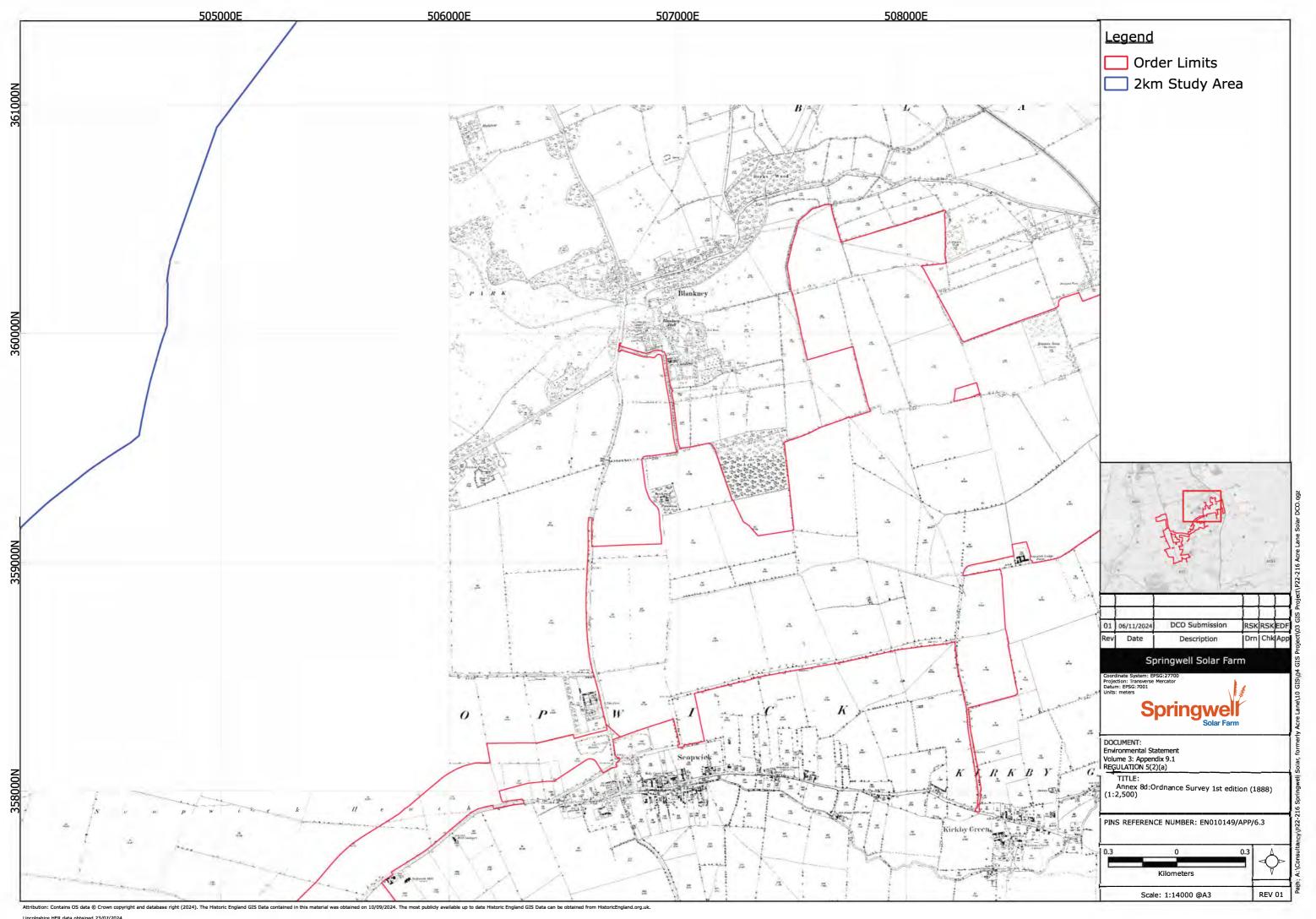


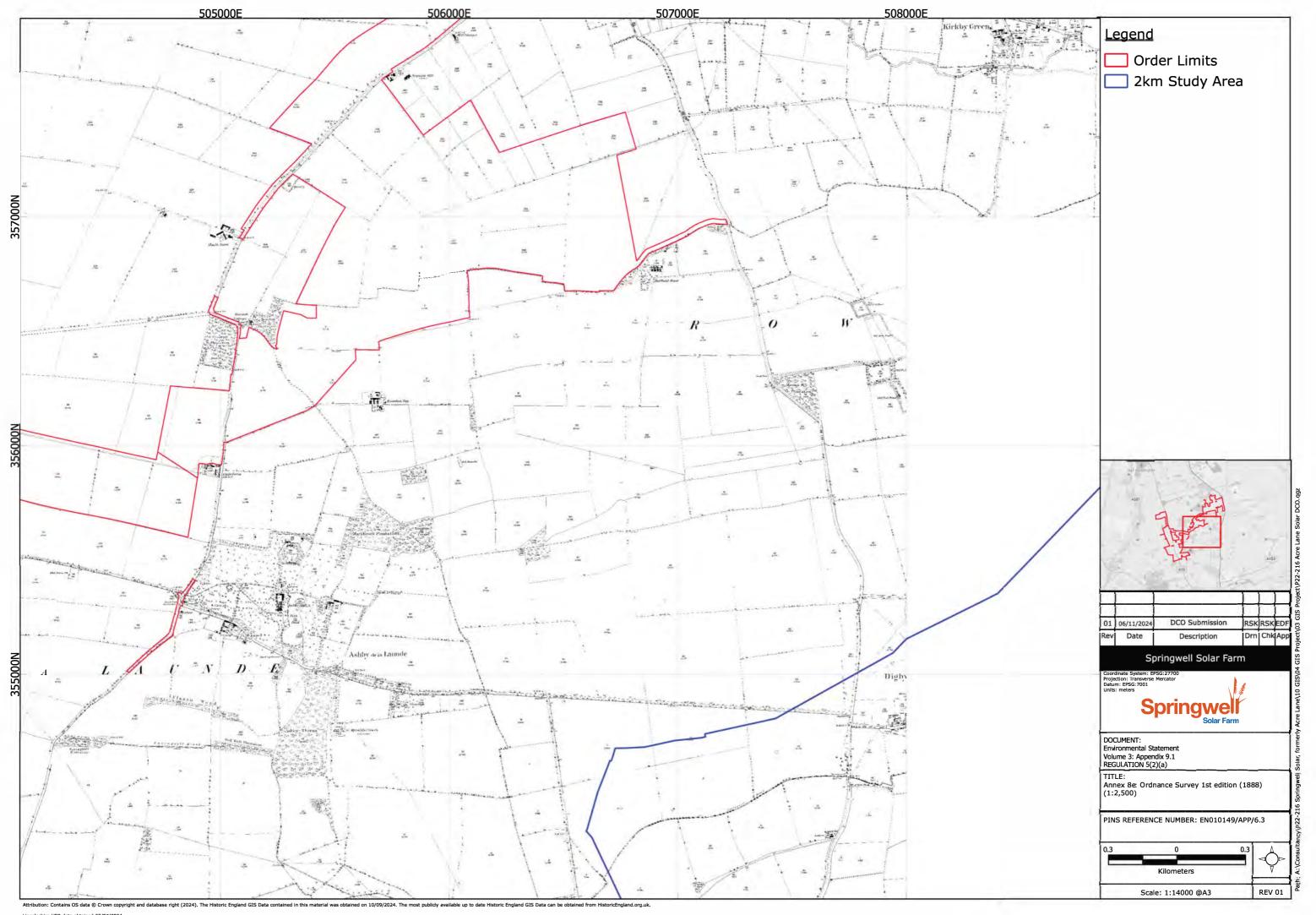
Application Document Ref: EN010149/APP/6.3 Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: EN010149

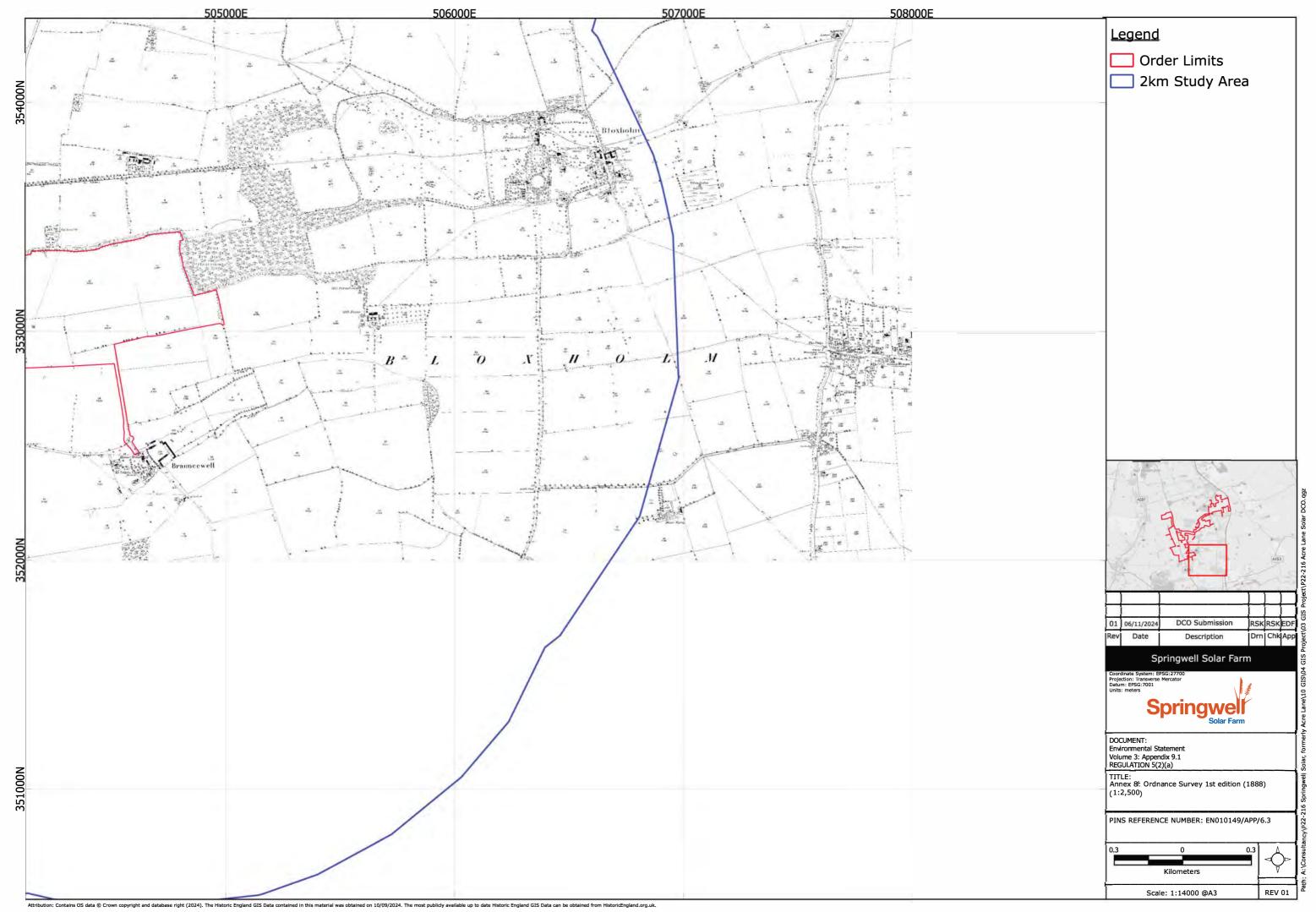


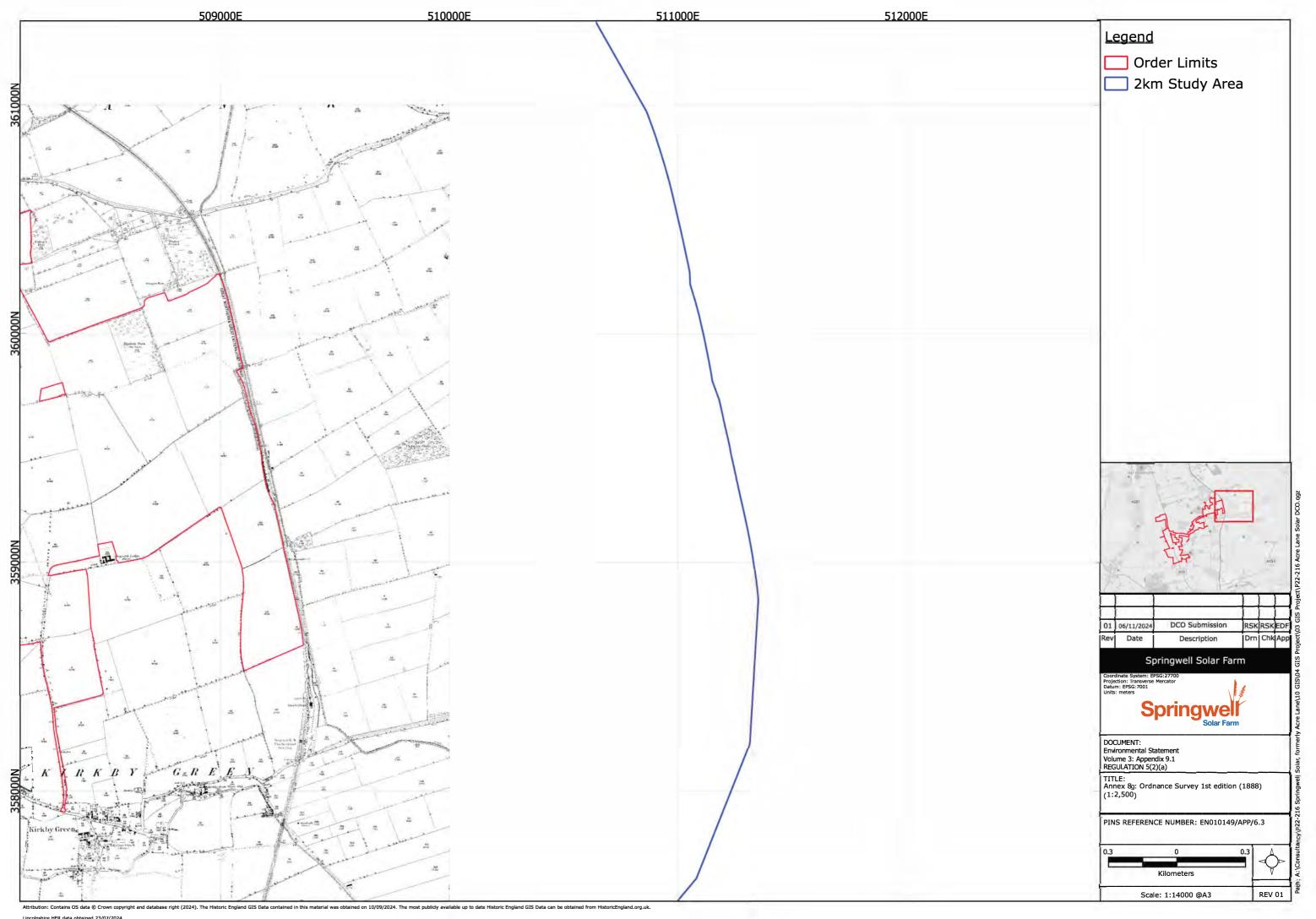


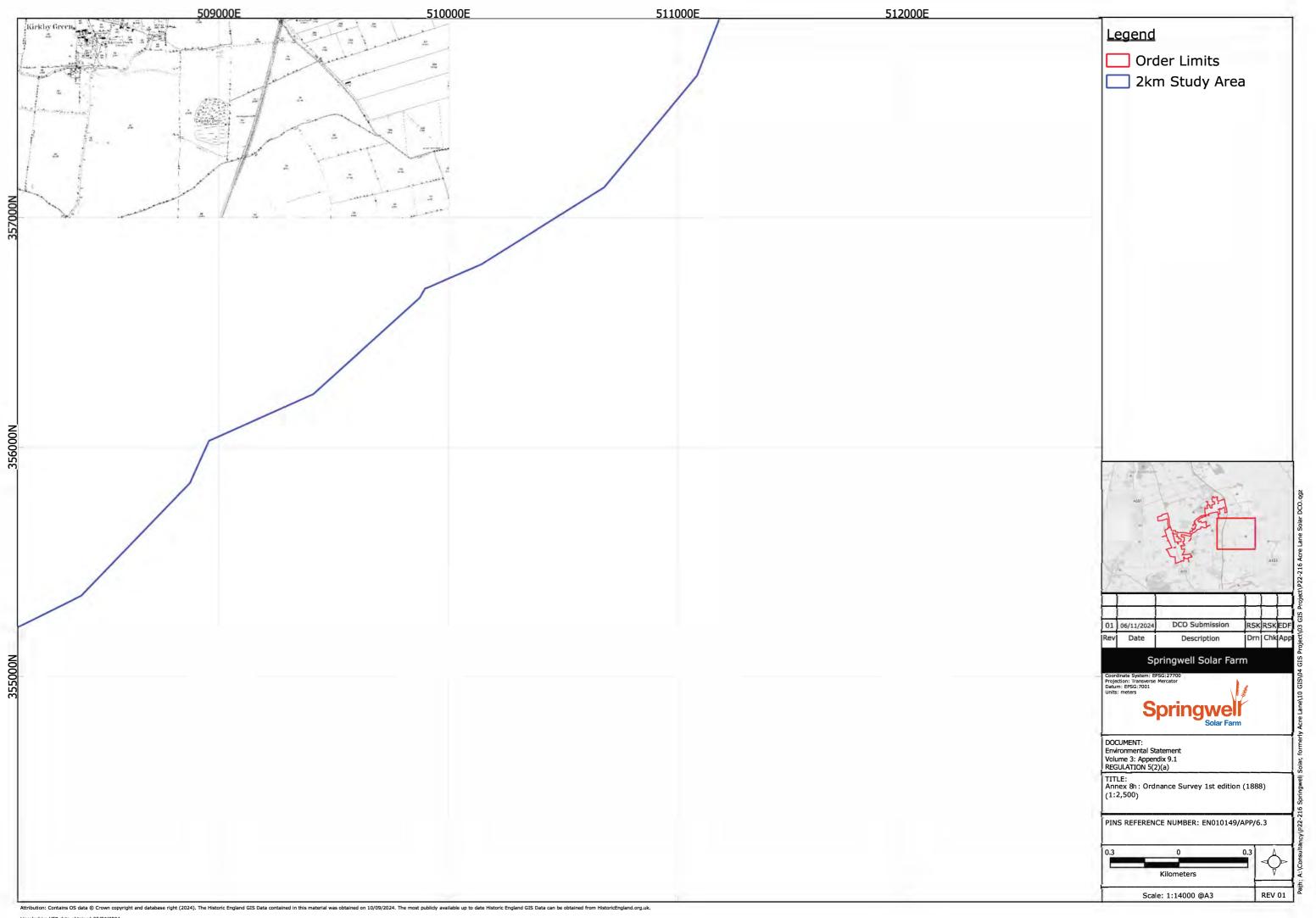






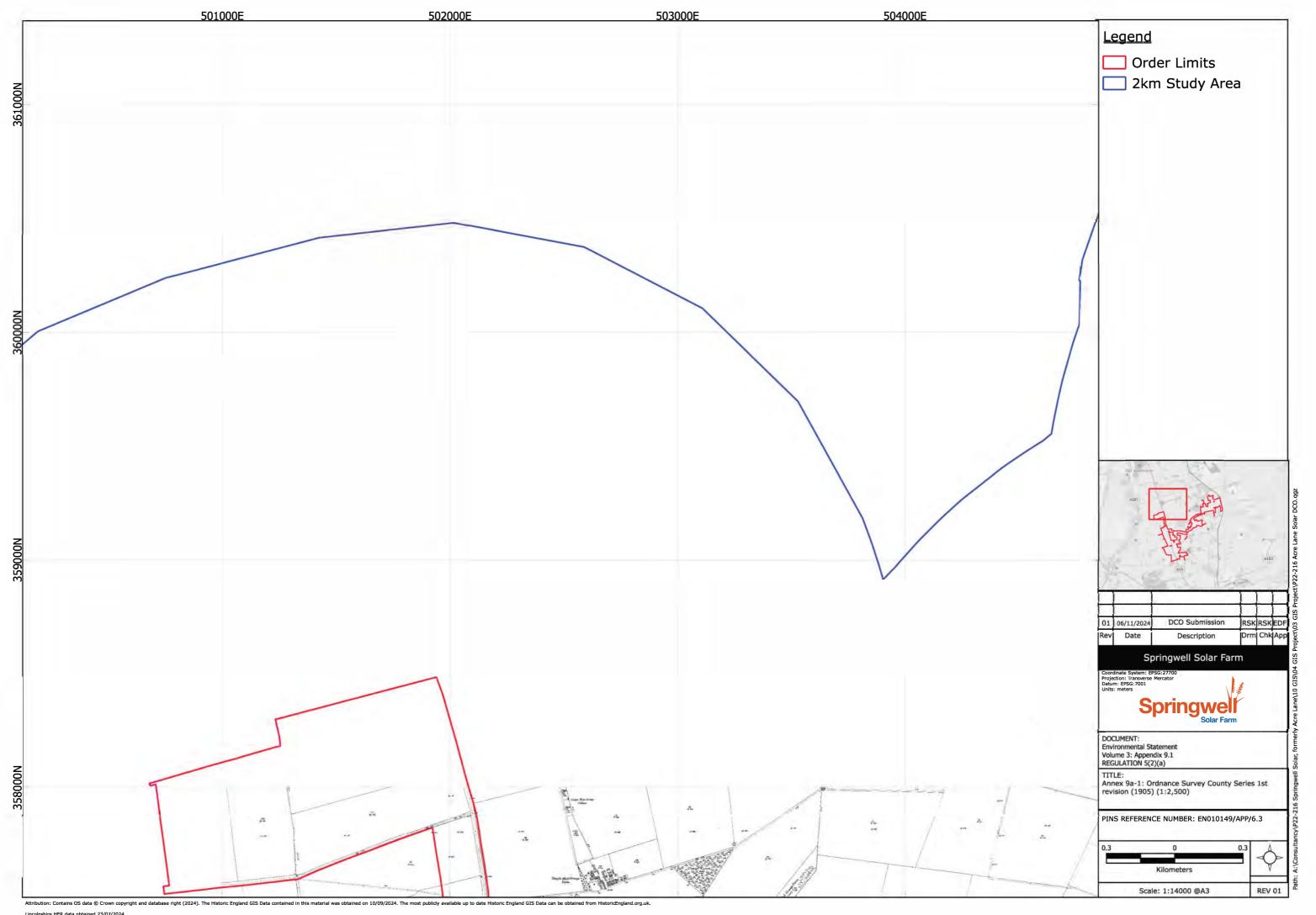


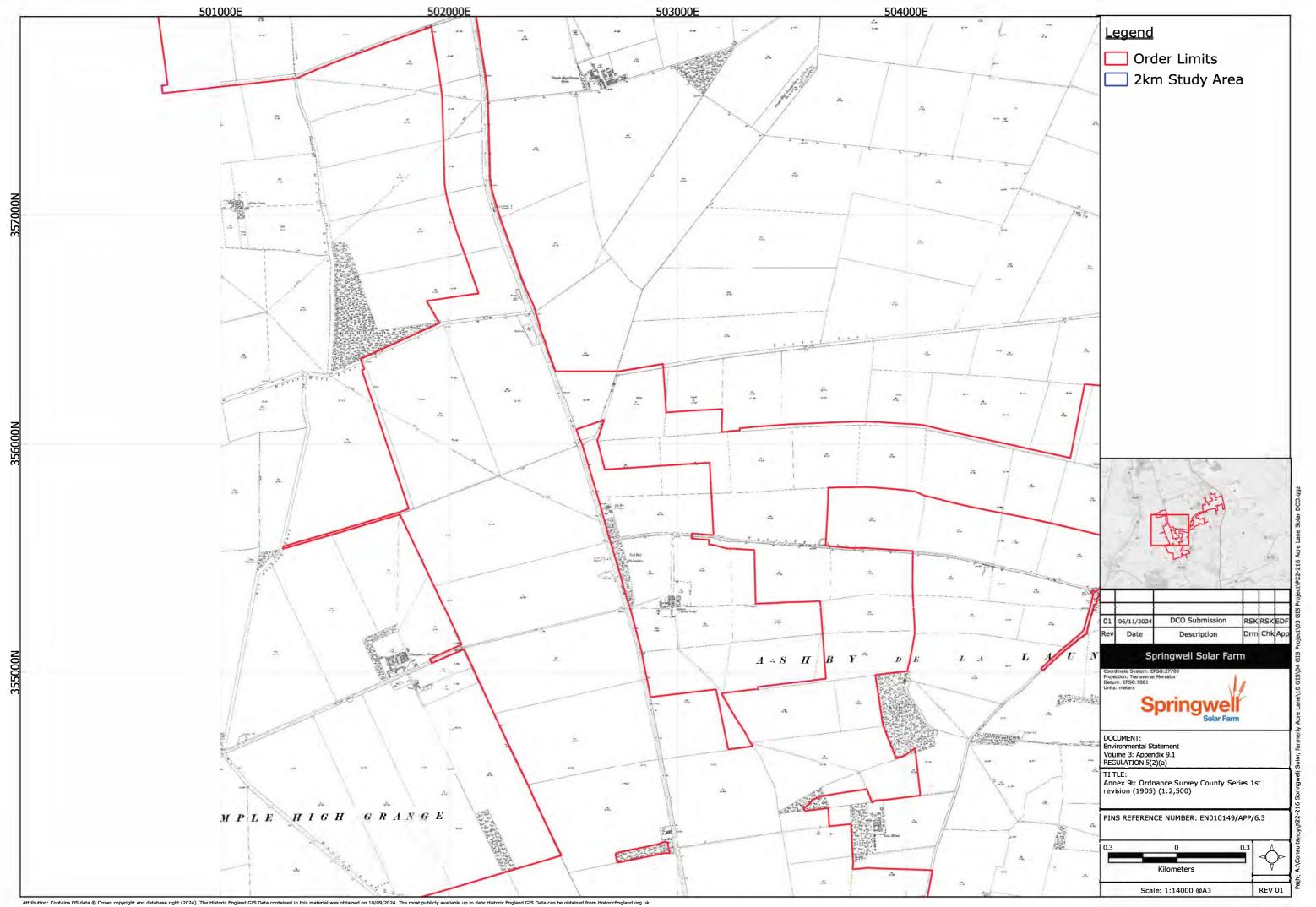


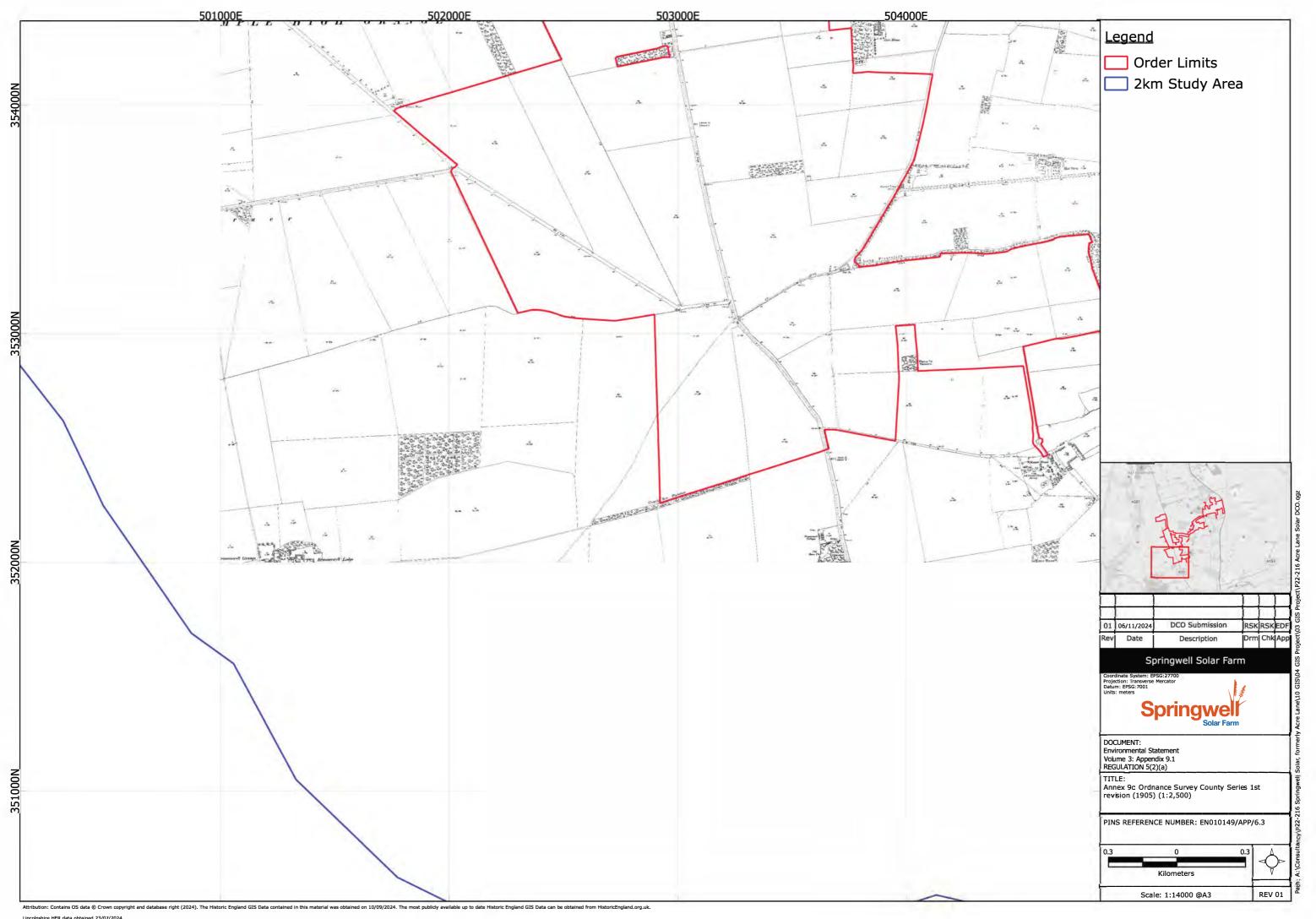


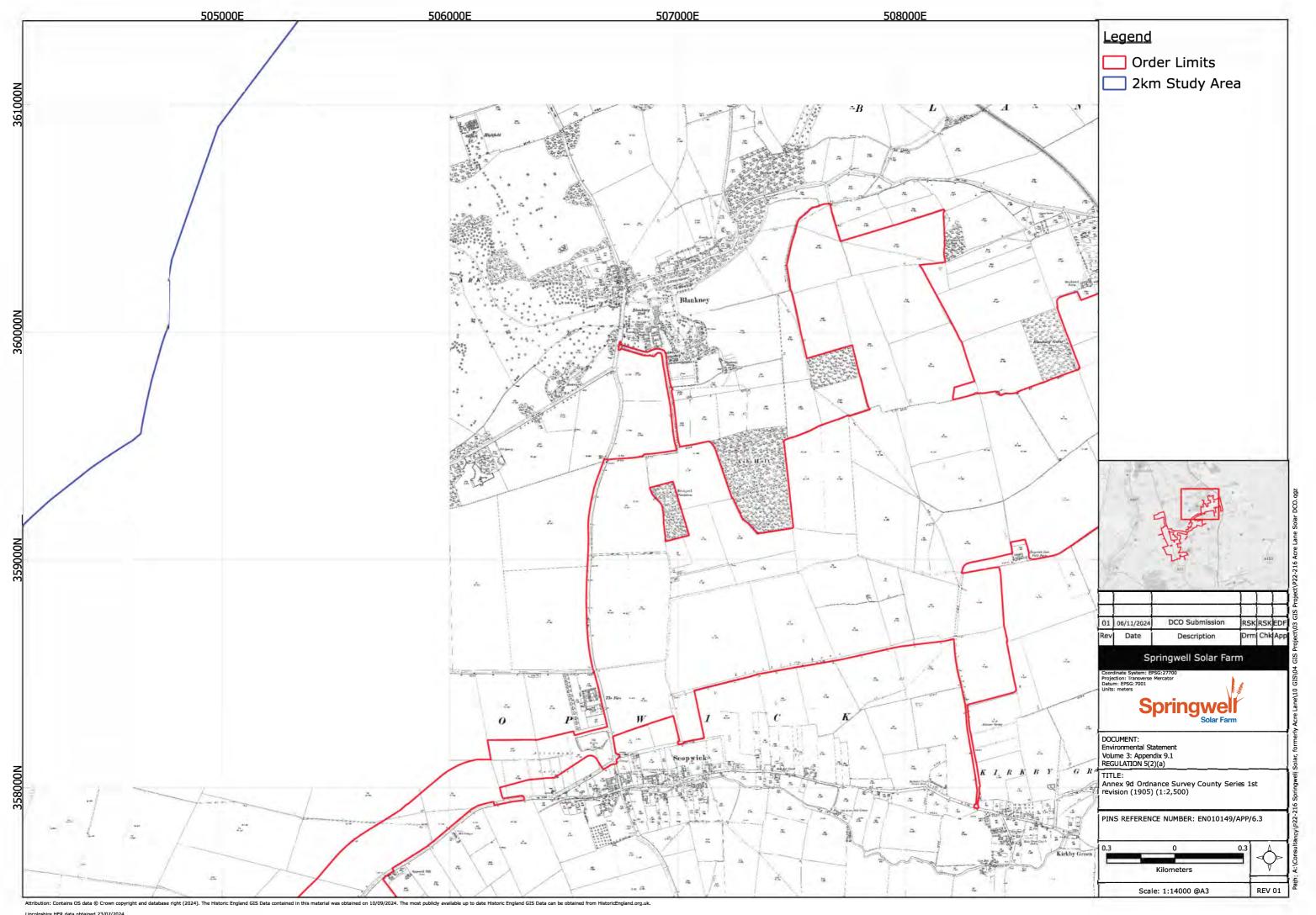
Annex 9 - Ordnance Survey County Series 1st Revision (1905)

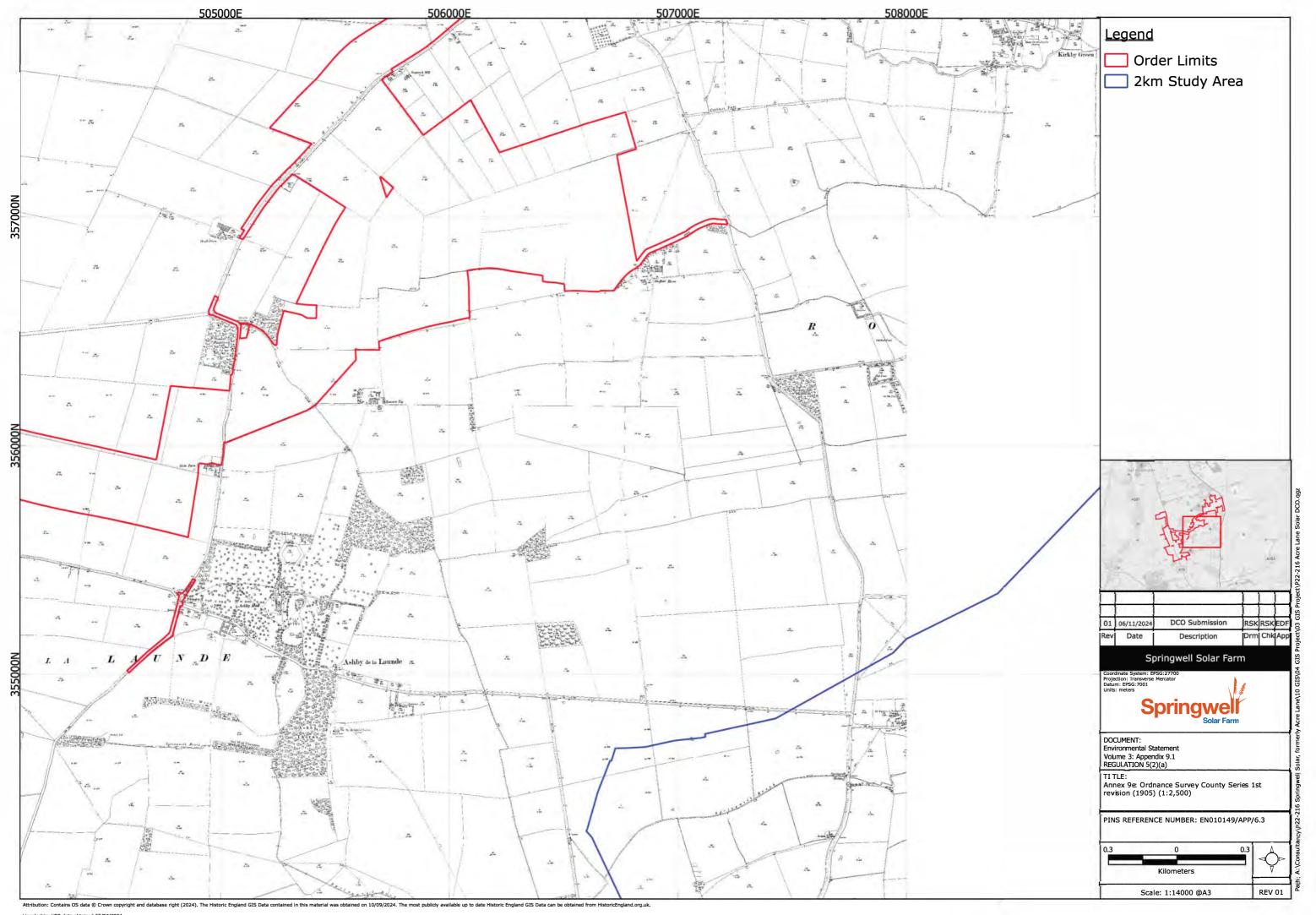


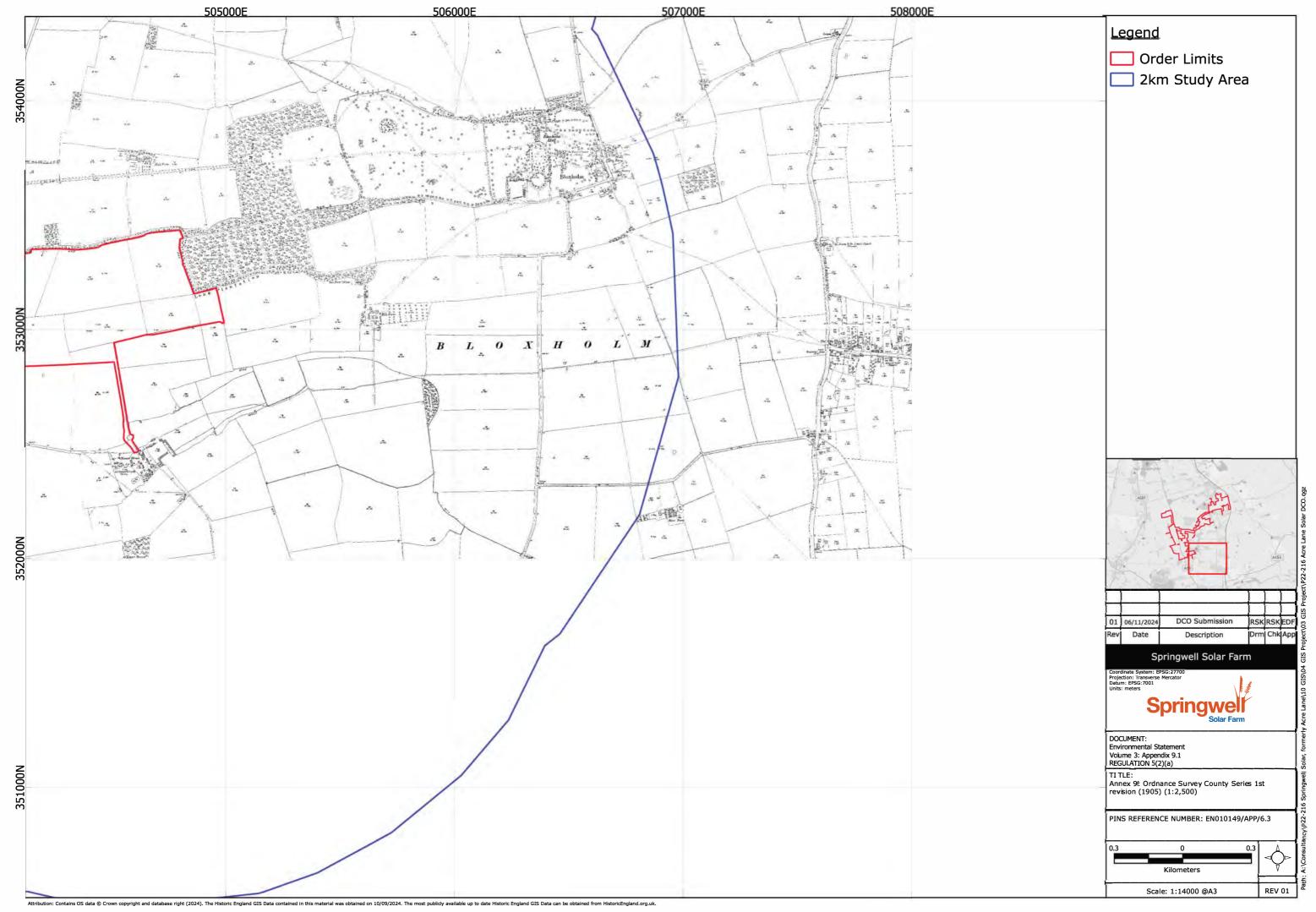


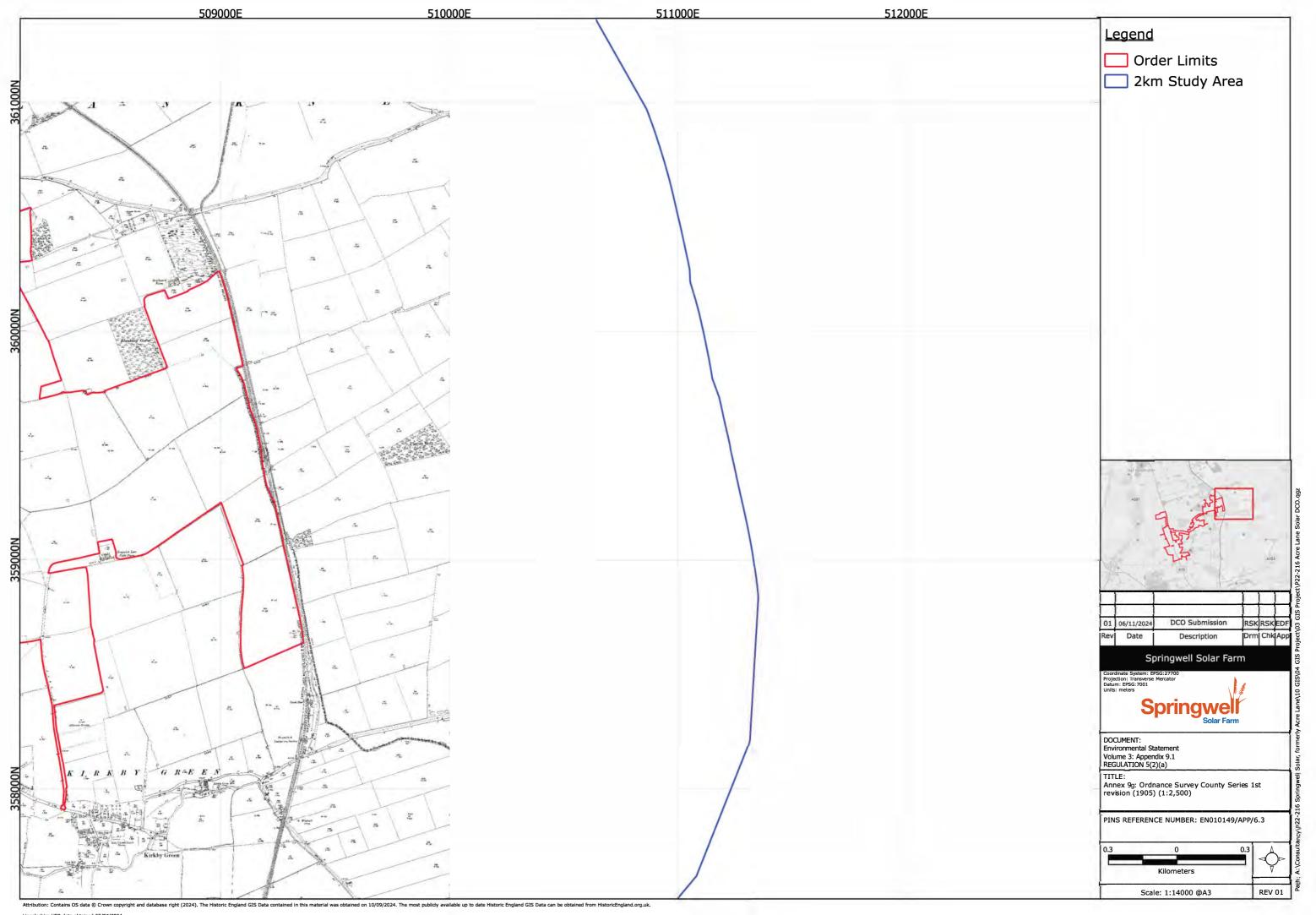


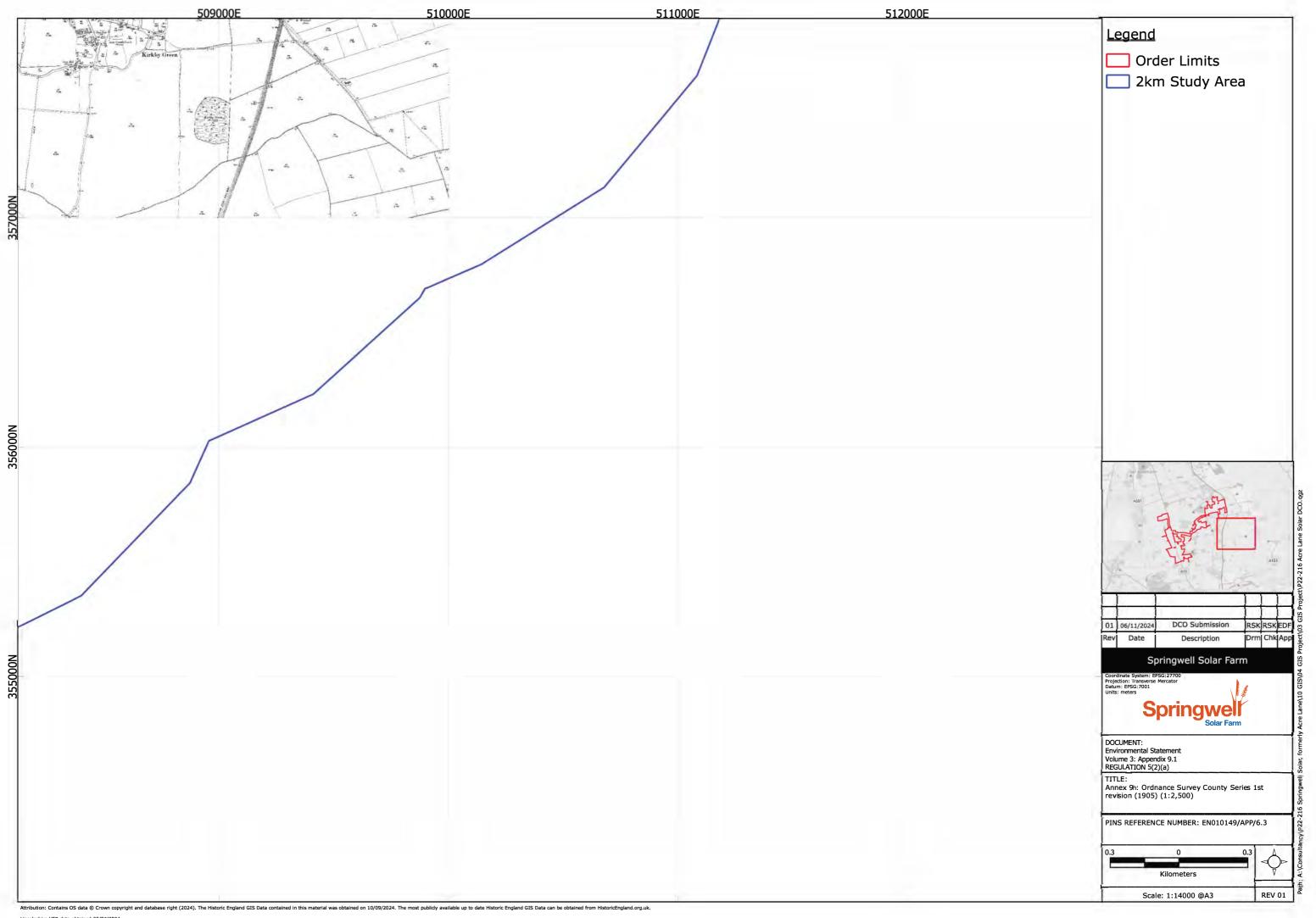








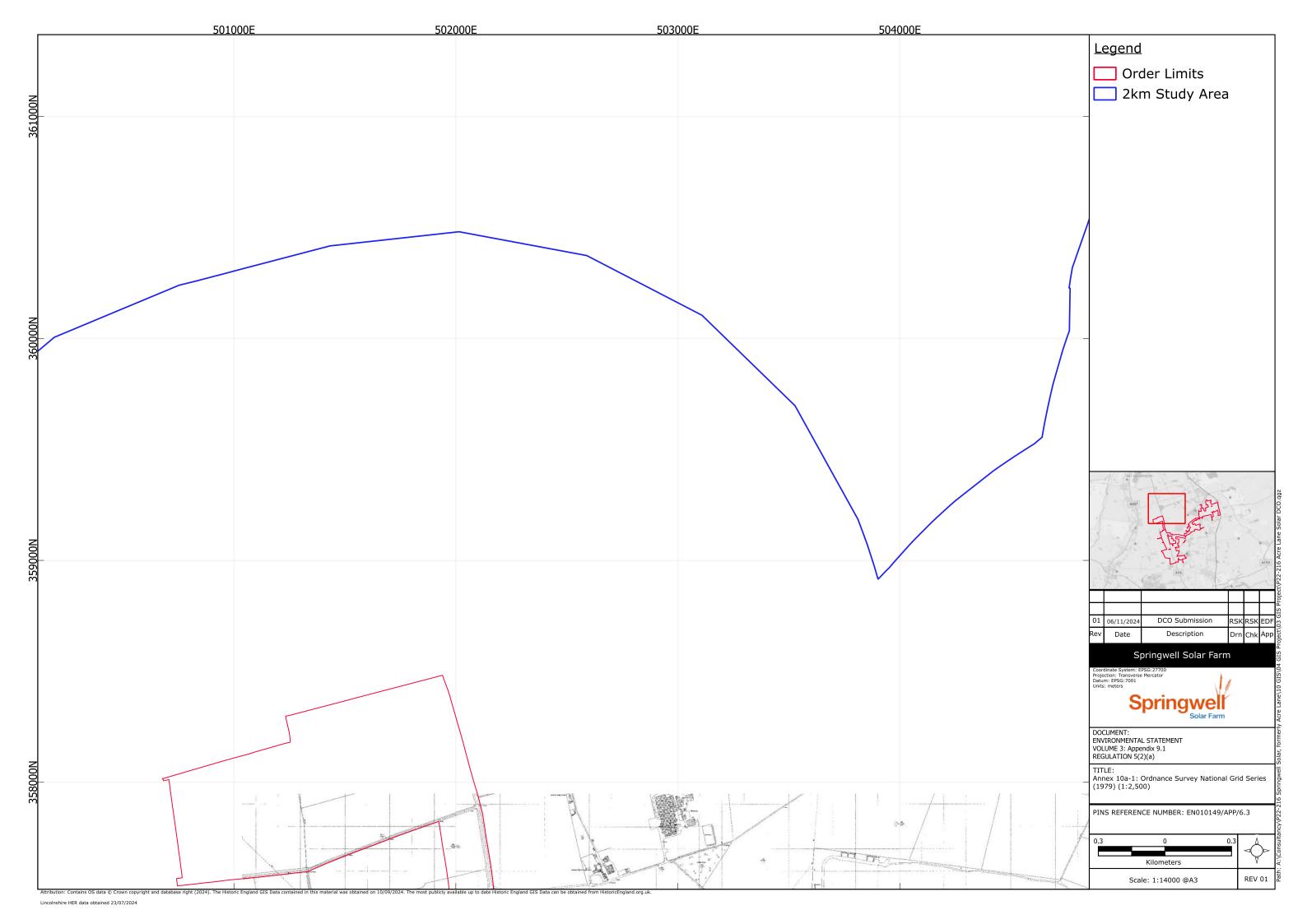


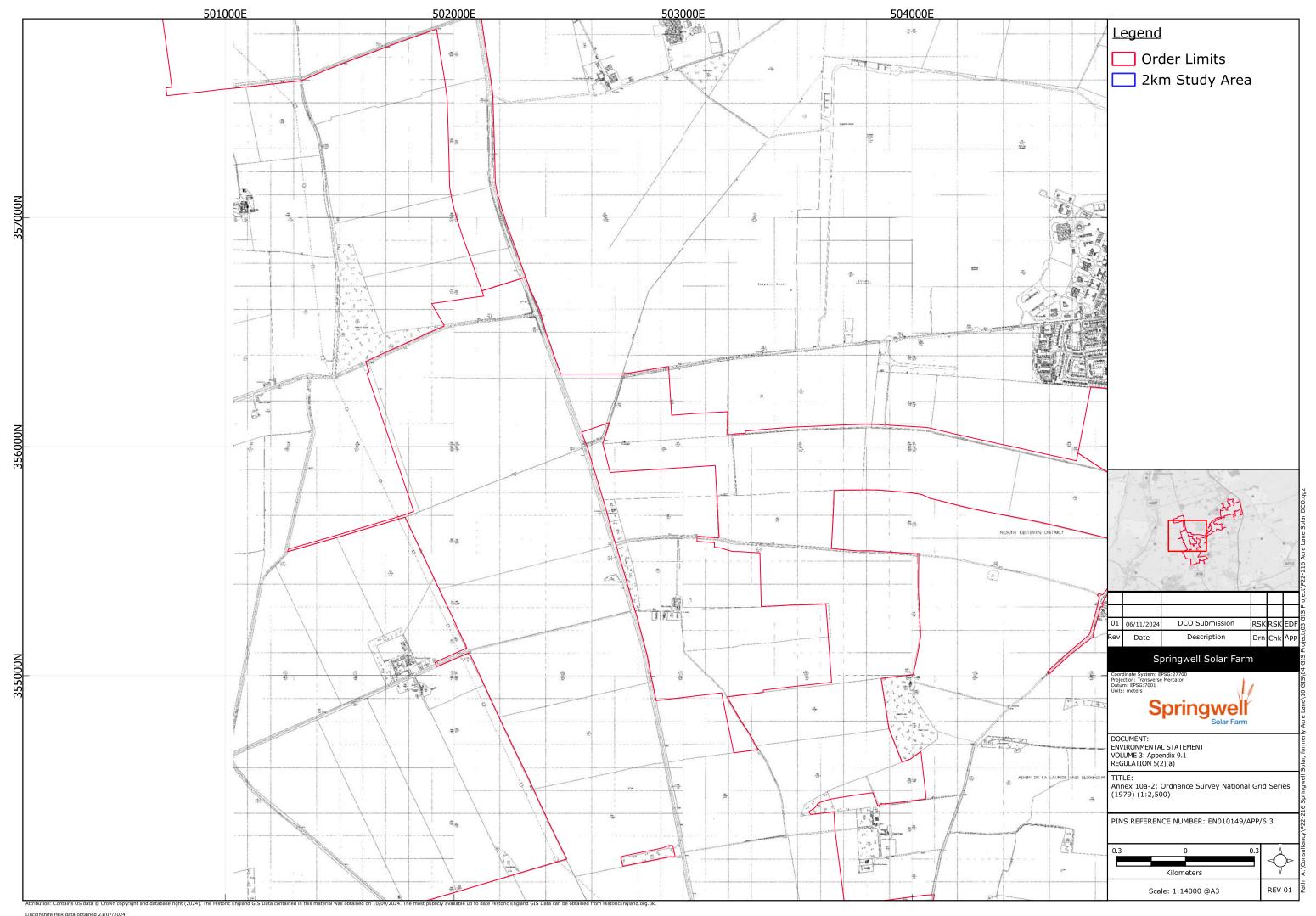


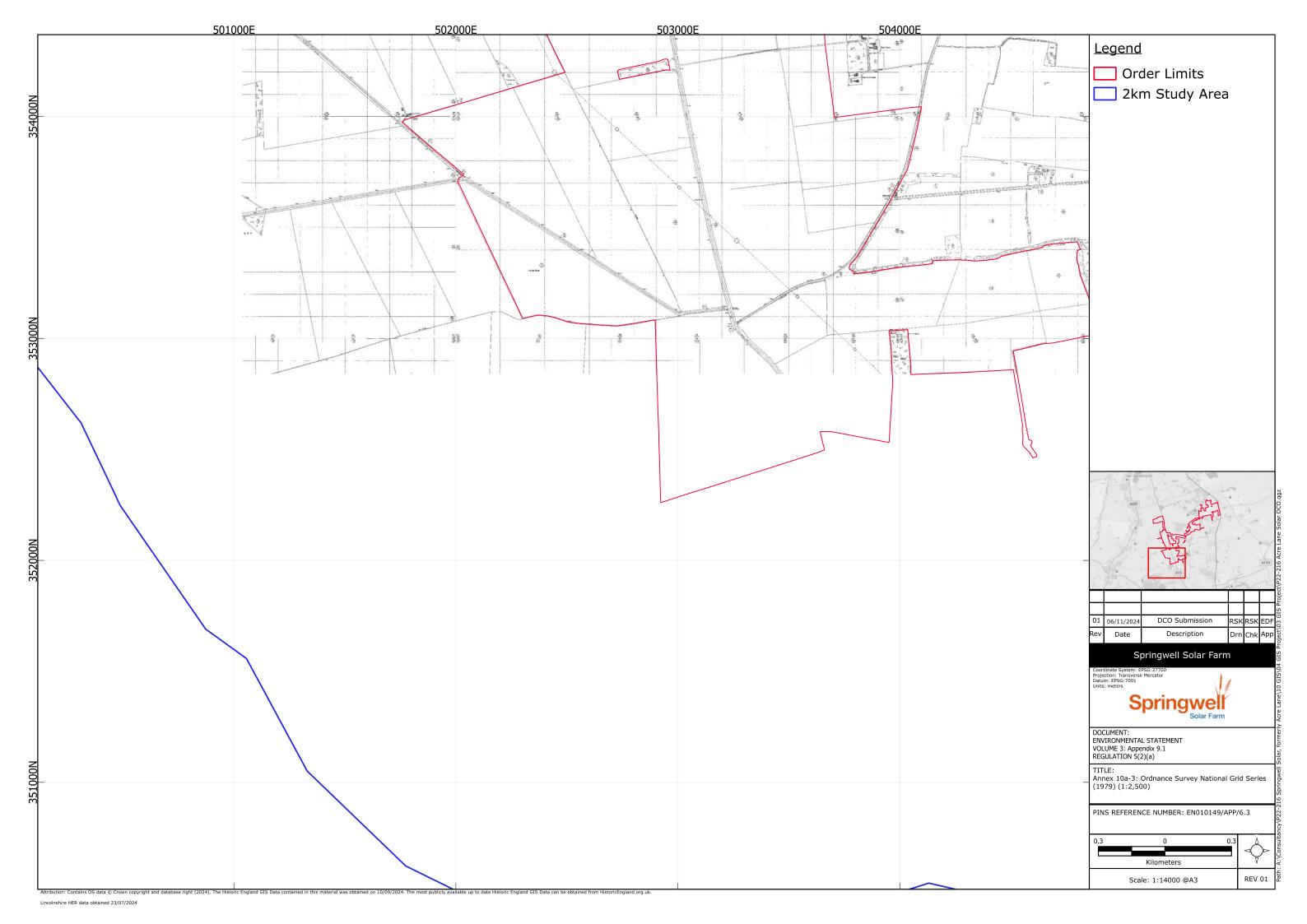
Annex 10 - Ordnance Survey National Grid Series (1979)



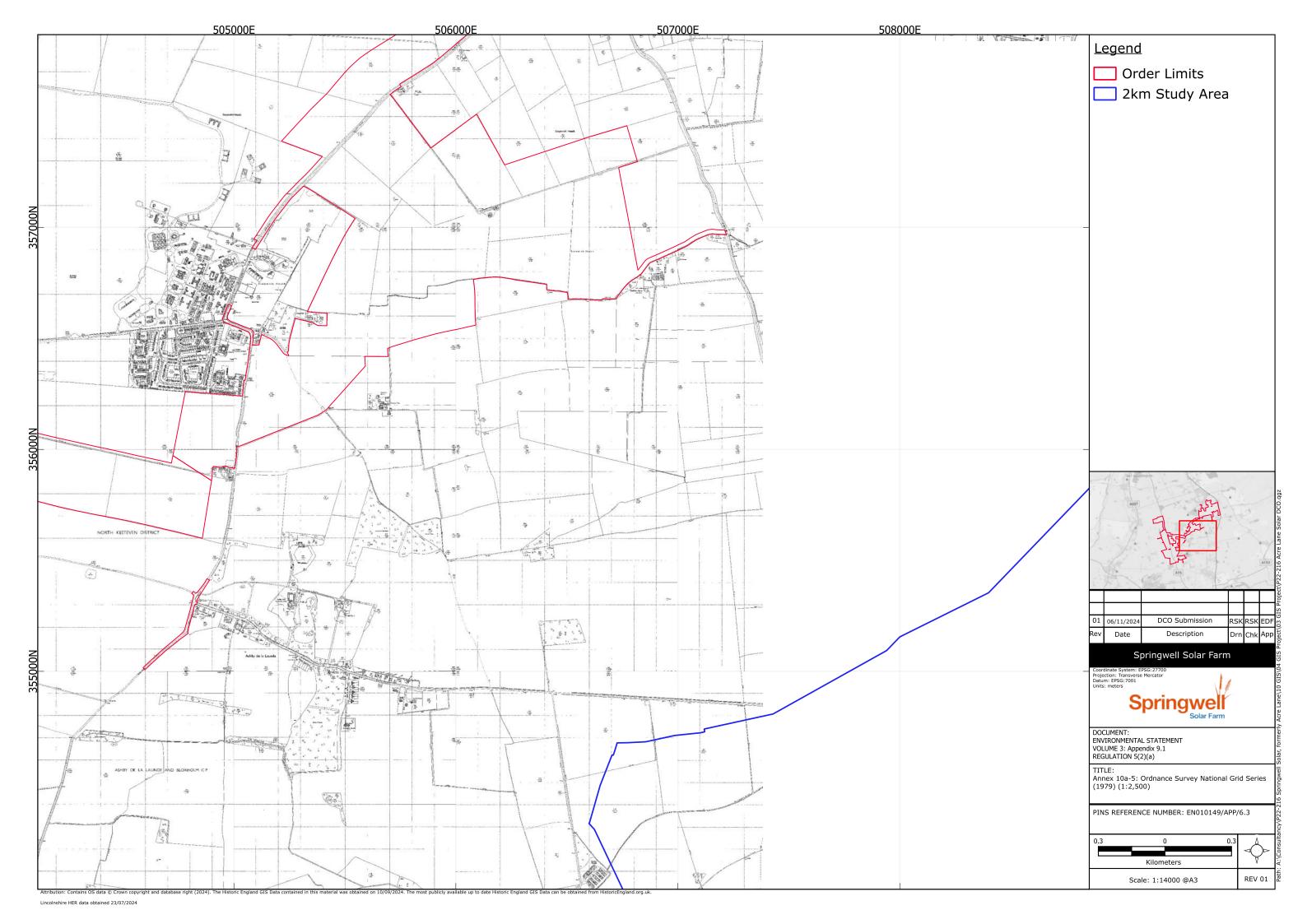
Application Document Ref: EN010149/APP/6.3 Planning Inspectorate Scheme Ref: EN010149

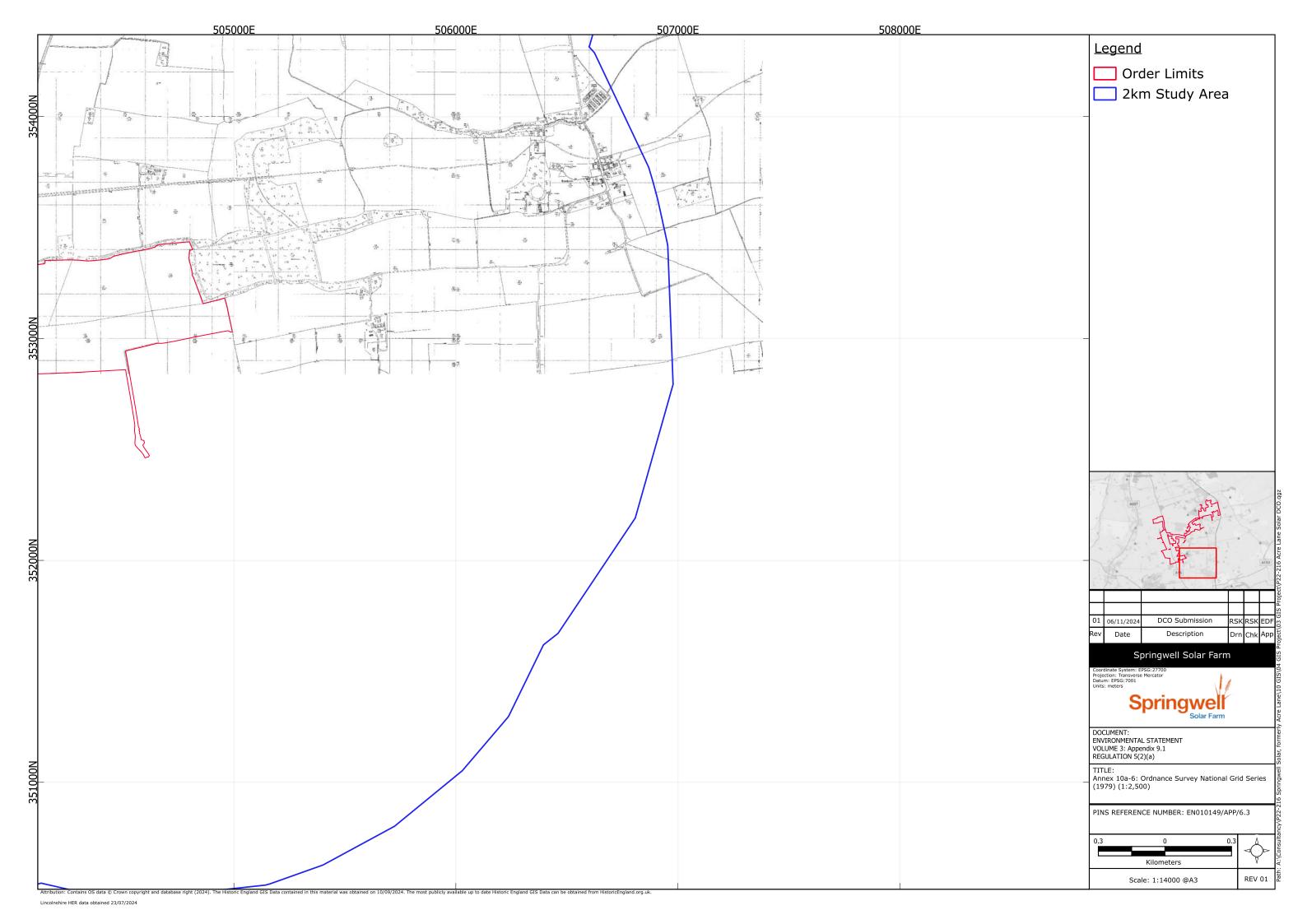


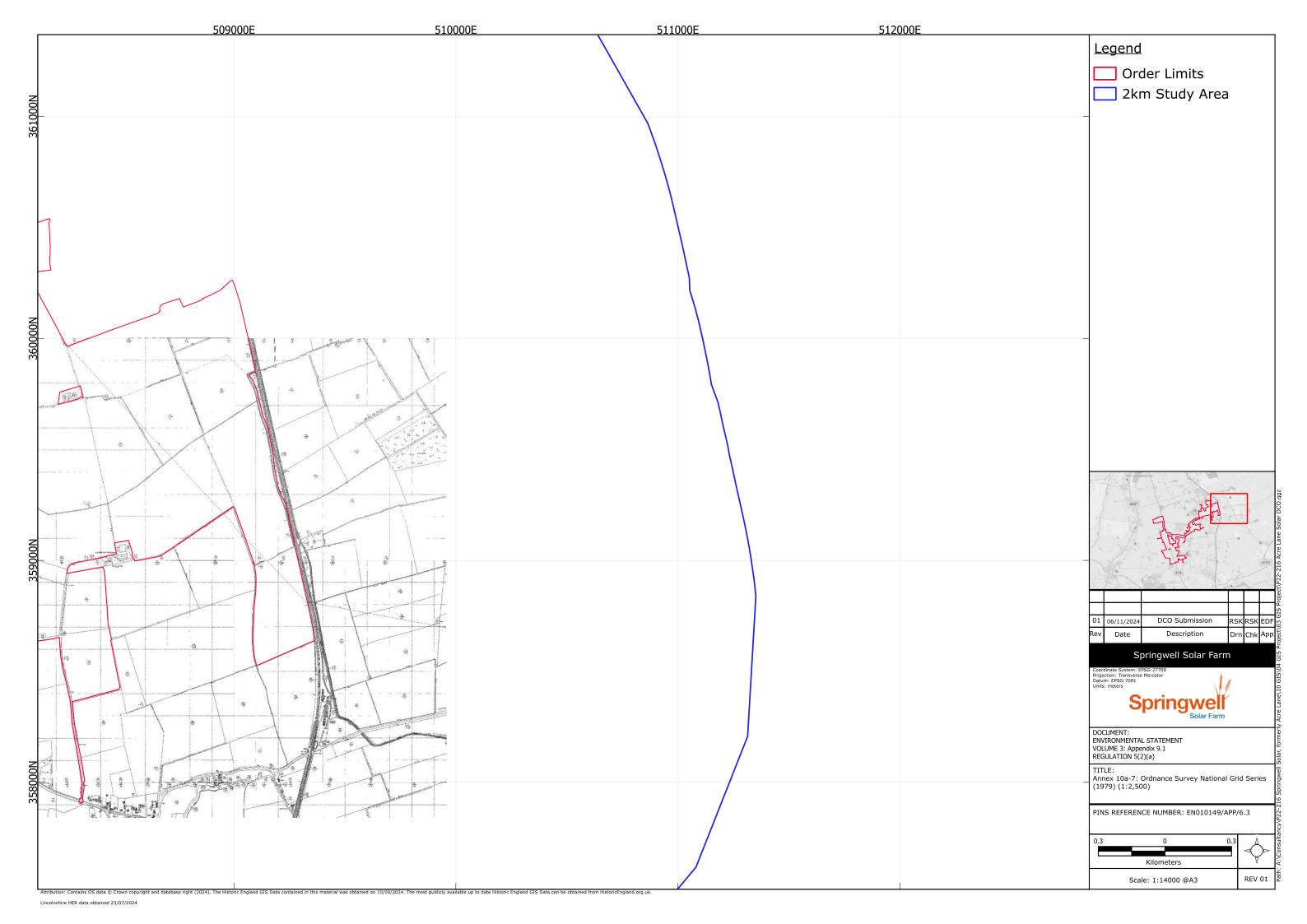


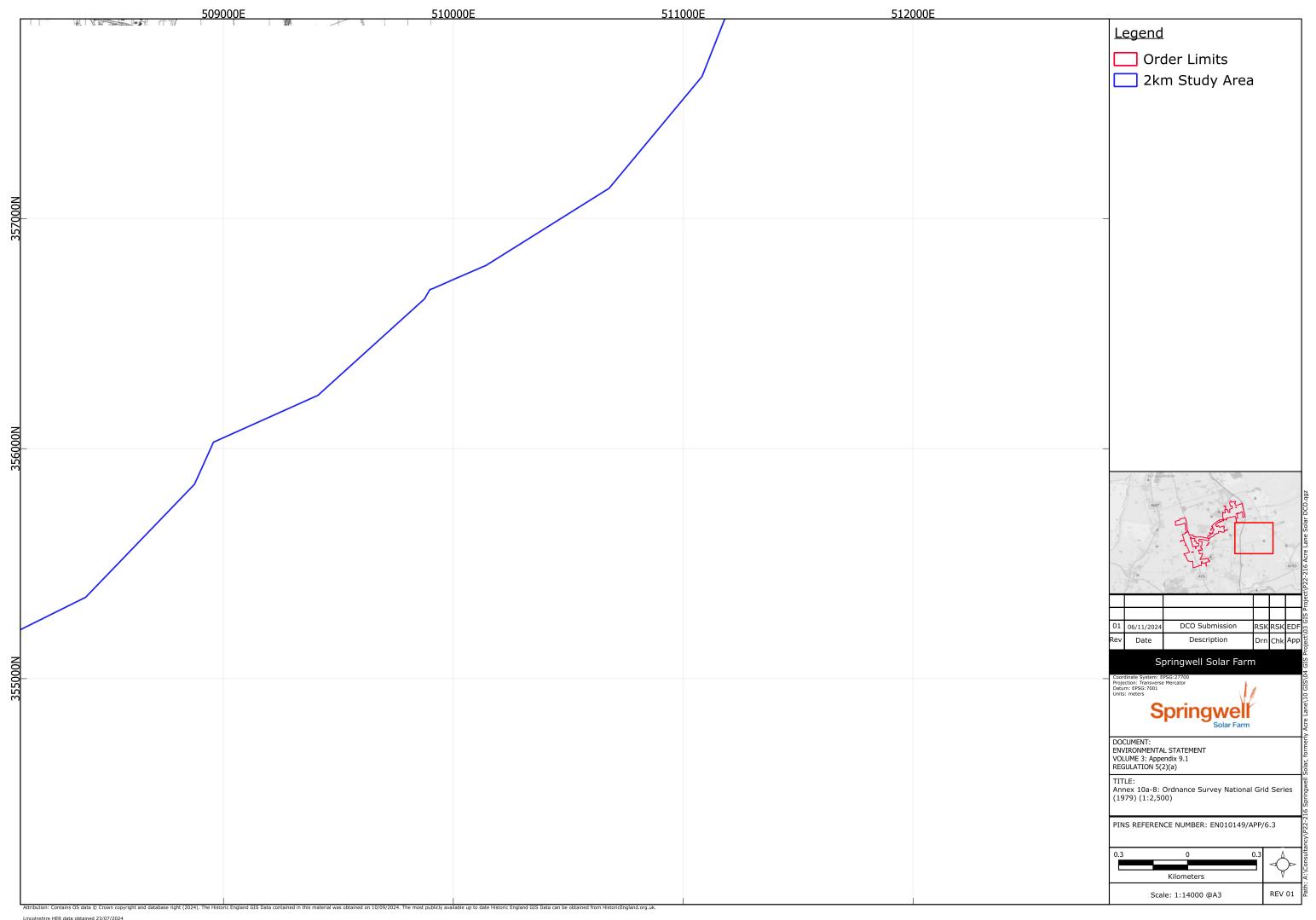










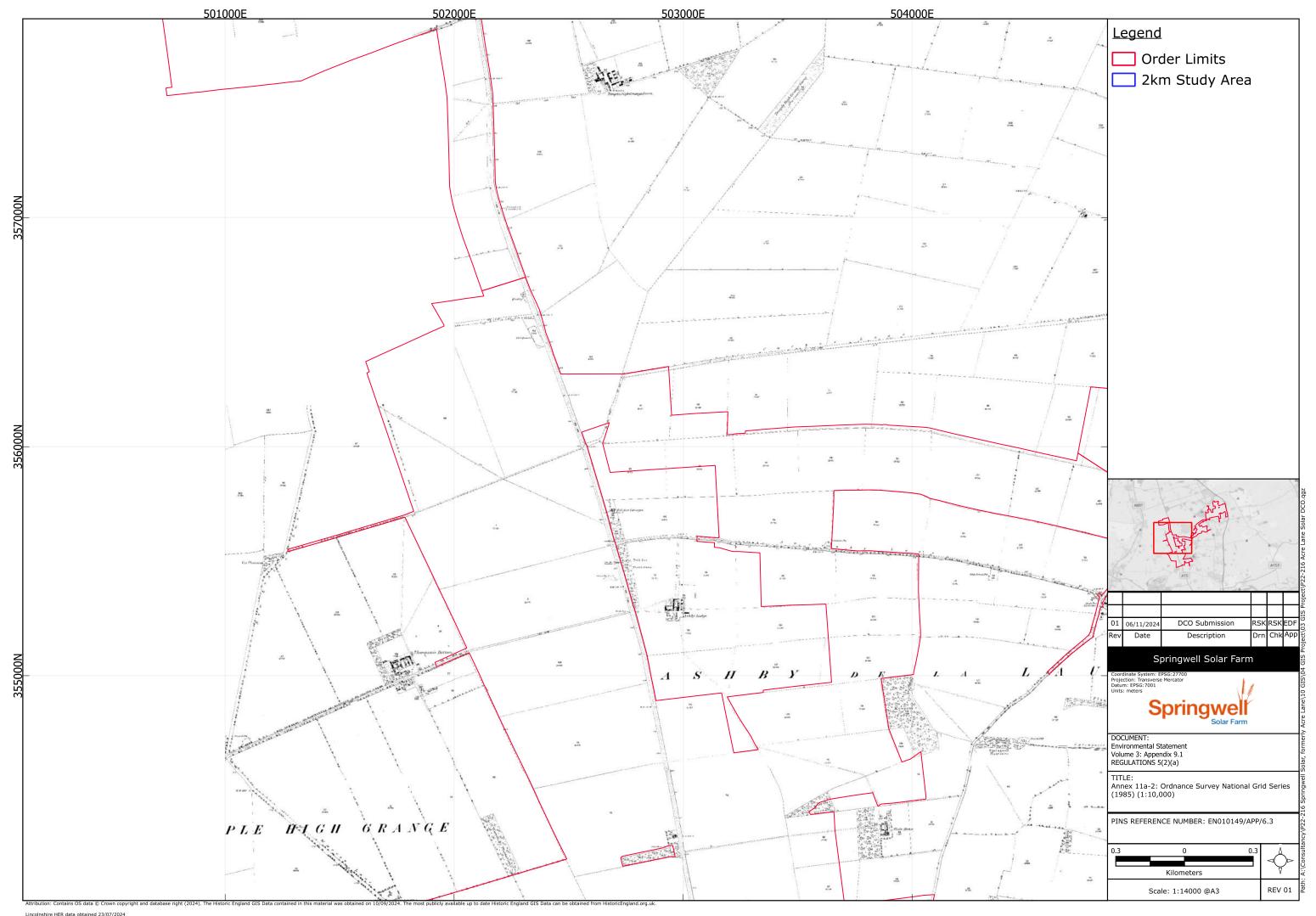


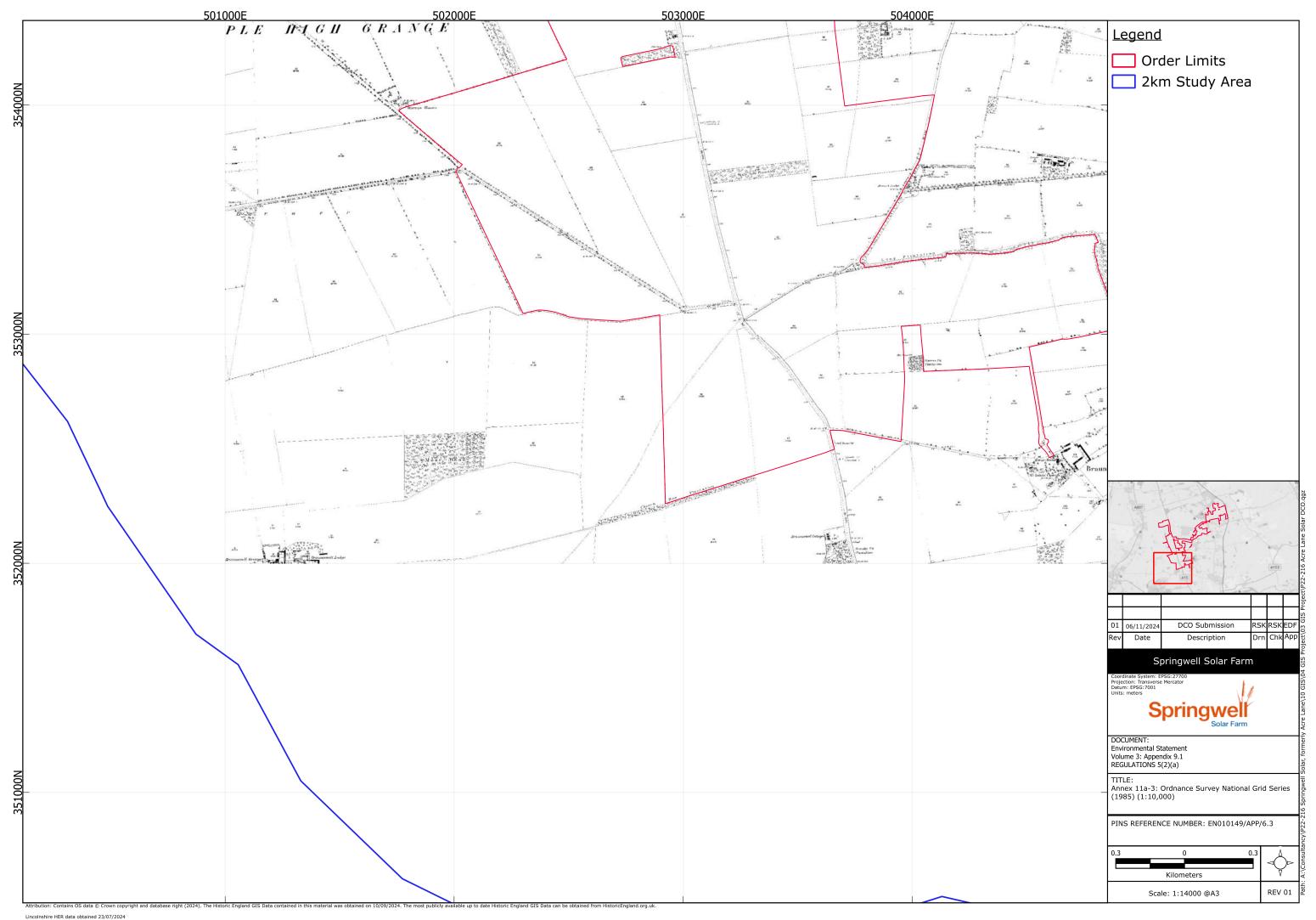
Annex 11 - Ordnance Survey National Grid Series (1985)

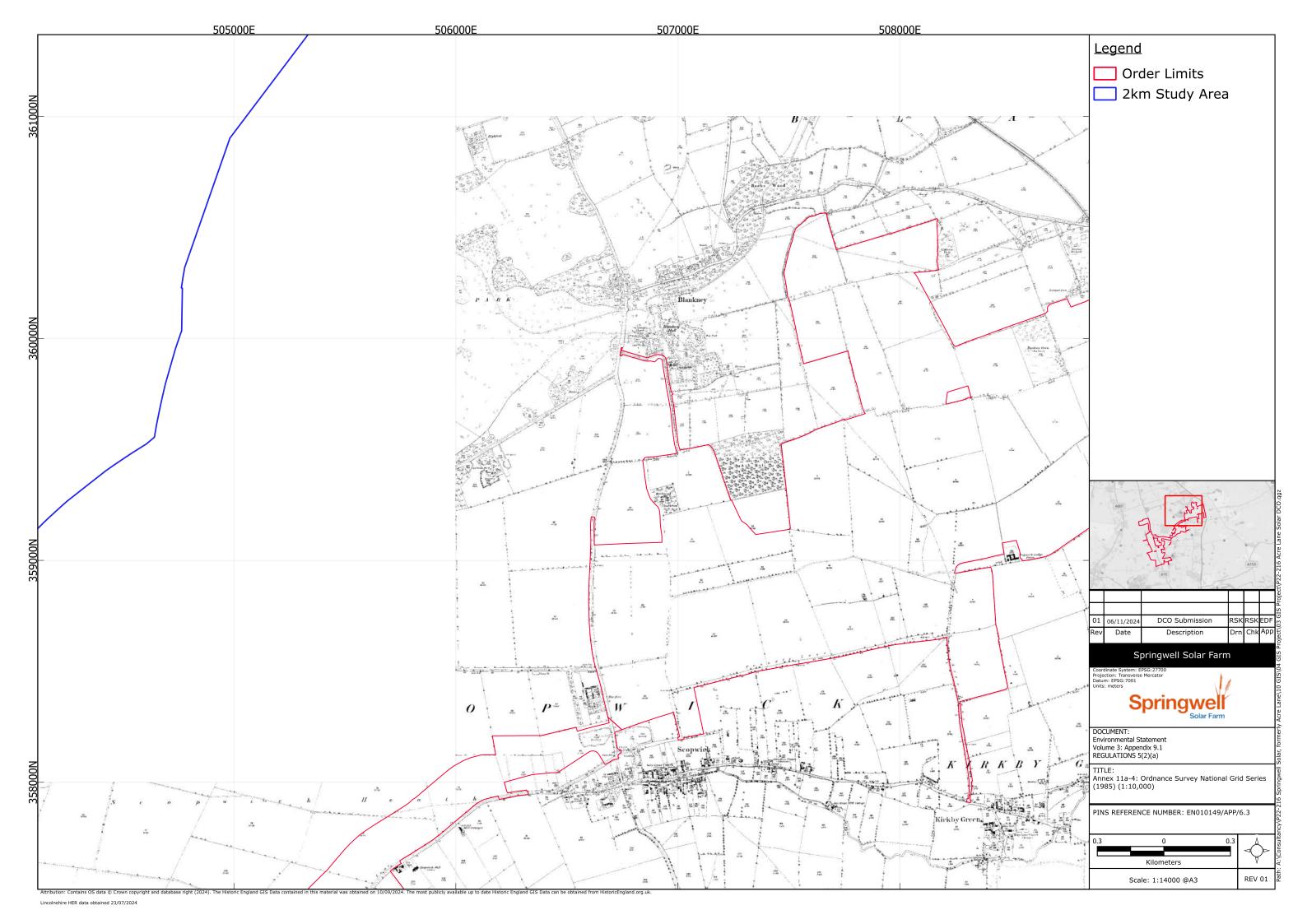


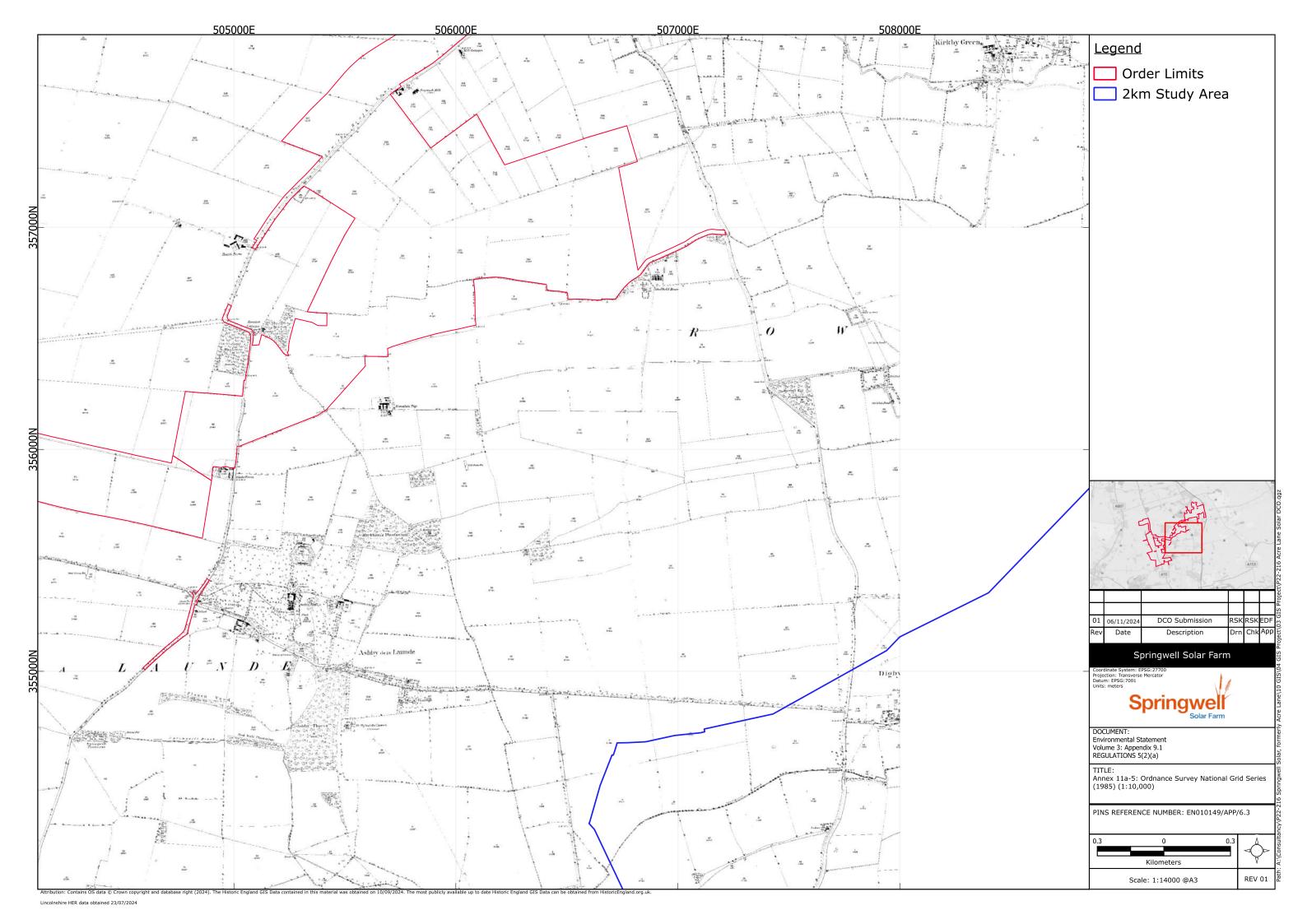
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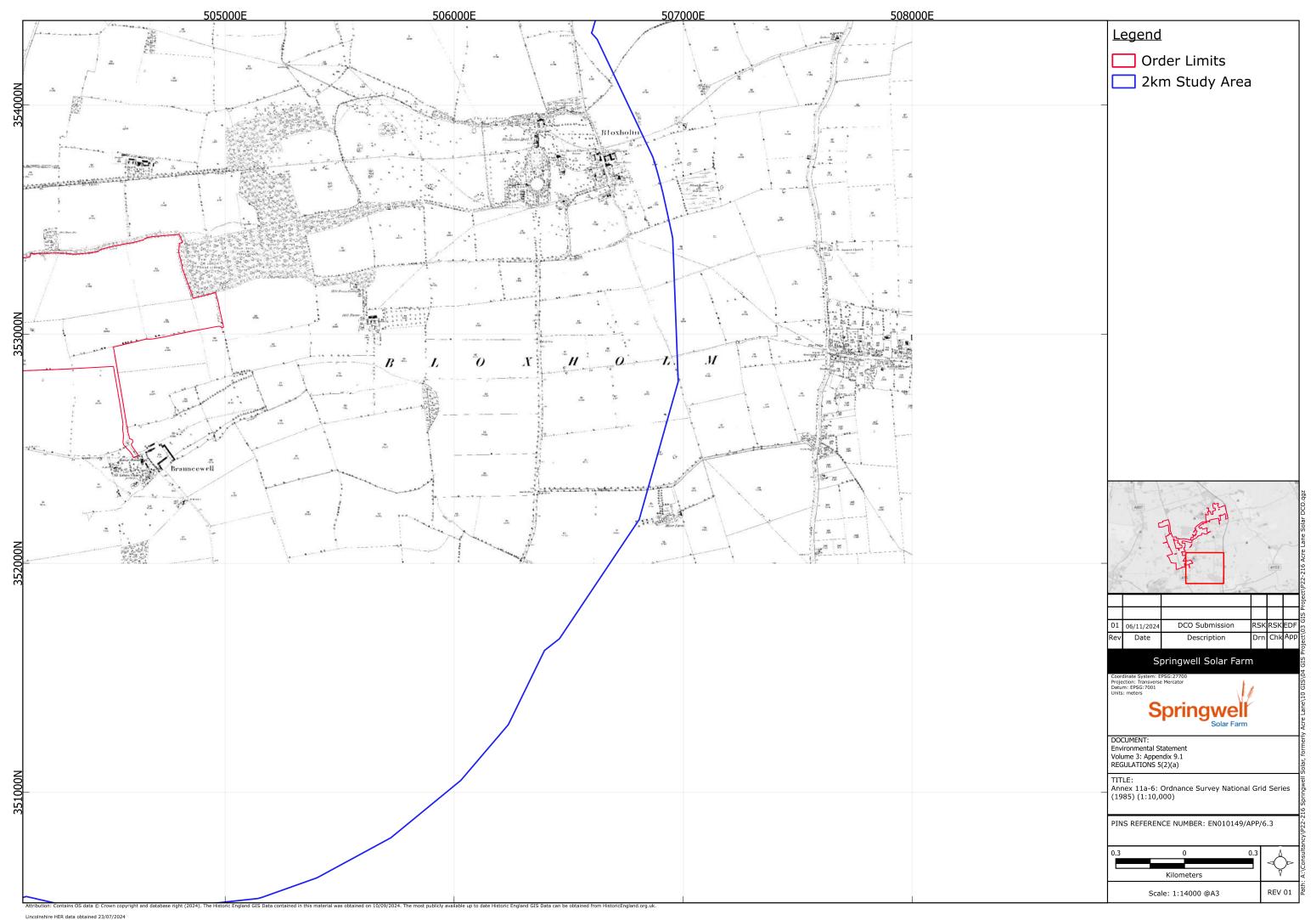


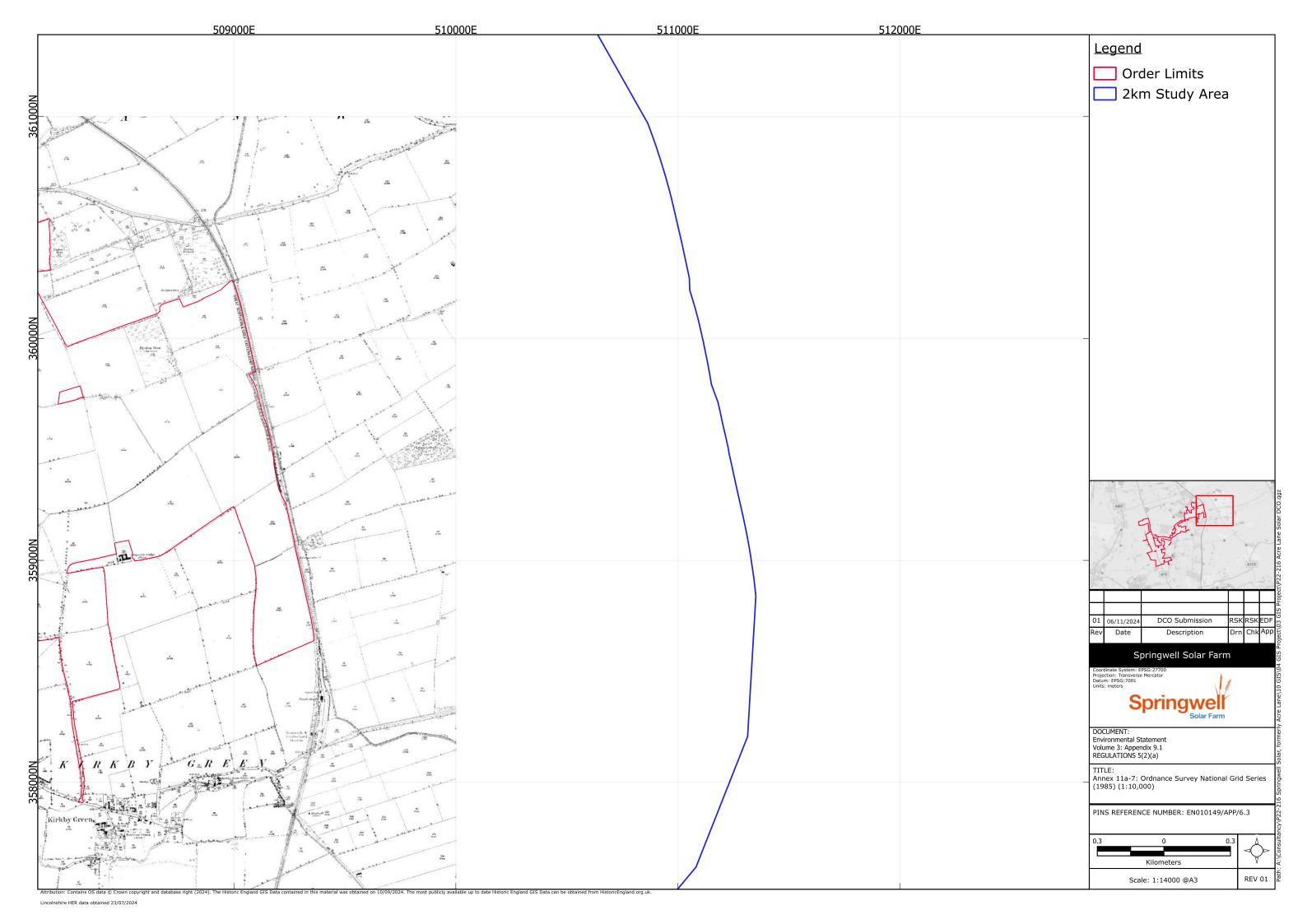


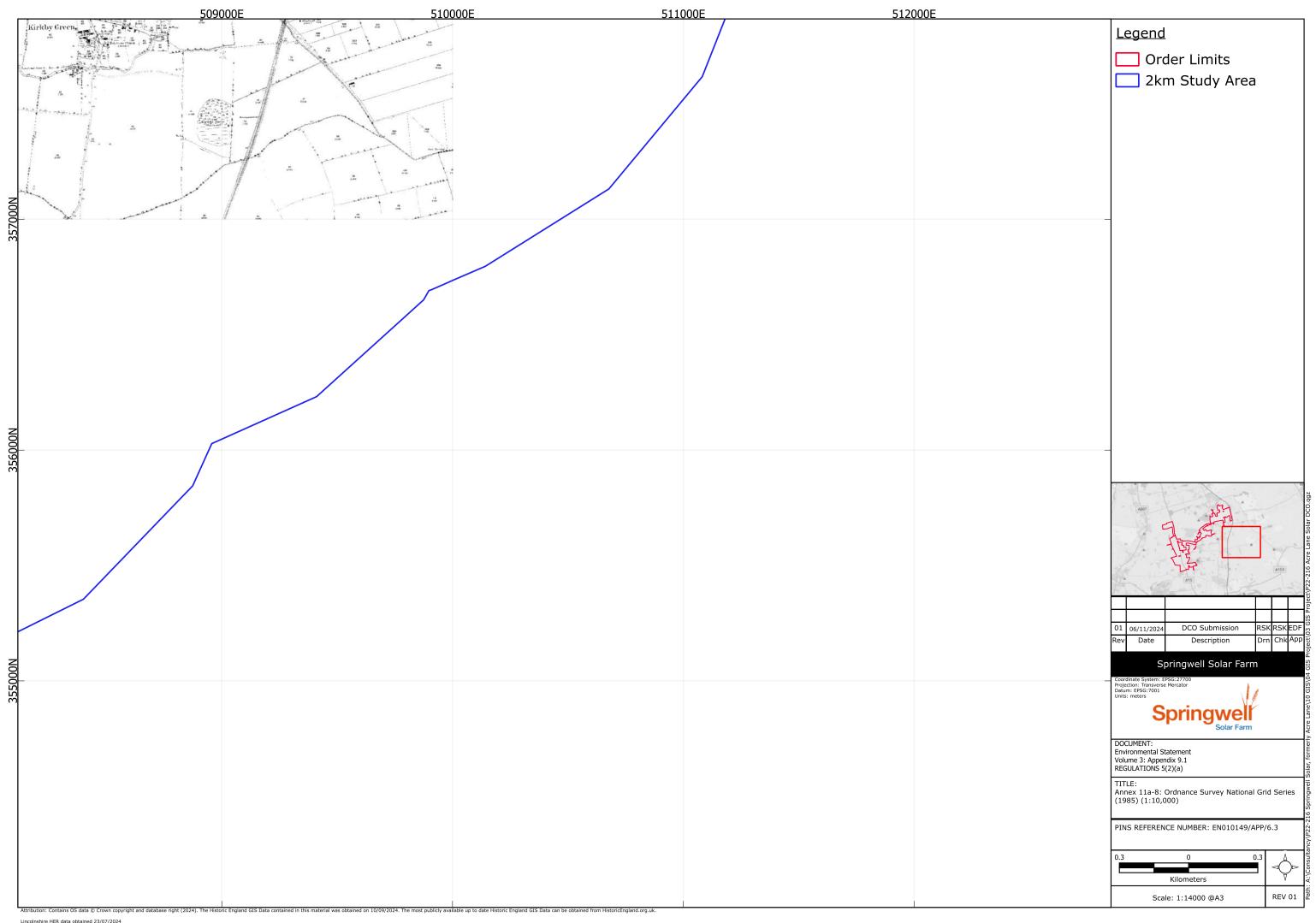












Annex 12 - Gazetteer of Designated Heritage Assets with Potential for Effects





Annex 12: Gazetteer of designated heritage assets with potential for effects

ist Entry	Name	Brief description	Easting Northin	g Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	for physical effects?	for setting
000973	Coleby Hall	Mid to late 18th century pleasure grounds largely laid out by Thomas Scrope forming the setting for a country house of 17th century origins.	497438 360800	Post-Medieval	Grade II Registered Park and Garden	Medium	Architectural and artistic interest	Extensive views over farmland to east and west		N	N	N
004924	Car Dyke in Nocton Wood	Earthwork of Romar	¹ 508816 363995	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Rural surroundings contribute a limited amount to understanding relationship with other sections of Car Dyke contributes to the archaeological interest	; 2.9km	N	N	N
004925	Car Dyke at Linwood Hall	Earthwork of Romar ditch	¹ 512272 360620	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Rural surroundings contribute a limited amount to understanding relationship with other sections of Car Dyke contributes to the archaeological interest	; 3.4km	N	N	N
004926	Car Dyke W of Martin Wood	Earthwork of Romar ditch	¹ 512583 358808	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Rural surroundings contribute a limited amount to understanding relationship with other sections of Car Dyke contributes to the archaeological interest	; 3.2km	N	N	N
004960	Car Dyke	Earthwork of Romar ditch	¹ 512696 358367	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Rural surroundings contribute a limited amount to understanding relationship with other sections of Car Dyke contributes to the archaeological interest	; 3.3km	N	N	N
005022	Village cross	14th century stone market cross - replacement crosses erected in	506912 361410	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Historic and architectural interest	Central village location provides context to the market cross.	1.0km	N	N	N



List Entry	Name	Brief description 19th and 20th	Easting Northin	g Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	Included for physical effects?	for setting
		century on original base.										
1005484	Car Dyke SE of Blankney Wood	Earthwork of Roman ditch	511508 361918	Roman	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Rural surroundings contribute a limited amount to understanding; relationship with other sections of Car Dyke contributes to the archaeological interest	3.0km	N	N	N
1007686	Remains of preceptory church, Temple Bruer	Standing and buried remains of a monastery of the Knights Templars. Also functioned as an agricultural estate centre managing several other Templar properties in Lincolnshire. Precinct continues to be a working farm.	500839 353713	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest; historic interest (association with Knight's Templar)	Rural surroundings contribute to understanding of the asset as an agricultural estate centre; visibility of the church tower contributes to its significance as the focus of the estate; association with other Templar and Hospitaller sites in the area also contributes though intervisibility limited	0.9km	N	N	N
1009214	Wellingore village cross	Medieval village cross of 3 square steps forming a large base with the lower part of the cross shaft protruding (also a listed building)	498381 356793	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Historic and architectural interest	Village location provides context, location on village green suggests potential for archaeological deposits	2.6km	N	N	N
1009224	Cranwell village cross	medieval standing cross with quadrangular socket-stone and octagonal shaft	503229 349937	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Historic and architectural interest	Village location provides context, road junction location with limited development surrounding indicates archaeological potential	2.4km	N	N	N



List Entry	[,] Name	Brief description	Easting Northin	g Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	Included for physical effects?	Included for setting effects?
1009229	Digby village cross	medieval standing cross with stepped base.	508142 354777	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Historic and architectural interest	Village location provides context, road junction location with limited development surrounding indicates archaeological potential	2.3km	N	N	N
1009230	Rowston village cross	medieval standing cross with stepped base.	508408 356308	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Historic and architectural interest	Village location provides context, road junction location with limited development surrounding indicates archaeological potential	1.36km	N	N	N
1013916	Neolithic long barrow 770m ESE of Rowston Grange	buried remains of a Neolithic long barrow; visible from the air. Only long barrow known in Lincolnshire	511551 355590	Neolithic	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Close proximity of a Bronze Age barrow cemetery at Walcott Commons, c.700m to the east, indicates the continuing ritual significance of this location during the prehistoric period.	4.5km	N	N	N
1017524	Catley Priory	Earthwork and below ground remains of priory. One of only12 known Gilbertine double houses (for both monks and nuns) in England, the majority of which are in Lincolnshire.	511876 355556	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Rural surroundings make minor contribution to significance as many priories were founded in remote areas for religious reasons.	4.0km	N	N	N
1018395	Dunsby medieval village	earthwork and buried remains of settlement established before 11th century and deserted by late 16th century. Former possession of the Knights	504024 351331	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Rural surrounding make minor contribution to understanding later use of the site; association with other Templar and Hospitaller sites in the surrounding area also contributes though intervisibility limited	1.3km	N	N	N



List Entry	Name	Brief description	Easting N	Northing	Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	nhysical	Included for setting effects?
		Hospitaller; purchased after the Dissolution by Robert Carre of Sleaford who evicted the remaining tenants and turned the land over to sheep rearing.											
1018397	Brauncewell medieval village	substantial earthworks of deserted medieval village established before 1086. Fell into decline in mid- 14th century and became depopulated.	50482635	52597 N	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Rural surroundings contribute to significance of former rural settlement. Earthwork ridge and furrow in fields to the north particularly contributes as this formed the agricultural hinterland of the village. Presence of 16th century church and adjacent farm buildings contribute to understanding of the later development of the settlement.	0km - proposed permissive path crosses monument.	ı	Υ	Y
1018898	Nocton Park Priory on Abbey Hill, 750m north east of Nocton Wood Houses	house of	507720 36	64780 N	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Overlooks fenland to the north and east, fen edge location and rural surroundings contribute to the significance of the monastic site as these were often situated in remote areas.	4km	N	N	N
1020436	Castle Hill ringwork	earthwork and buried remains of medieval ringwork castle.	49681335	54326 N	Medieval	Scheduled Monument	High	Archaeological interest	Neutral contribution of surrounding buildings of the village - historic core to the south and church to north provide context to the ringwork.	4.9km	N	N	N



List Entry Name	Brief description Easting No	orthing Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In 7TV2	Included for physical effects?	for sotting
Blankney	Conservation area in two parts - one along Drury Street 506934 3602 the other focused on St Oswald's Church.	242 Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium	Architectural and historic interest; communal value as a settlement	Rural surroundings contribute to the character of the village	0km - access track bounds churchyard	church predicted to have views of the	to conserva tion area	conservatio n area as a
Bloxholm	small conservation area focused on St 506486 3537 Mary's Church	747 Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium	Architectural and historic interest; communal value as a settlement	Rural surroundings contribute to character of village but the contribution reduces over distance	1.3km	Y - small area in west of conserva tion area predicted to have glimpsed views of the develop ment	N	N - minor effect on character and appearance of the conservatio n area as a result of Proposed Developme nt will not result in significant effects
Scopwick	linear settlement with church at west end. Bounded by 506866 3580 later development to majority of north	005 Medieval	Conservation Area	Medium	Architectural and historic interest; communal value as a settlement	Rural surroundings contribute to the character of the village	0km - shared boundary with Site	Υ	physical impacts to conserva tion area	N - minor effect on character



List Entry	Name	Brief description	Easting	Northing	Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	· 7T/0	physical effects?	Included for setting effects? nt will not result in significant effects
1061824	Metres South Of Ashby	early 19th century cast iron milepost inscribed "Parish of Ashby. London 122" and "to Sleaford 7 miles" on north face and "to Lincoln 10 miles" on south face. Presumably resited on the wrong side of the road as the directions are in fact the other way around	5028593	55004 F	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Position on roadside contributes to the significance of this roadside structure. Incorrect position detracts from its significance although adds to its history.	Okm - immediatel y adjacent to Site boundary	Y	Υ	N - contribution of setting to significance will not be altered
1061825	Home Farmhouse	Early 18th century farmhouse with early 19th and 20th century alterations.	5050623	55215 F	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium		Historic and modern farm buildings to west provide context to the farmhouse; rural surroundings contribute to the understanding of the historic function of the building.		Y	N	N - no change to immediate rural setting, impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefore will not result in significant effects



List Entry	v Name	Brief description	Easting North	ing Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	Included for physical effects?	Included for setting effects?
1064285	Church Of St Oswald	12th century parish church with 13th and 15th century alterations and additions, west tower rebuilt 1805-7 restored c.1820 and restored 1879-81 by Carpenter and Ingelow	506826 360003	Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High	Architectural and historic interest; communal value as place of worship	Immediate churchyard setting provides appropriate context; church is separated from the historic core of the village but adjacent to the stable block to Blankney Hall. Tower is prominent from B1188 and from footpaths / tracks across fields from the south.	track; 0.5km to nearest	Y	N	N - no panels proposed within areas with views of the church; short-term construction phase changes through vehicle movements along track will not result in significant effects
1064290	Kennel House	mid 18th and early 19th century farmhouse.	507147 360365	Post-Medieva	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Surrounding rural landscape contributes to significance of the farmhouse by providing continuity of landuse; former agricultural buildings to west provide appropriate context	0.3km	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1064291	Wright's Farmhouse	Farmhouse. c1810 with additions c1900. Appears to have been converted to residential use and associated farm buildings now commercial premises	510333 360253	Post-Medieva	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Surrounding rural landscape contributes to significance of the (former) farmhouse by providing continuity of landuse.	1.3km	Υ	N	N - no change to immediate rural setting, impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefore will not



List Entry	Name	Brief description	Easting Northin	g Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	Included for physical effects?	for setting
1064293	Church Of St Clement	12th century parish church with 13th and 15th century alterations and additions. Refitted 1741. Restored 1904.	508402 356406	Medieval	Grade I Listed Building	High	Architectural and historic interest; communal value as place of worship	Immediate churchyard setting provides appropriate context; appreciated within immediate village surroundings; spire is a landmark when approaching village from the west.	1.3km	Υ	N	N - significant views of the church will not be altered
1064295	Kirkby Green Mill	early 18th and 19th century water mill	508381 357658	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Relationship with watercourse provides appropriate context to the watermill and adds to significance; wider agricultural surroundings contribute through continuity of land uses which provided grain for the mill	0.3km	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1064296	•	early 19th century farmhouse. Appears to have been converted to house; adjacent farm buildings also appear to have been converted to residential	508439 357806	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Surrounding rural landscape contributes through continuity of land use around the former farmhouse; associated (former) farm buildings contribute to significance; existing hedgerow screening filters views towards Solar PV array areas.	access track; 0.6km to	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1064297	37 And 39, Main Street	early 18th and early 19th century pair of cottages		Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	On east side of village of Kirkby Green, surrounding rural landscape makes minor contribution to the	0.3km to access track; 0.5km to nearest	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor



List Entry	[,] Name	Brief description	Easting Northin	g Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	Included for physical effects?	for setting
								significance of the dwelling	Solar PV arrays			will not result in significant effects
1064300	97-103, Main Street	mid and late 18th century and early 19th century farmhouse and attached cottage, now four dwellings	507565 358061	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Located to eastern edge of village of Scopwick (outside conservation area); surrounding rural landscape contributes to the significance of the former farmhouse through continuity of surrounding land uses	0.4km	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1064301	High House	late 18th century house	507012357976	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Located on south side of village and conservation area of Scopwick; appreciated within the settlement with fields to the south. Wider rural surroundings make a minor contribution to this village dwelling	0.2km to proposed community garden; 0.5km to nearest Solar PV array	Y - southern edge of gardens predicted to have visibility		N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1205442	Lychgate To St Oswald's Church	Lychgate. 1883 by G F Bodley. Inscribed, 'ERECTED IN MEMORY OF FLORENCE CHAPLIN, 1883'.	506818 359985	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Physical and functional relationship with the church adds to significance; experienced adjacent to and within the churchyard.		Y	N	N - contribution of setting to significance will not be altered
1205446	Stable Block At Blankney Hall	Stable block. 1825 by E J Wilson for Henry Chaplin.	506852 359979	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Relationship with Blankney Hall adds to significance, experienced within the grounds of Blankney Hall	0.1km to access track; 0.5km to nearest Solar PV arrays	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not



List Entry	/ Name	Brief description	Easting Nort	ning Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In 7TV2	Included for physical effects?	for sotting
1205521	The Old School	School. 1852. (listed building description says "1052" in error - plaque is inscribed "National Schools 1852"	508365 35644	1 Post-Medieva	Grade II Listed Building	^d Medium	Historic and architectural interest	Located in village of Rowston, close to church and manor house. This location contributes to the historic interest and communal value of the former school building as part of the Victorian National Schools programme of elementary education and religious instruction) 1 4km	Y - glimpsed views predicted by ZTV	N	N - contribution of setting to significance will not be altered
1205538	Cottage To West Of Kirkby Green Mill	late 18th century cottage, now outbuilding	508378 357642	2 Post-Medieva	Grade II Listed Building	^d Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Experienced adjacent to Kirkby Green Mill to which it is now an ancillary structure.	0.2km to access track; 0.5km to nearest Solar PV arrays	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1205610	Thorpe Tilney Hall	Small country house. c1740, early C19, restored and altered c1980.	511543 357622	2 Post-Medieva	Grade II Listed Building	^d Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Experienced within small, designed landscape with extensive (c. 1km long, c. 20m wide) avenue to the southwest (directed towards Springwell West)	2.4km	Υ	N	N - closest part of site is 2.4km from the asset but would be screened by vegetation within the



List Entry	/ Name	Brief description	Easting Northin	ng Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	Included for physical effects?	for setting effects?
												designed landscape. Designed view to southwest is over 5km from Springwell West and at this range change to the setting is not predicted
1254085	Church Of St James And St John	13th century parish church with 14th and 15th century alterations and additions. Restored in 19th century.	507621 353375	Medieval	Grade I Listed Buildings	High	Architectural and historic interest, communal value as place of worship	Immediate setting of churchyard provides appropriate context, church is isolated from nearest settlement (Dorrington, circa 0.5km to the south). Church forms a landmark on B1188	2.8km	Υ	N	N - contribution of setting to significance will not be altered; significant views of the church will not be altered
1254135	Church Of All Saints	16th century parish church with 19th century alterations; chancel rebuilt 1857.	504526 352418	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	l Medium	Architectural and historic interest; communal value as place of worship; archaeological interest	Located within the scheduled monument of Brauncewell village; earthwork remains visible around the church contribute to the archaeological interest and historic interest of the parish church	9 0.1km	Υ	N	N - contribution of setting to significance will not be altered
1254329	Thompson's Bottom Farmhouse	late 18th century farmhouse with mid 19th century additions	501760 355011	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	l Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Rural surroundings contribute to the significance of the farmhouse through continuity of landuse.	0.1km to access track; 0.3km to nearest Solar PV arrays	Y	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not



List Entry	/ Name	Brief description	Easting	Northing	Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	10 / 11/-/	Included for physical effects?	for sotting
1254407	At	e Range of late 18th and early 19th century stables and carriage houses	501737 3	55031 F	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Rural surroundings contribute to the significance of the agricultural buildings; association with Thompson's Bottom Farmhouse contributes to significance	0.1km to access track; 0.3km to nearest Solar PV arrays	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1261461	Brauncewell Lodge	late 17th century farmhouse altered in 20th century	n 501313 3	52020 F	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Rural surroundings contribute to significance through continuity of landuse, adjacent agricultural buildings (non-listed) contribute by providing appropriate context	1.6km	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1280659	Rowston Manor	House. 1741 with additions 1985.	508356 3	56408 F	Post-Medieval	Grade II* Listed Building	High	Architectural and historic interest	Experienced to western edge of village of Rowston; wider rural surroundings make a minor contribution to the significance of the house as a rural dwelling	nearest	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects



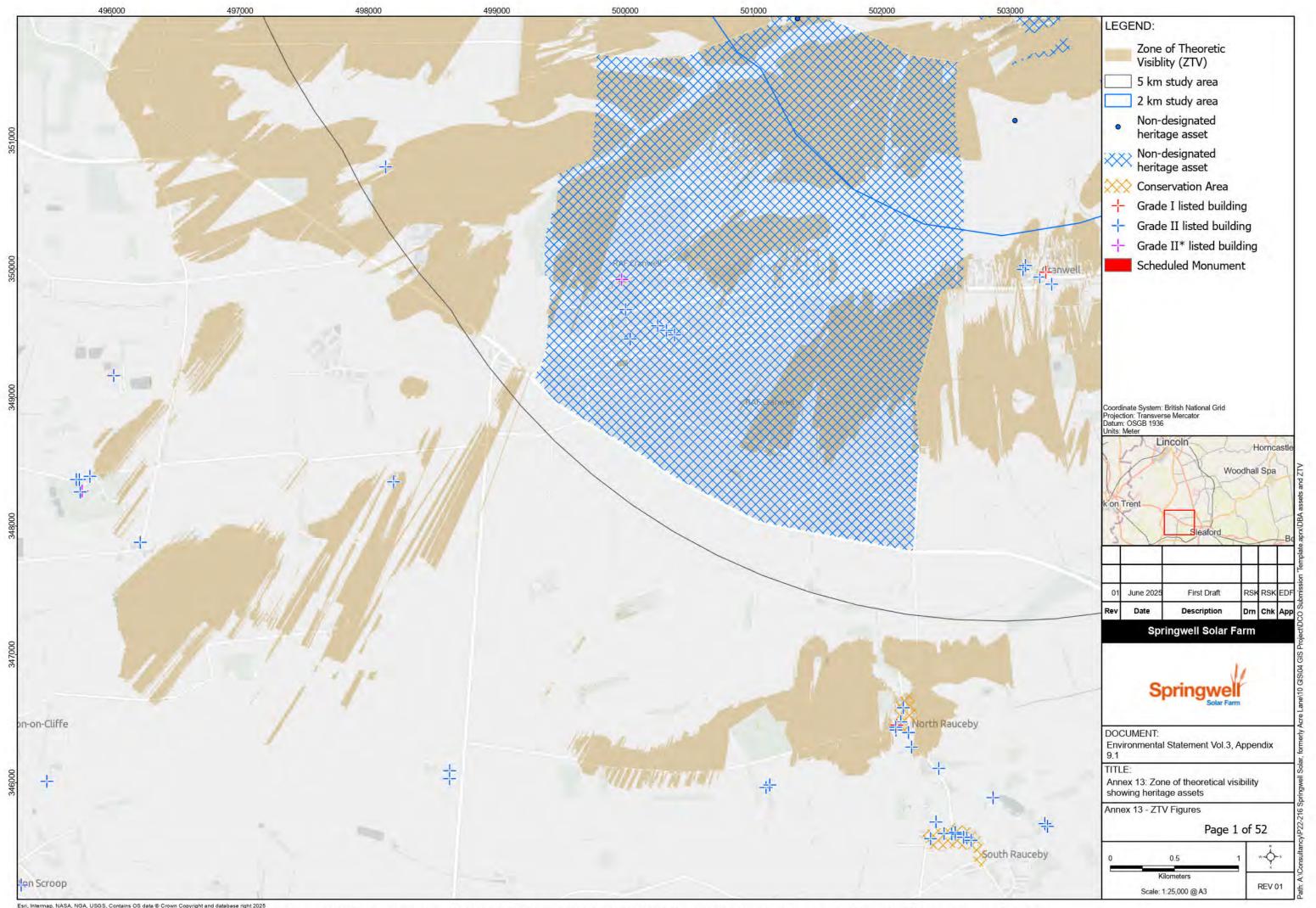
List Entry	[,] Name	Brief description	Easting Nort	hing Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	Included for physical effects?	Included for setting effects?
1280661	Farmyard To North Of The Firs	Barn, cowsheds, stables and pigeoncote. c1820.	506616 35839	2 Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Rural surroundings contribute to significance through continuity of land use	iano:	Y	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1280667	Kirkby Green Millhouse	early 18th and early 19th century millhouse.	508393 35765	1 Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Relationship with watermill contributes to significance though group value; wider agricultural surroundings contribute through continuity of land uses which provided grain for the mill	0.7km to	Y	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1280676		mid 19th century windmill, red brick, 6 storey circular tower mill - cap and sails missing.		3 Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Mill is a landmark on the A15; wider agricultural surroundings contribute through continuity of land uses which provided grain for the mill	0.0km to area of retained agricultural land; 0.3km to nearest Solar PV arrays	Y	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1359364	The Village Cross	14th century village cross	508408 35631	0 Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic	Appreciated only within the village of Rowston	1.3km	N	N	N
1359365	Church Of The Holy Cross	Parish church. 1848.	508501 35778	0 Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest; communal value as a place of worship	Immediate churchyard setting provides appropriate context; experienced on south side of Kirkby Green village opposite manor house; church not	0.2km	Y	N	N - contribution of setting to significance won't be altered by the Proposed

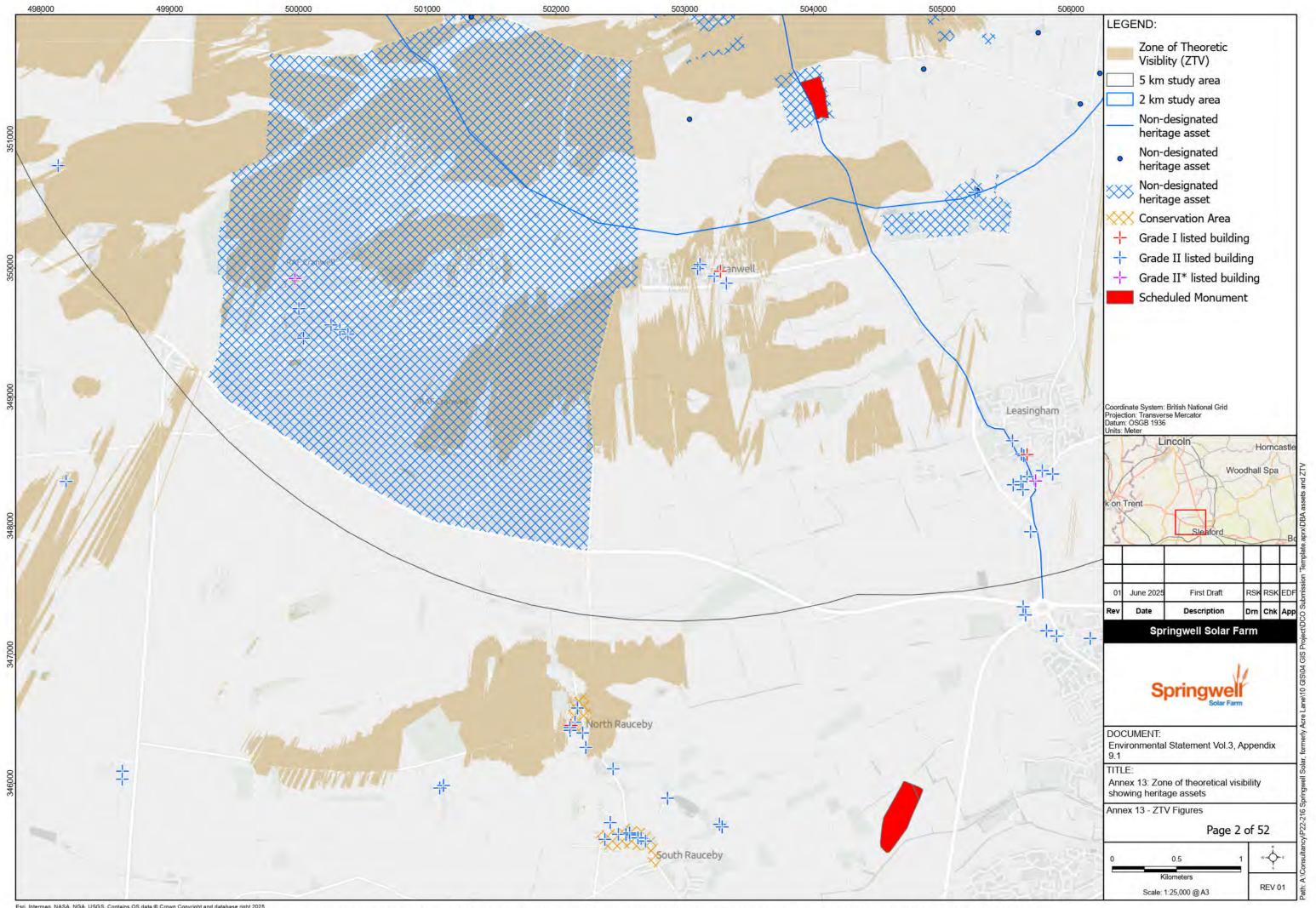


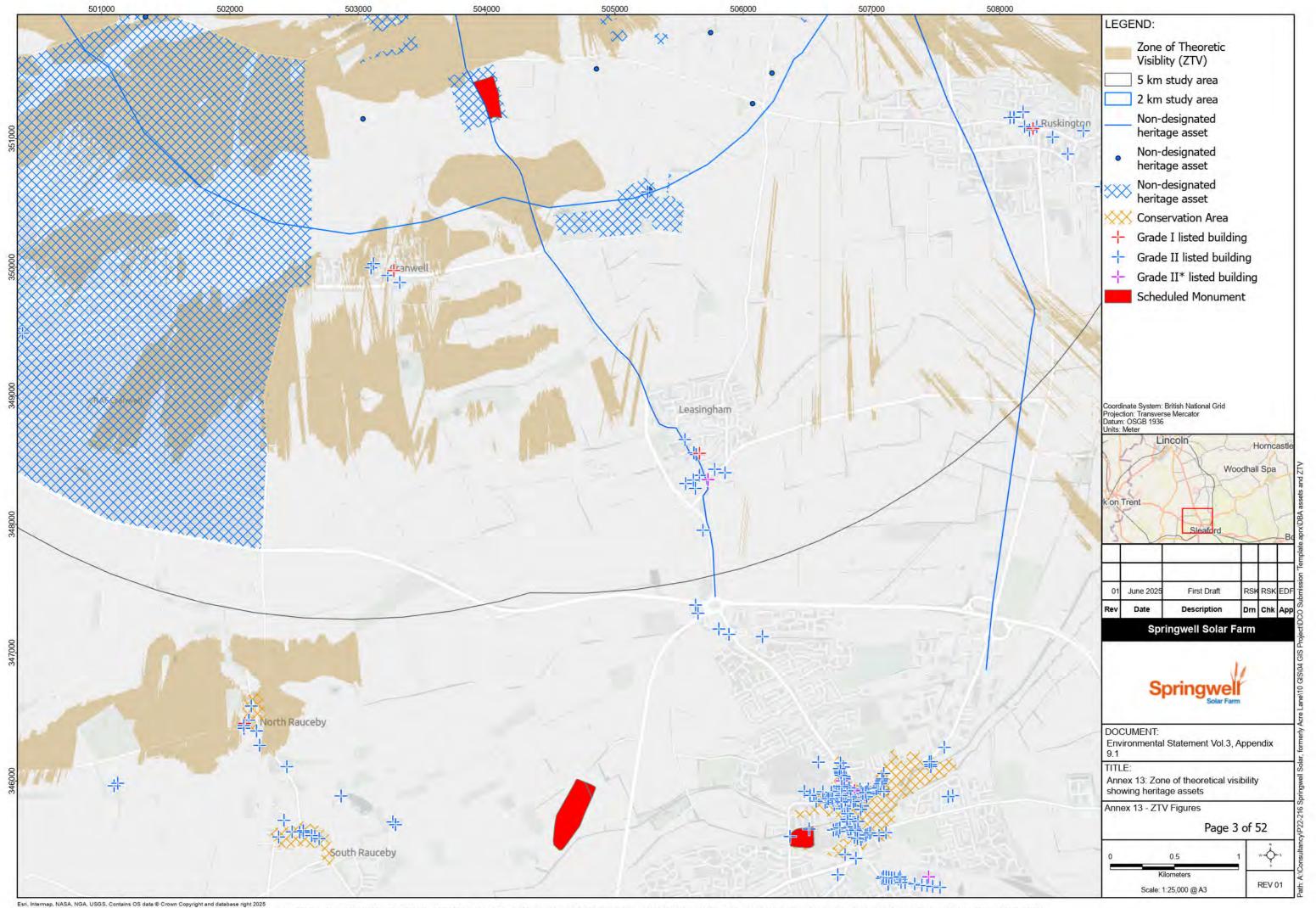
List Entry	v Name	Brief description	Easting Northin	g Period	Designation	Importance	Significance	Contribution of setting appreciated from wider	Approxim ate distance to Site	In ZTV?	Included for physical effects?	for setting effects? Developme
1359366	The Manor House	late 18th century farmhouse	508419357774	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Rural surroundings contribute to significance through continuity of landuse, adjacent agricultural buildings (non-listed) contribute by providing appropriate context	track;	Υ	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects
1359368	Evans Farmhouse	Farmhouse. c1782. Built for the Whitchcote family, whose initials appeared on a lead pump, dated 1782, which once stood in the yard.	511160 357928	Post-Medieval	Grade II Listed Building	Medium	Architectural and historic interest	Rural surroundings contribute to significance through continuity of landuse, adjacent agricultural buildings (non-listed) contribute by providing appropriate context	1.9km	Y	N	N - impact of change in wider rural setting will be minor and therefor will not result in significant effects

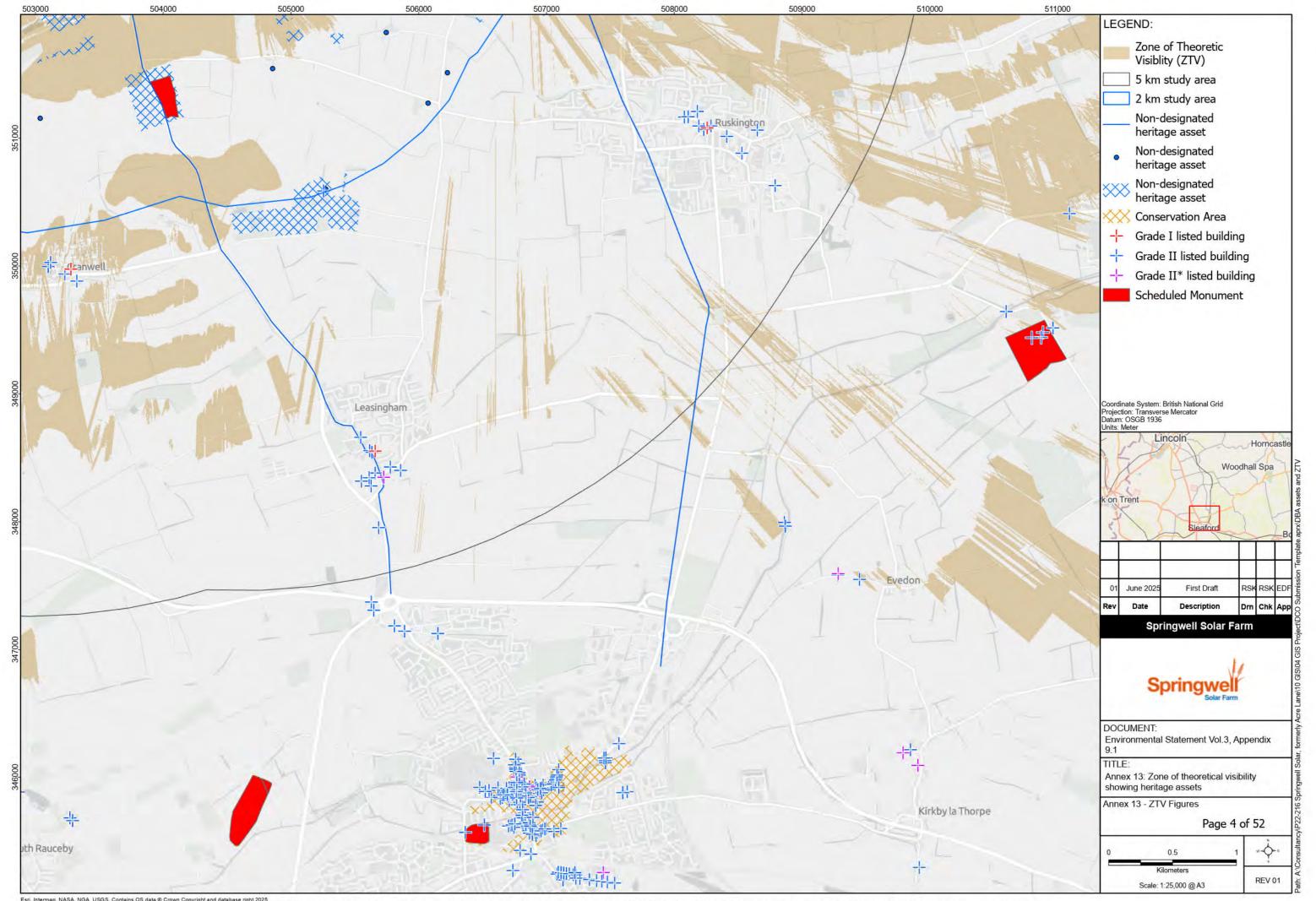
Annex 13 - Zone of Theoretical Visibility showing heritage assets

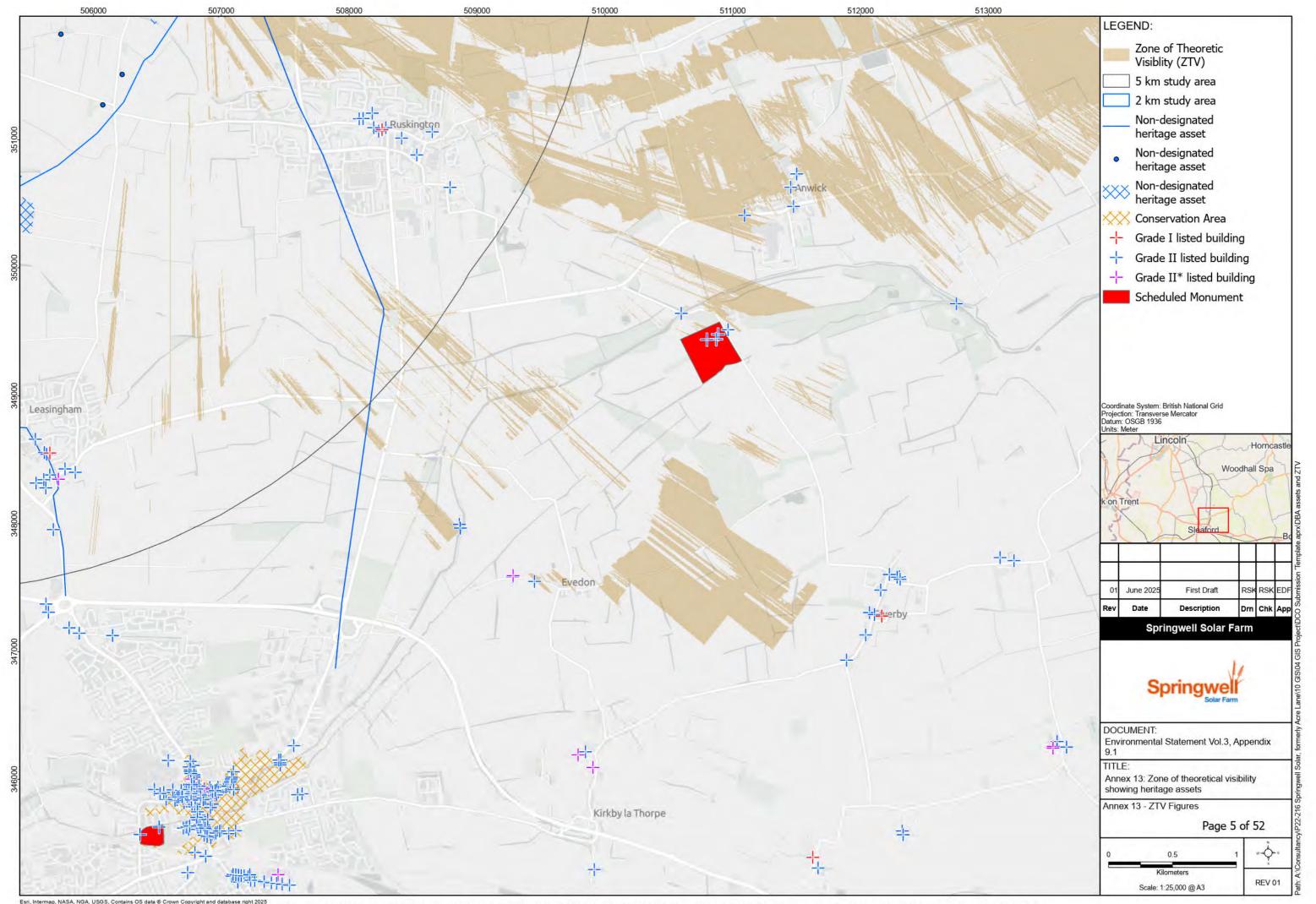


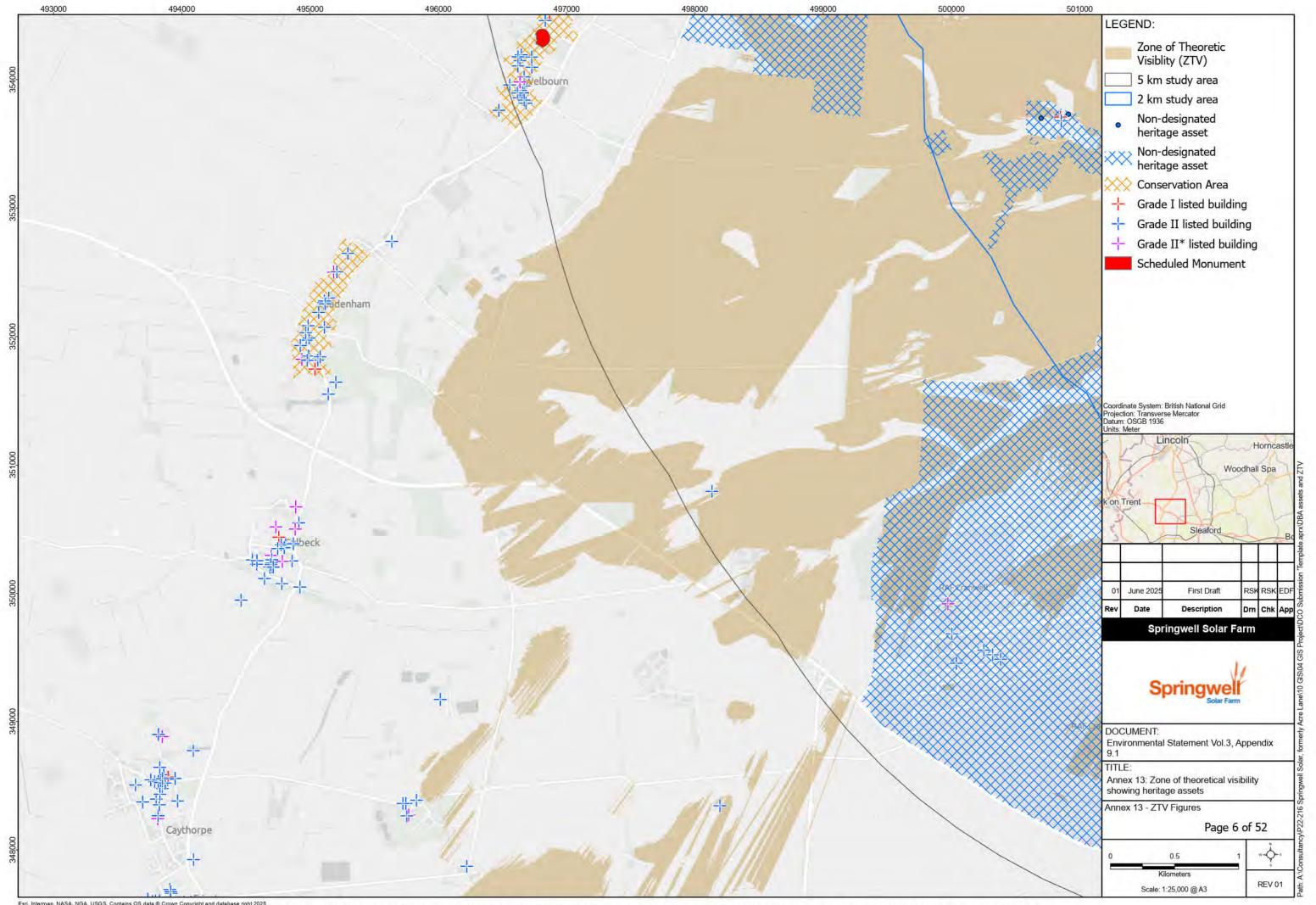


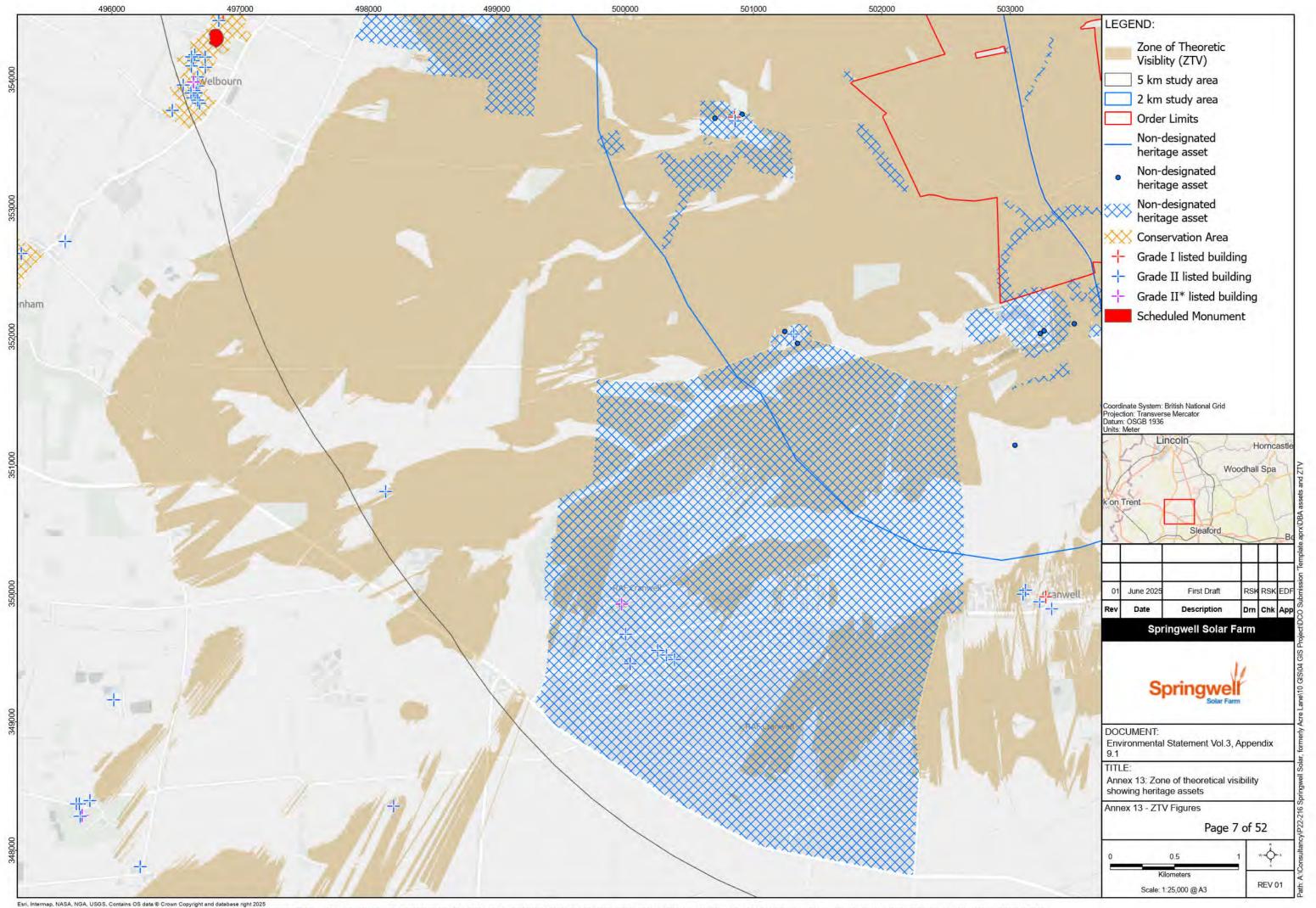


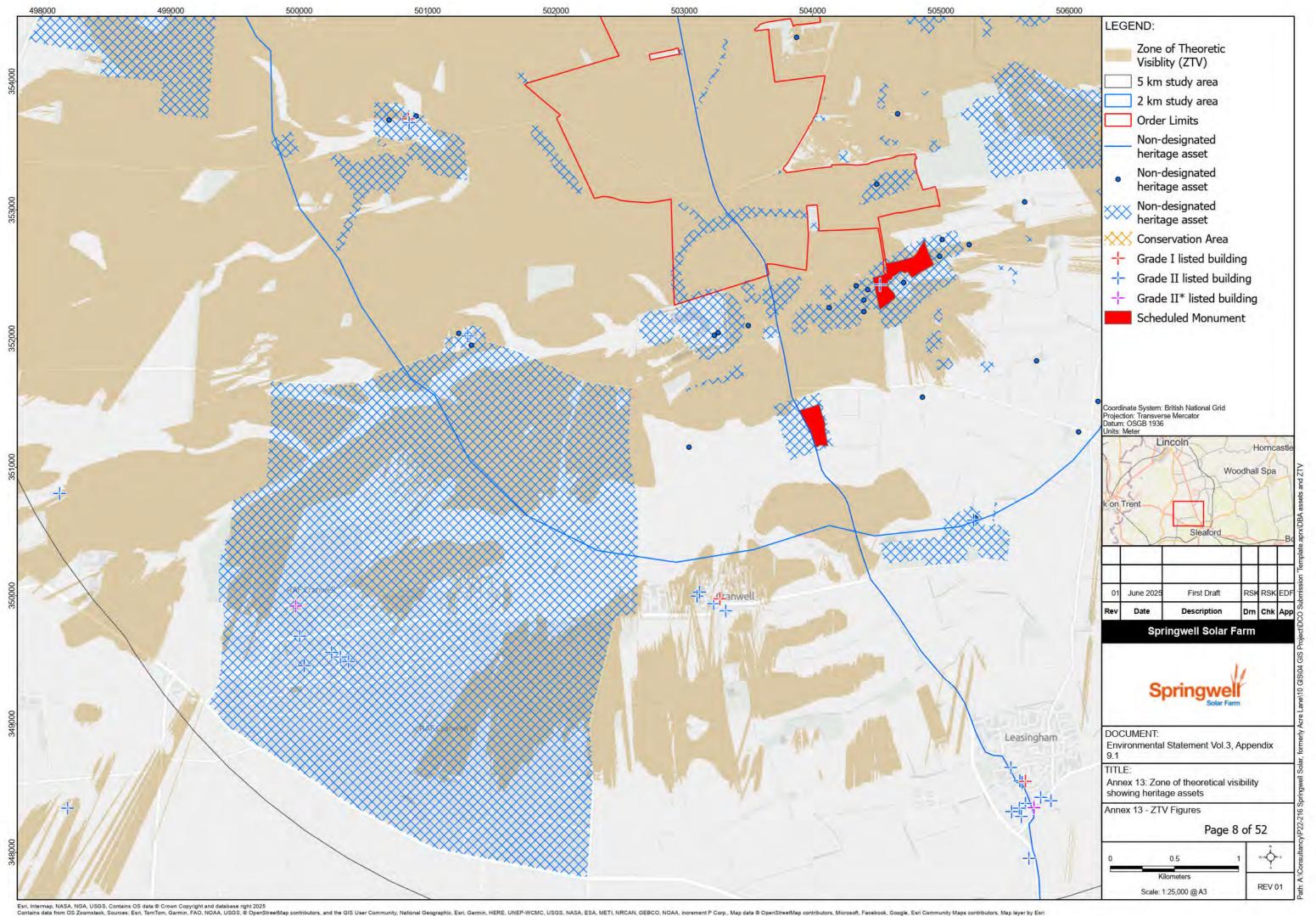


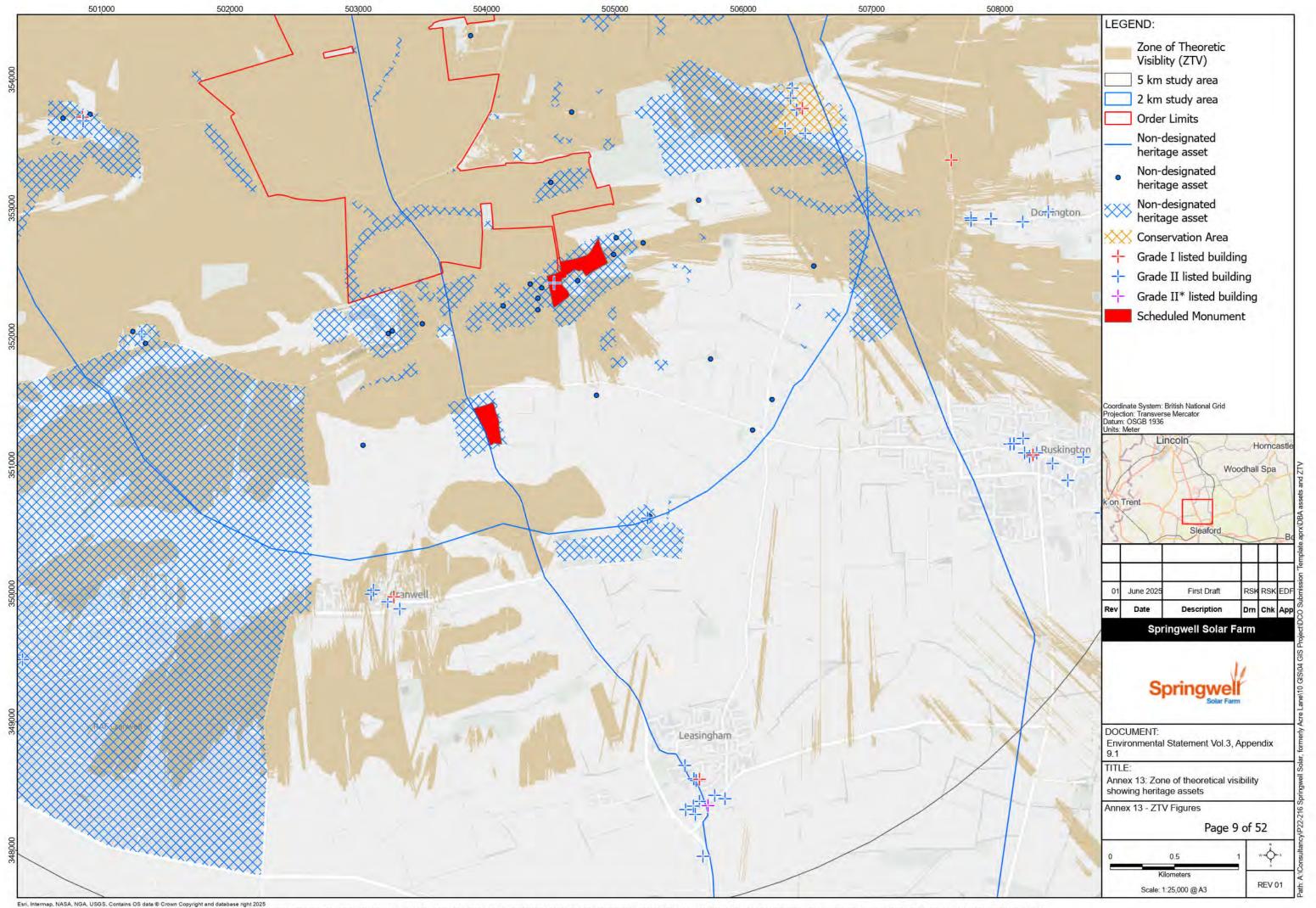


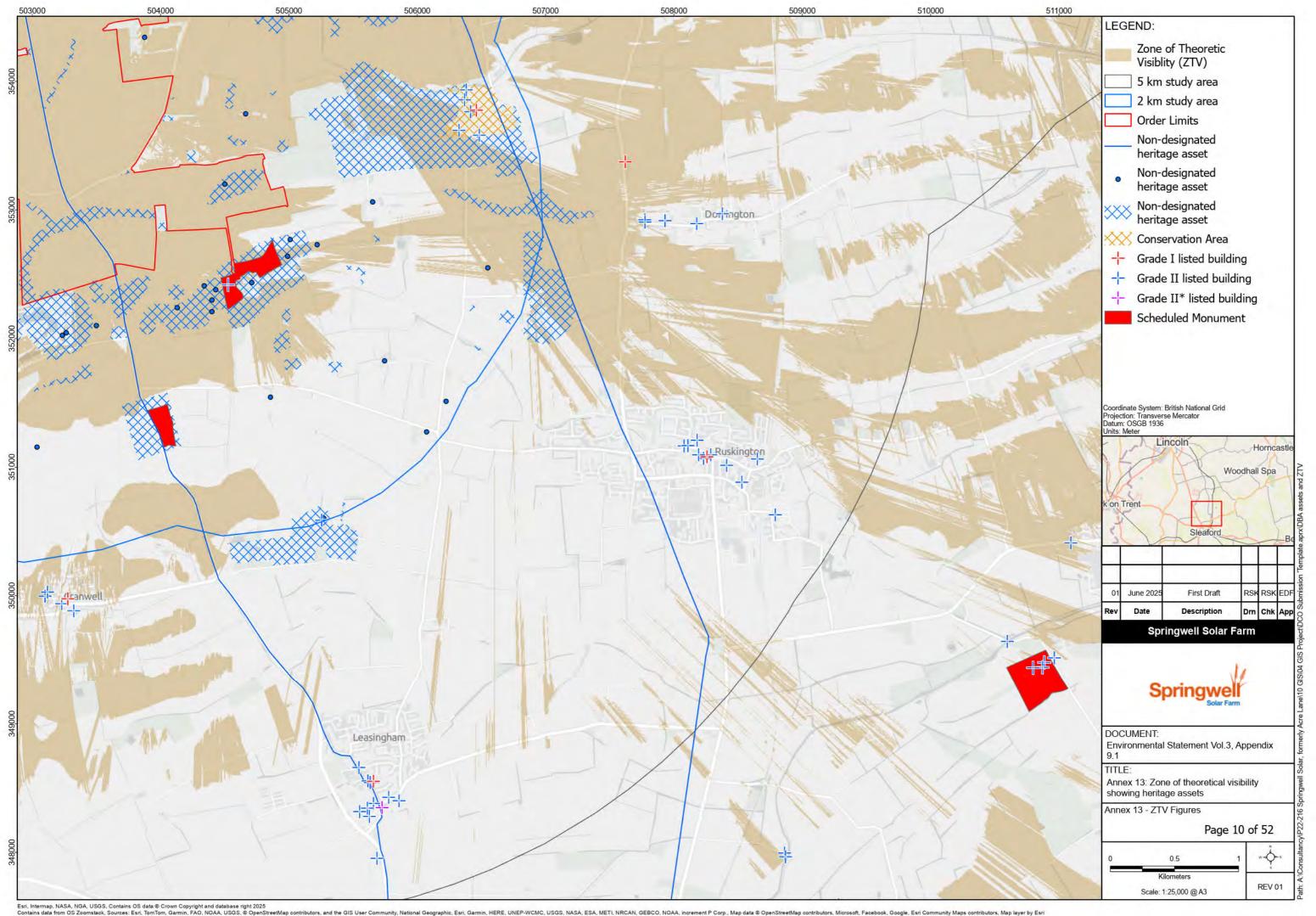


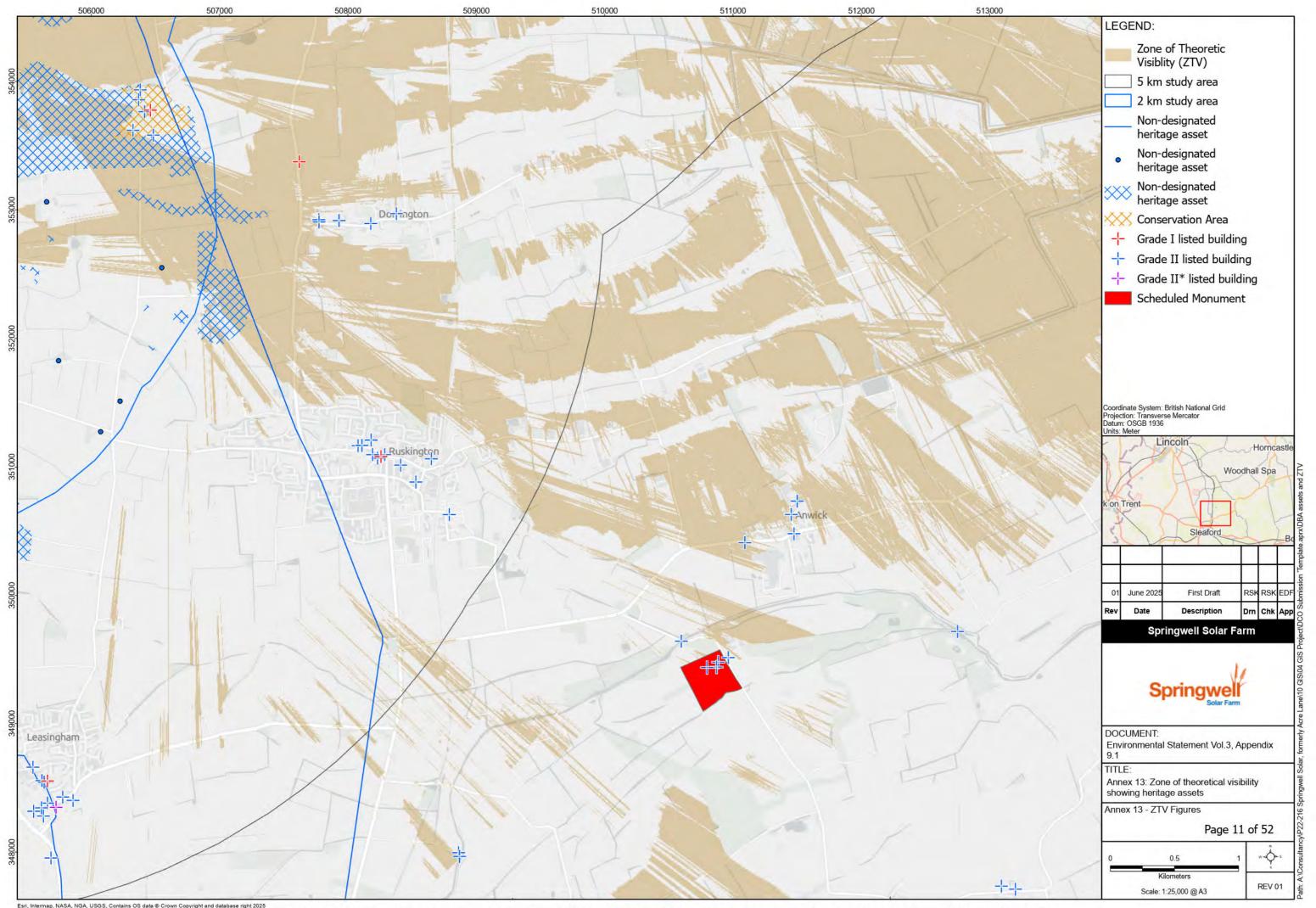


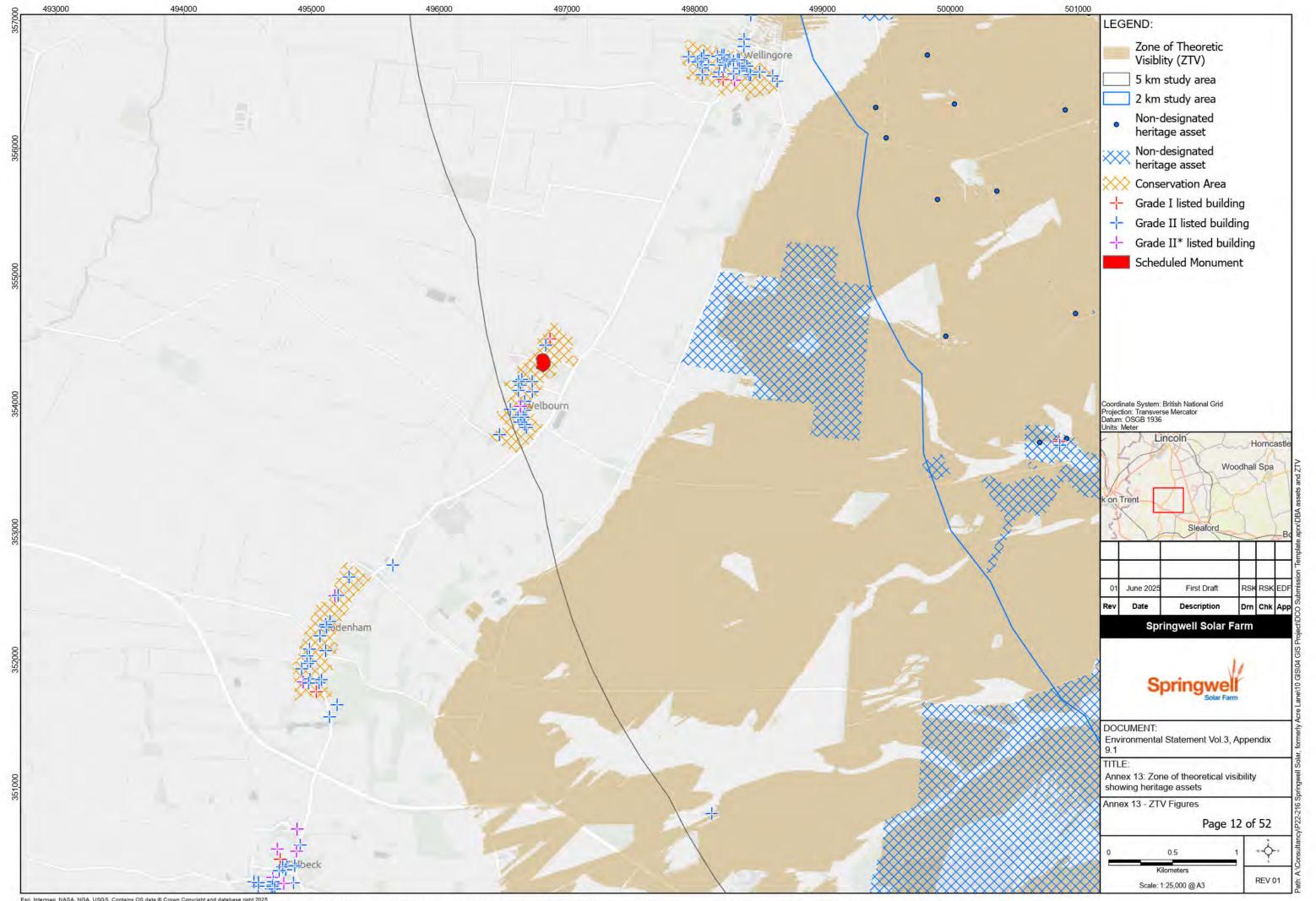


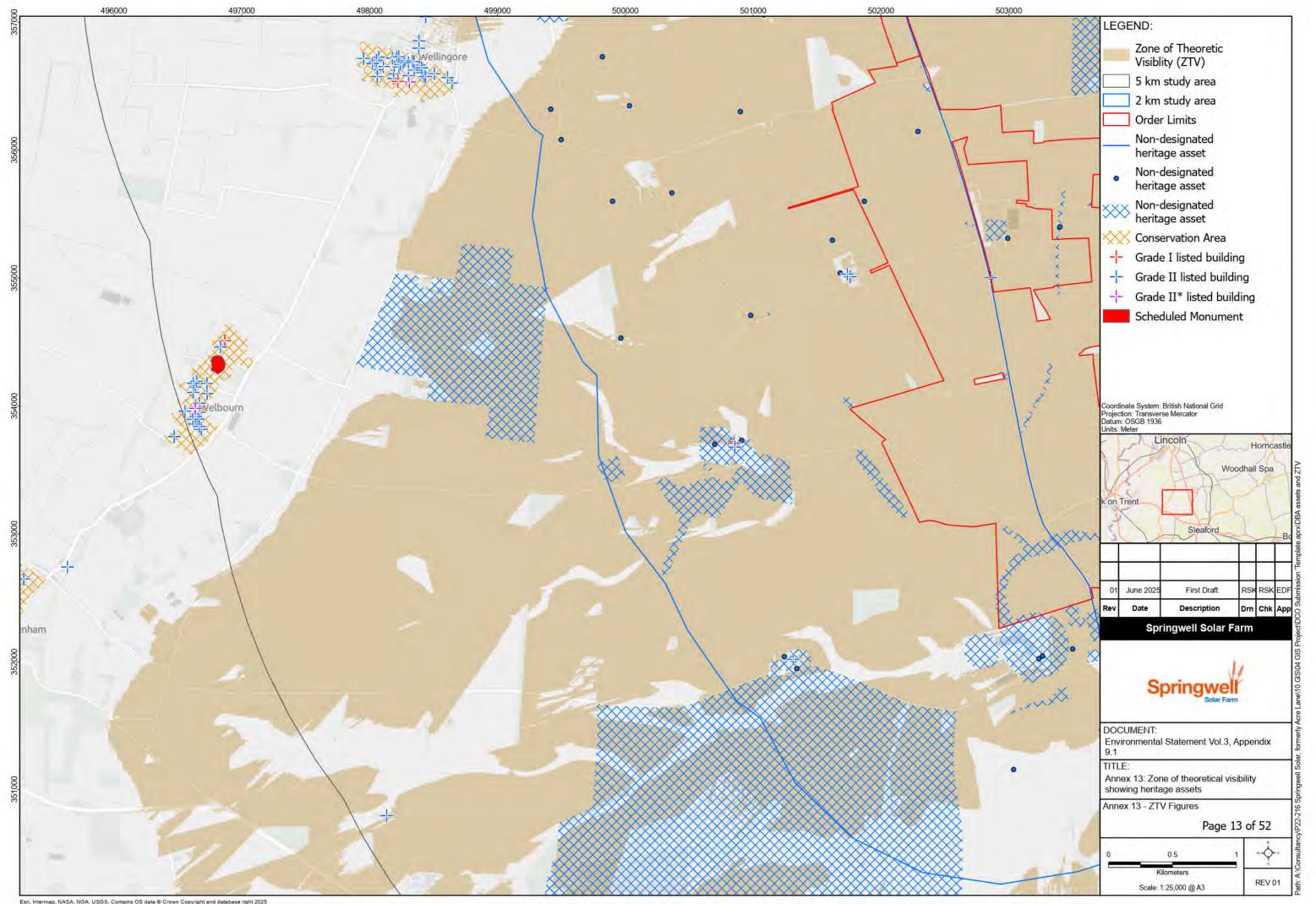


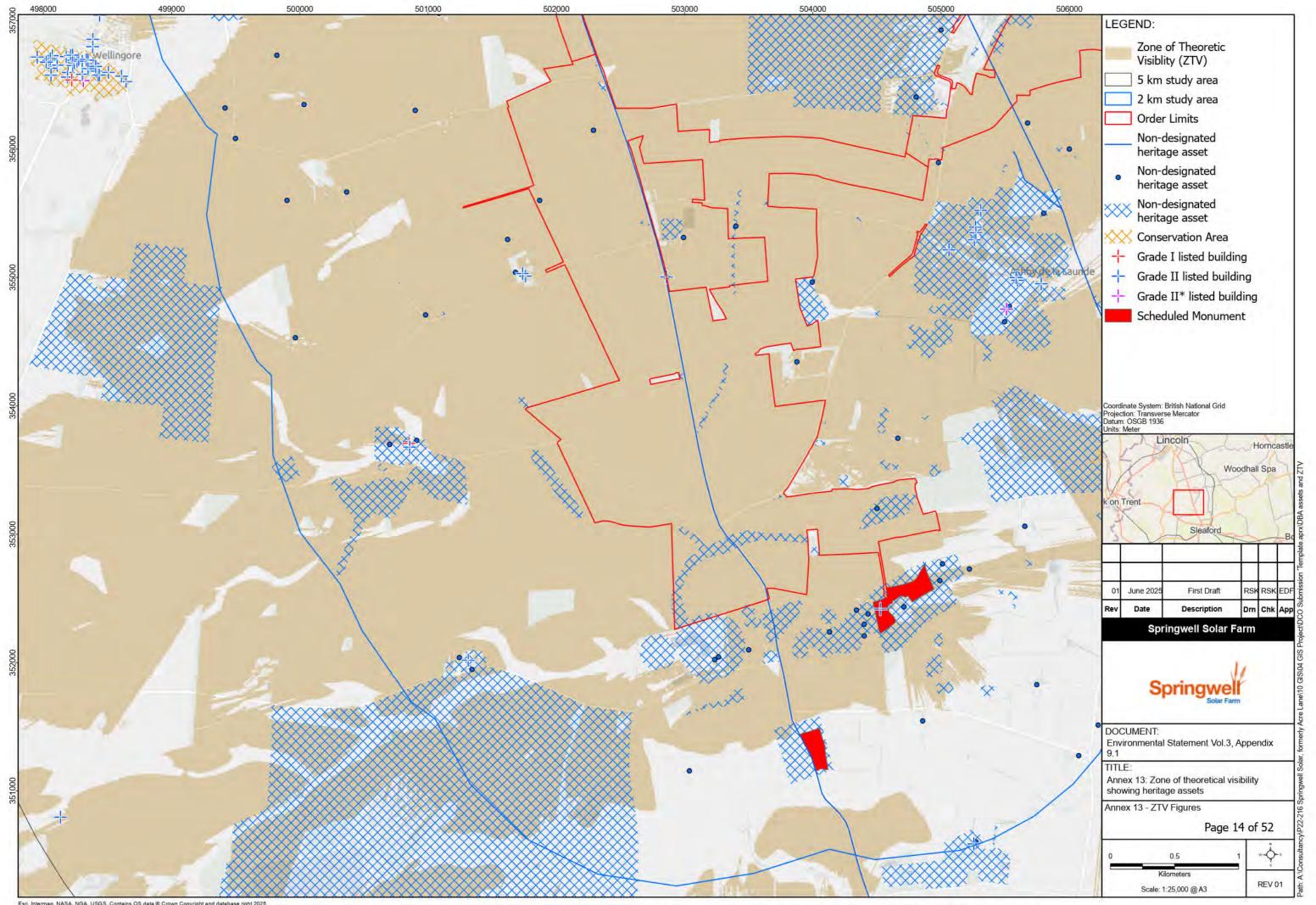


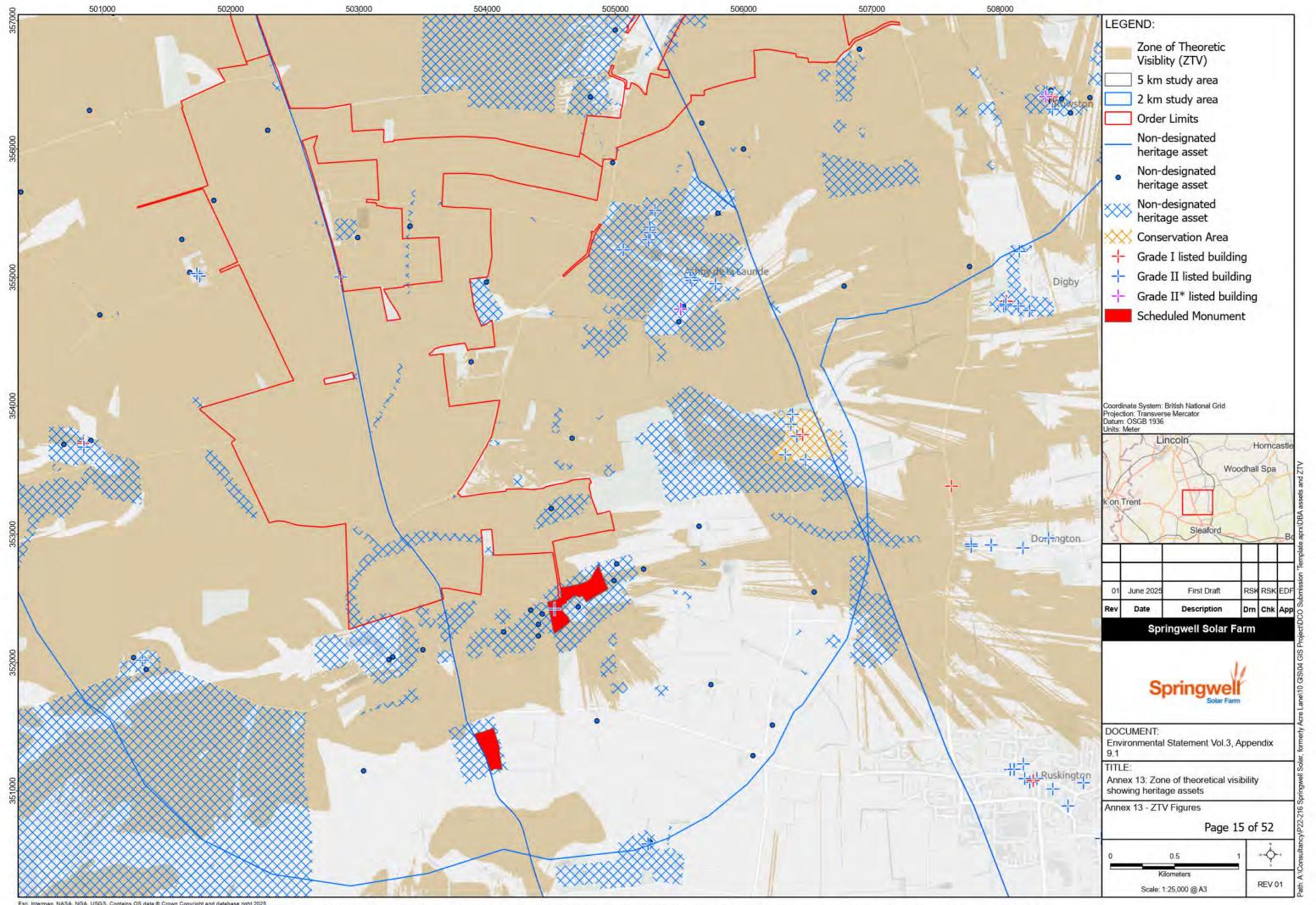


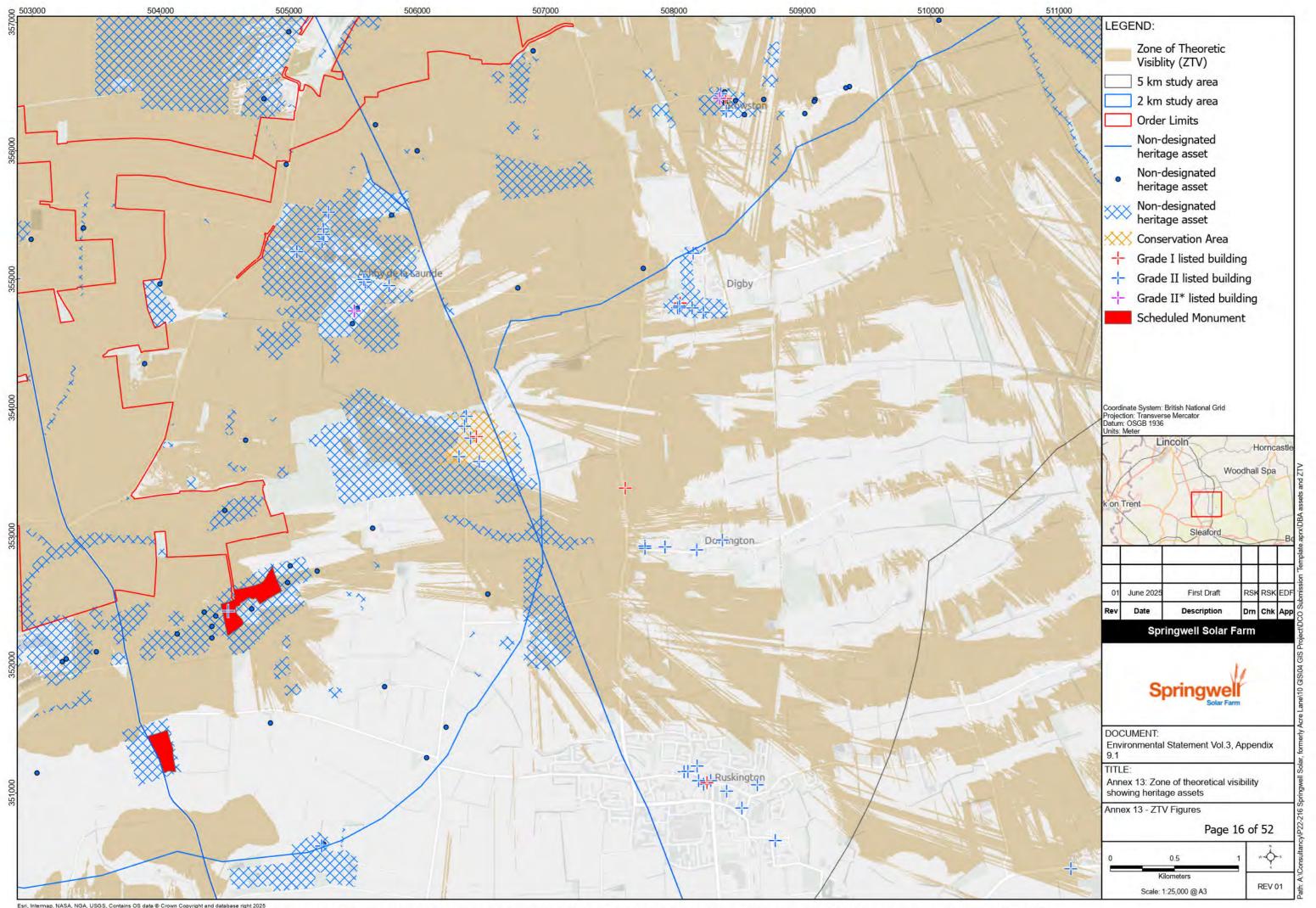


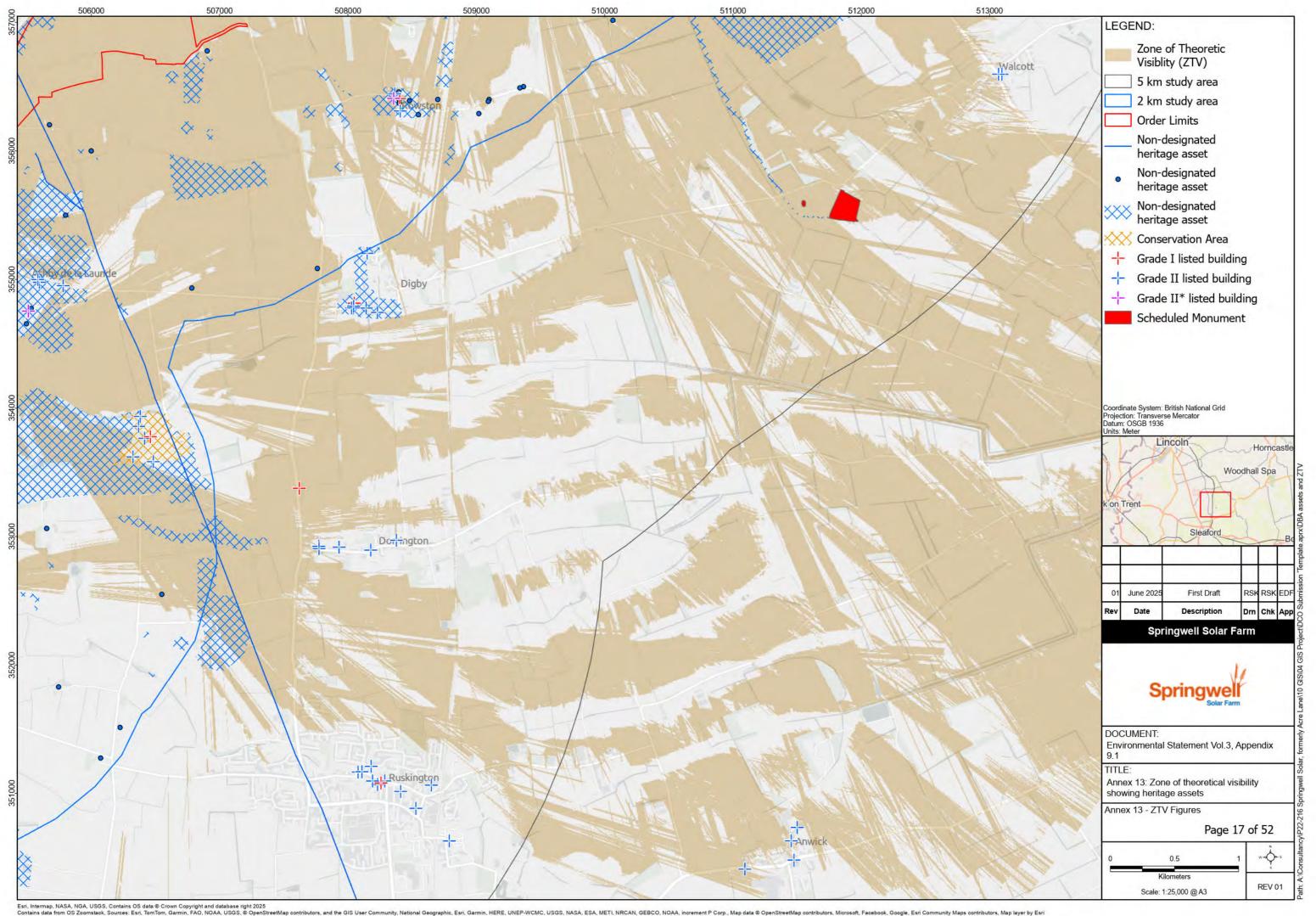


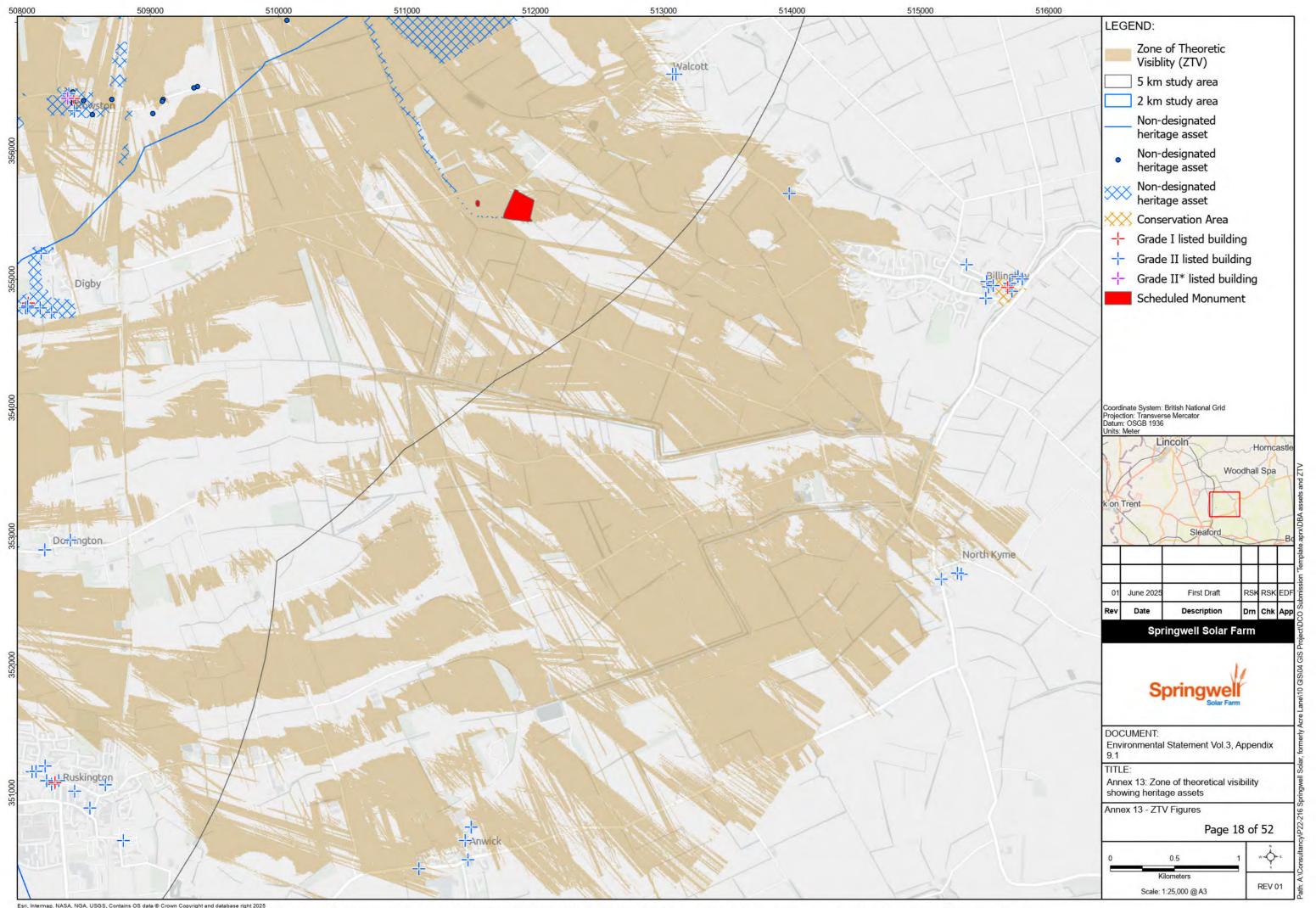


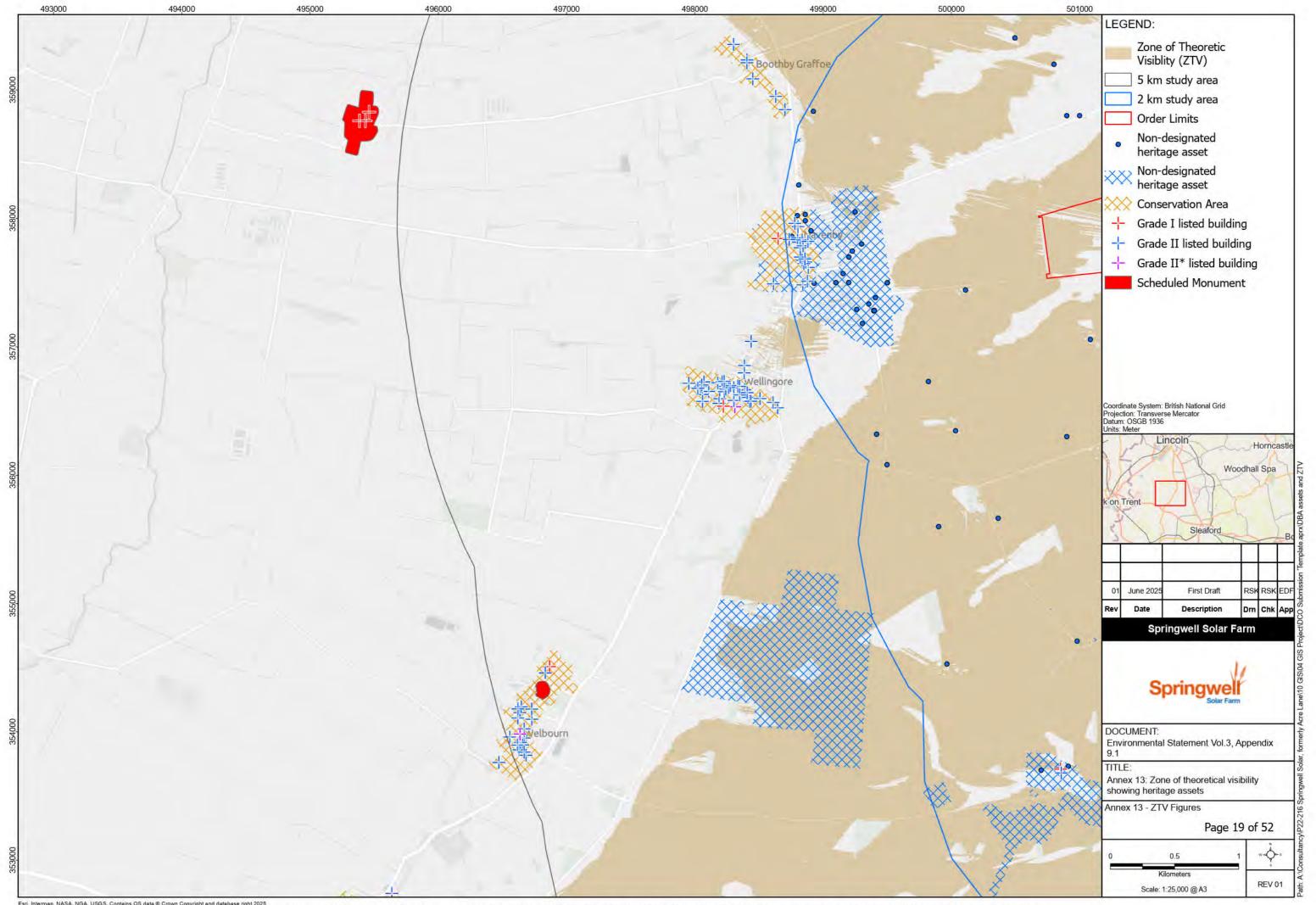


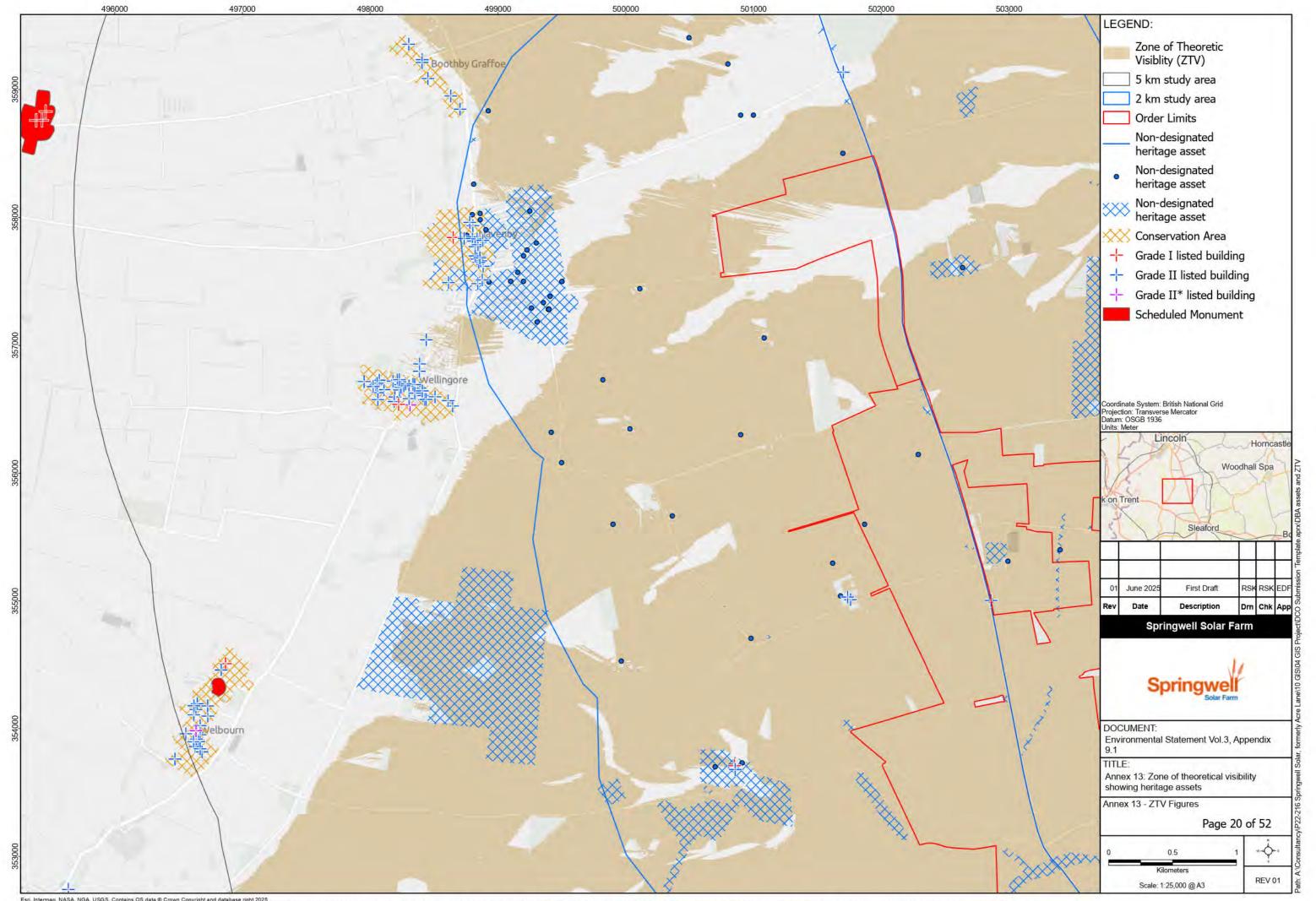


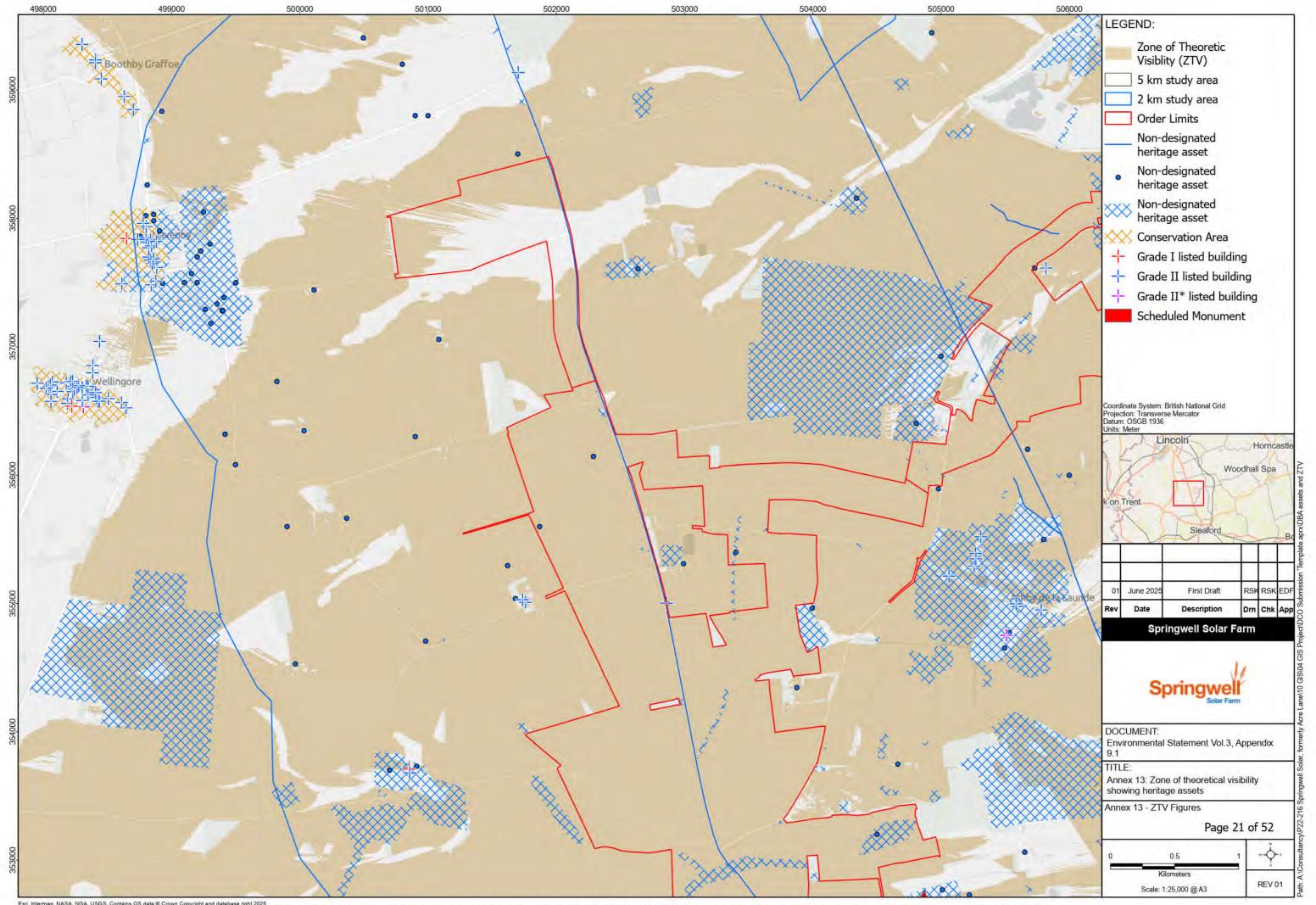


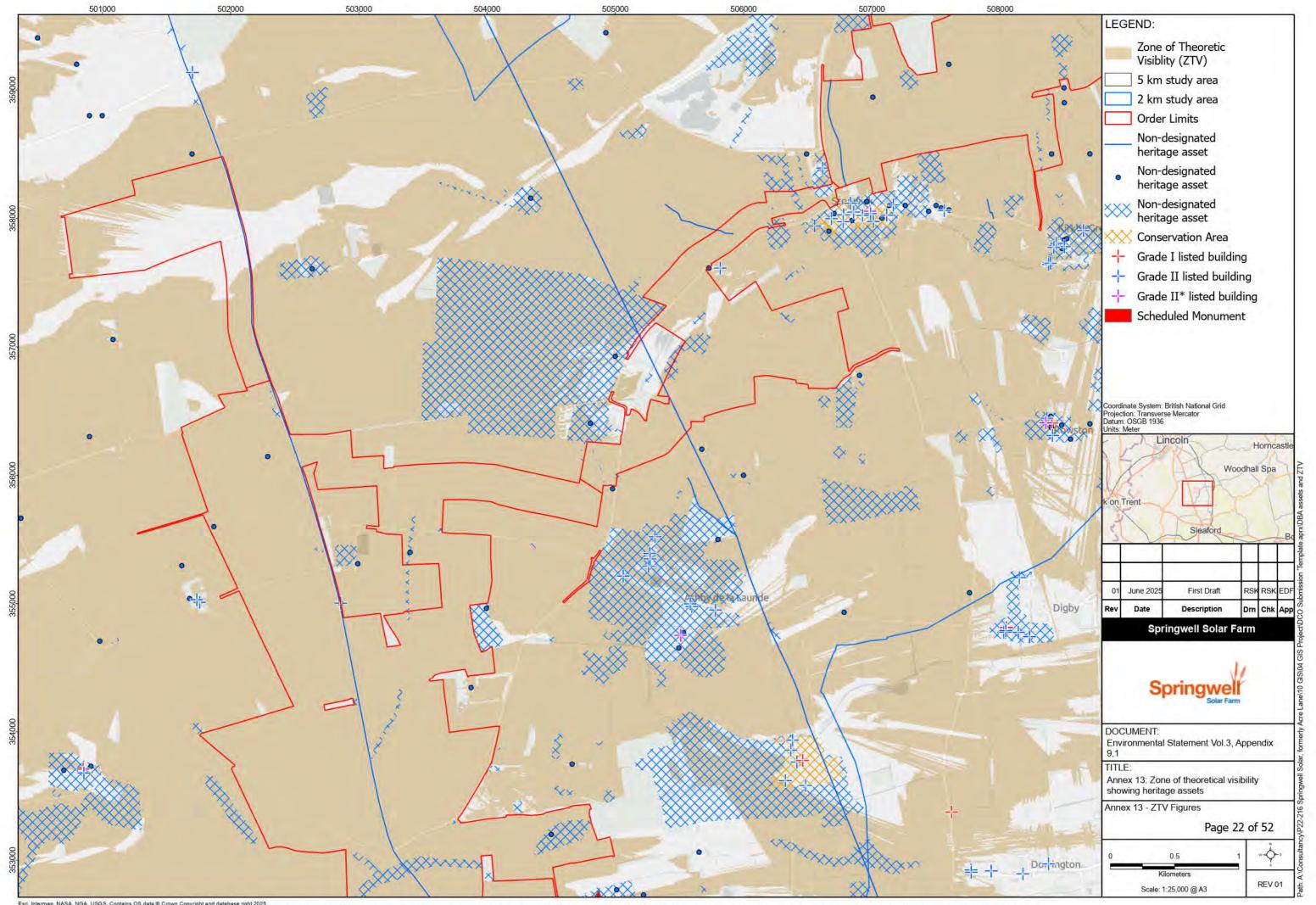


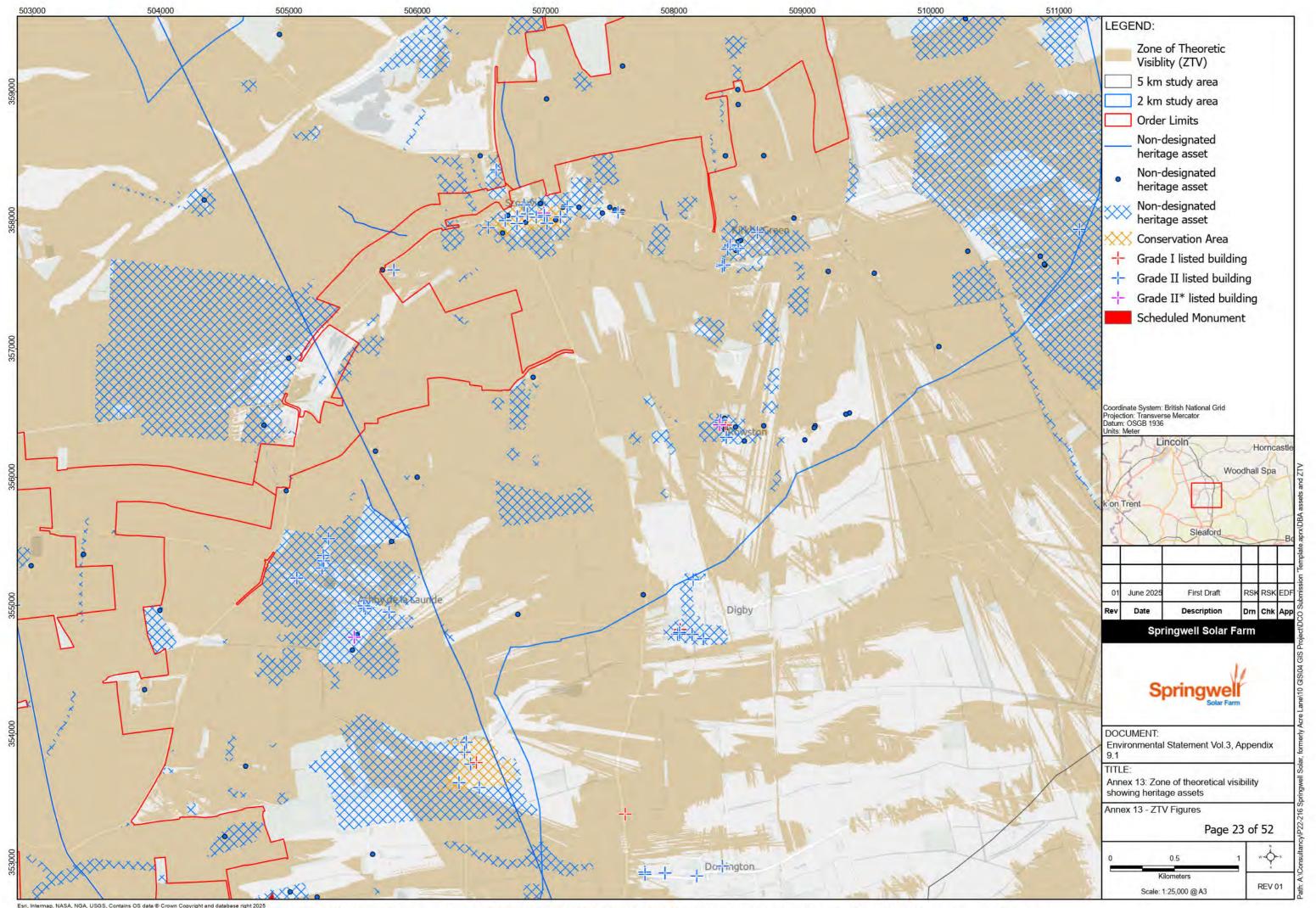


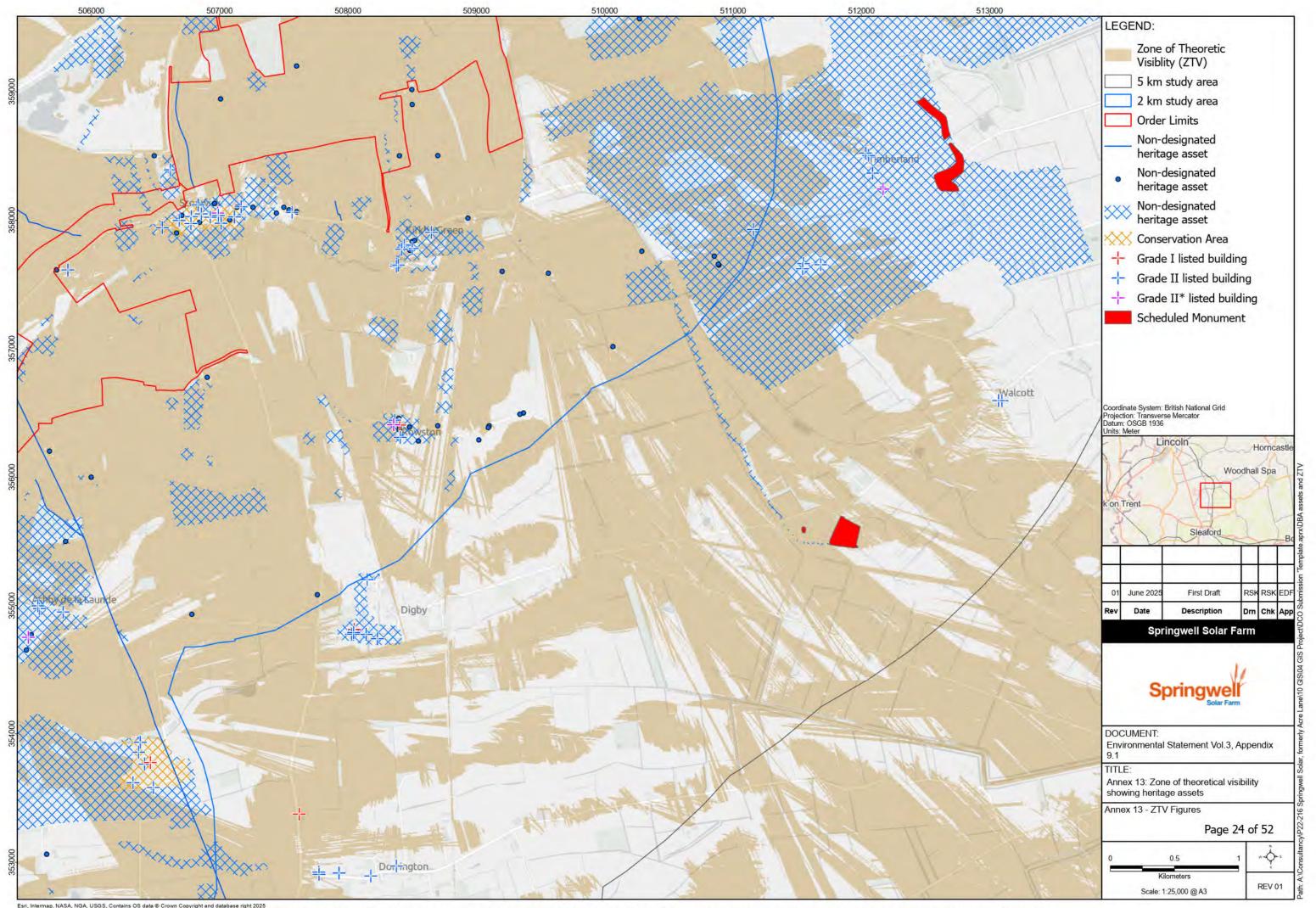


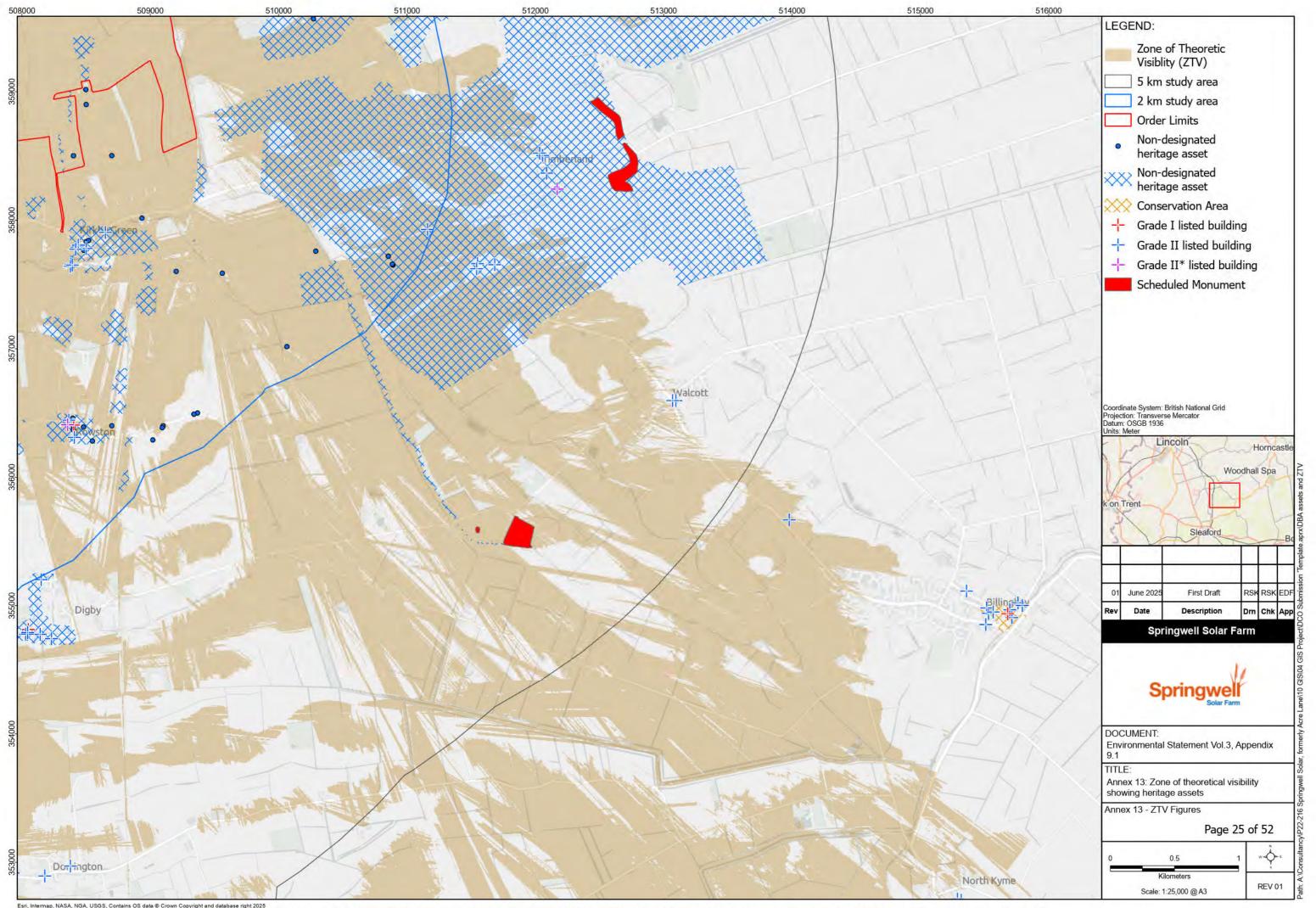


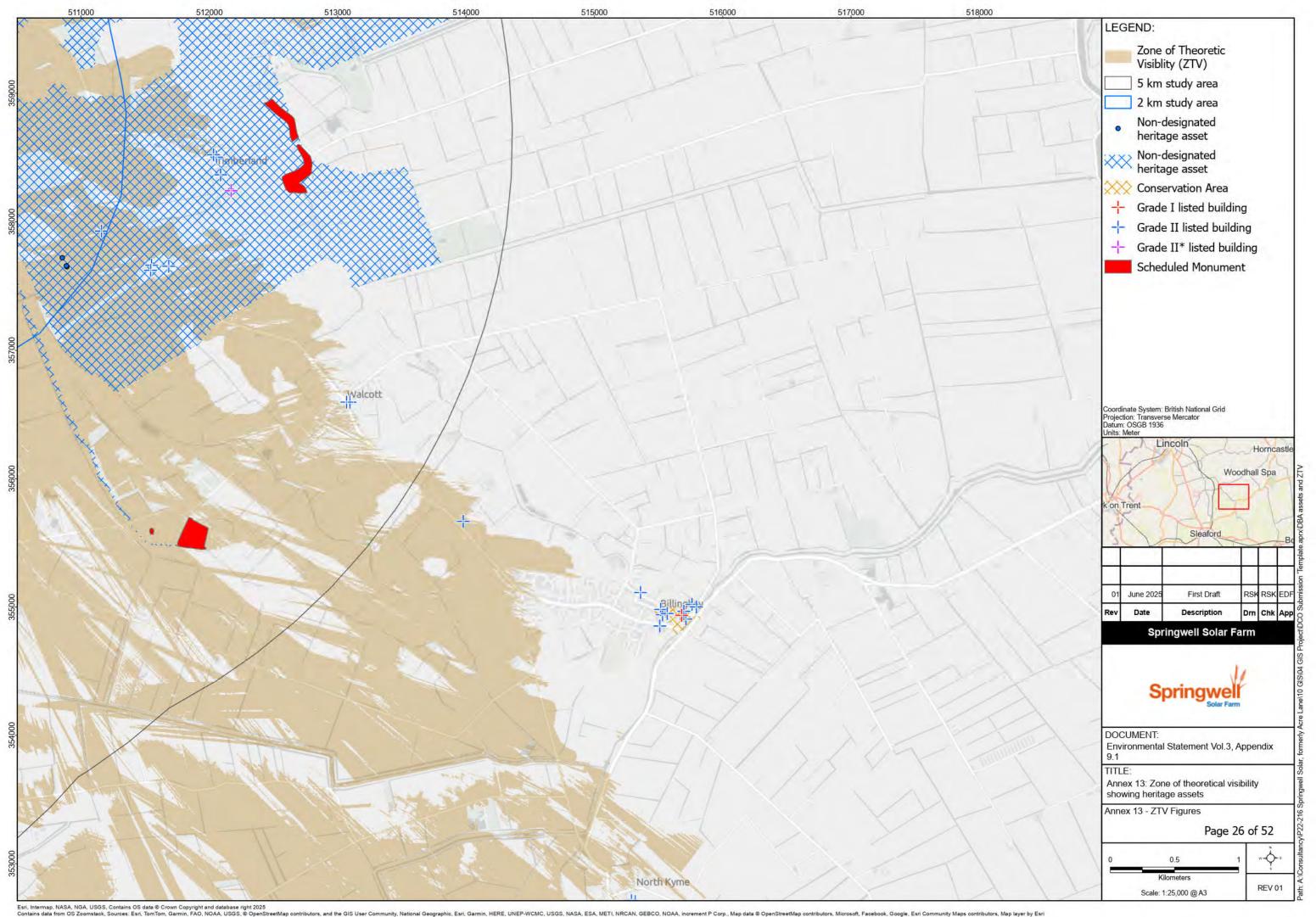


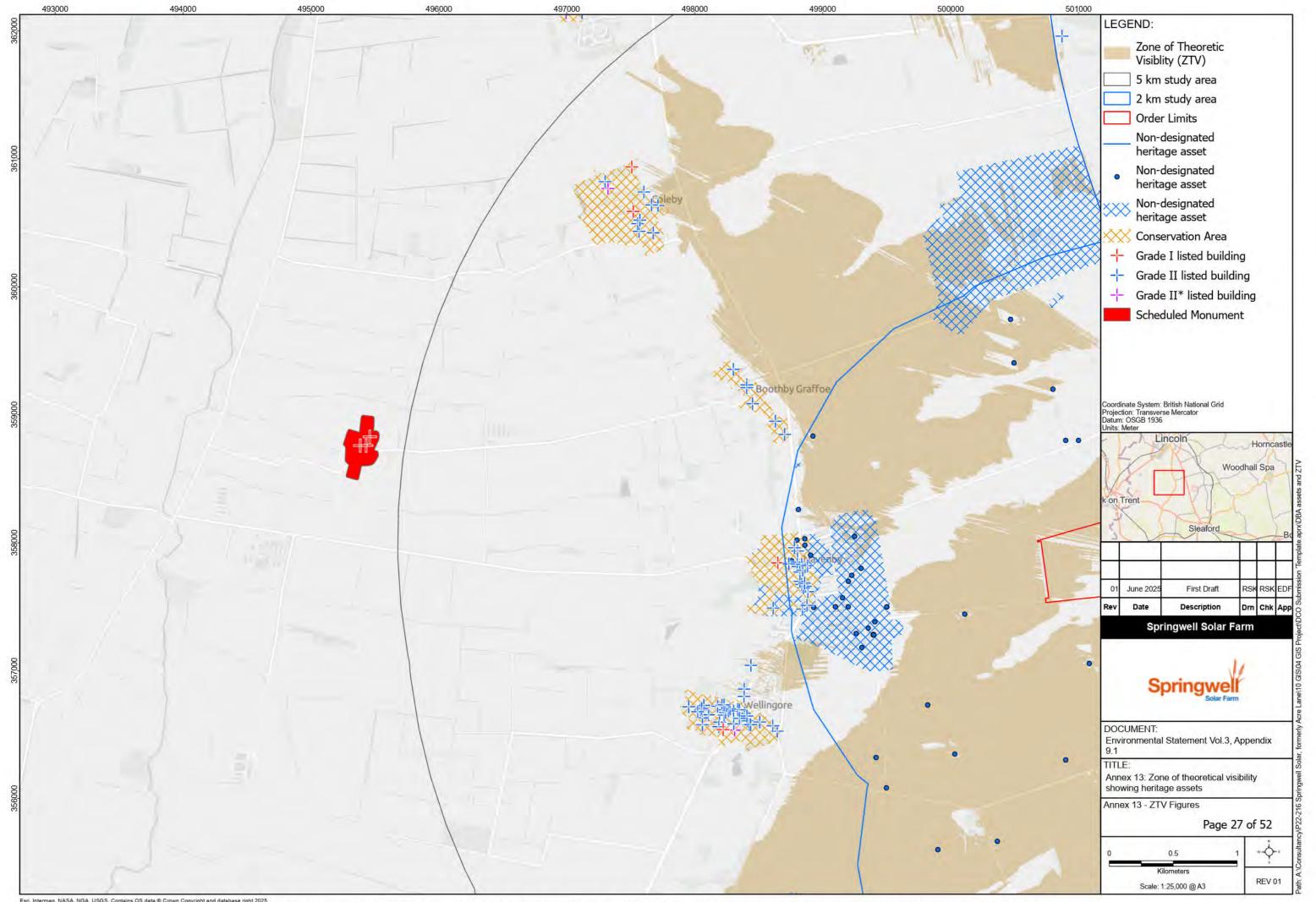


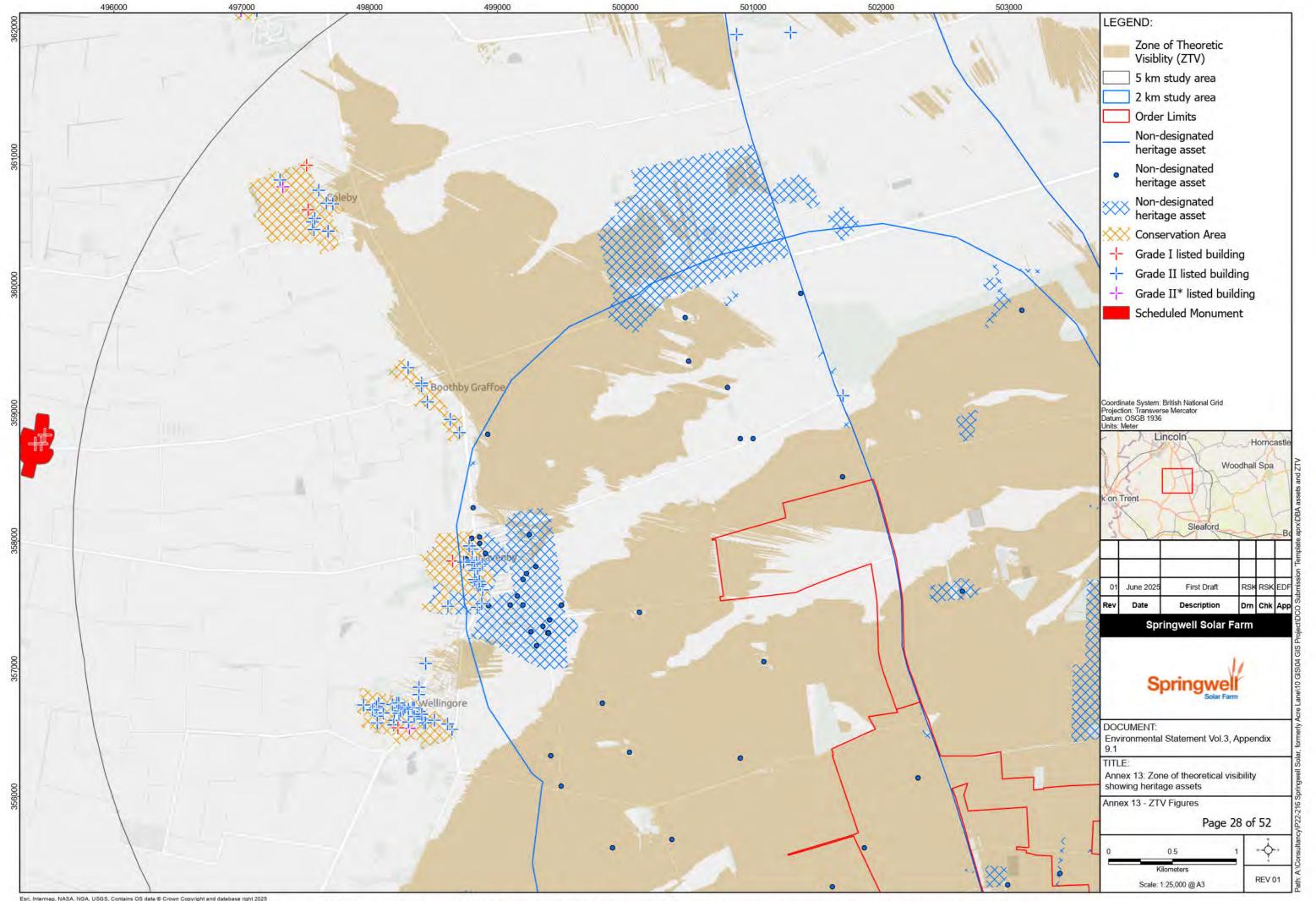


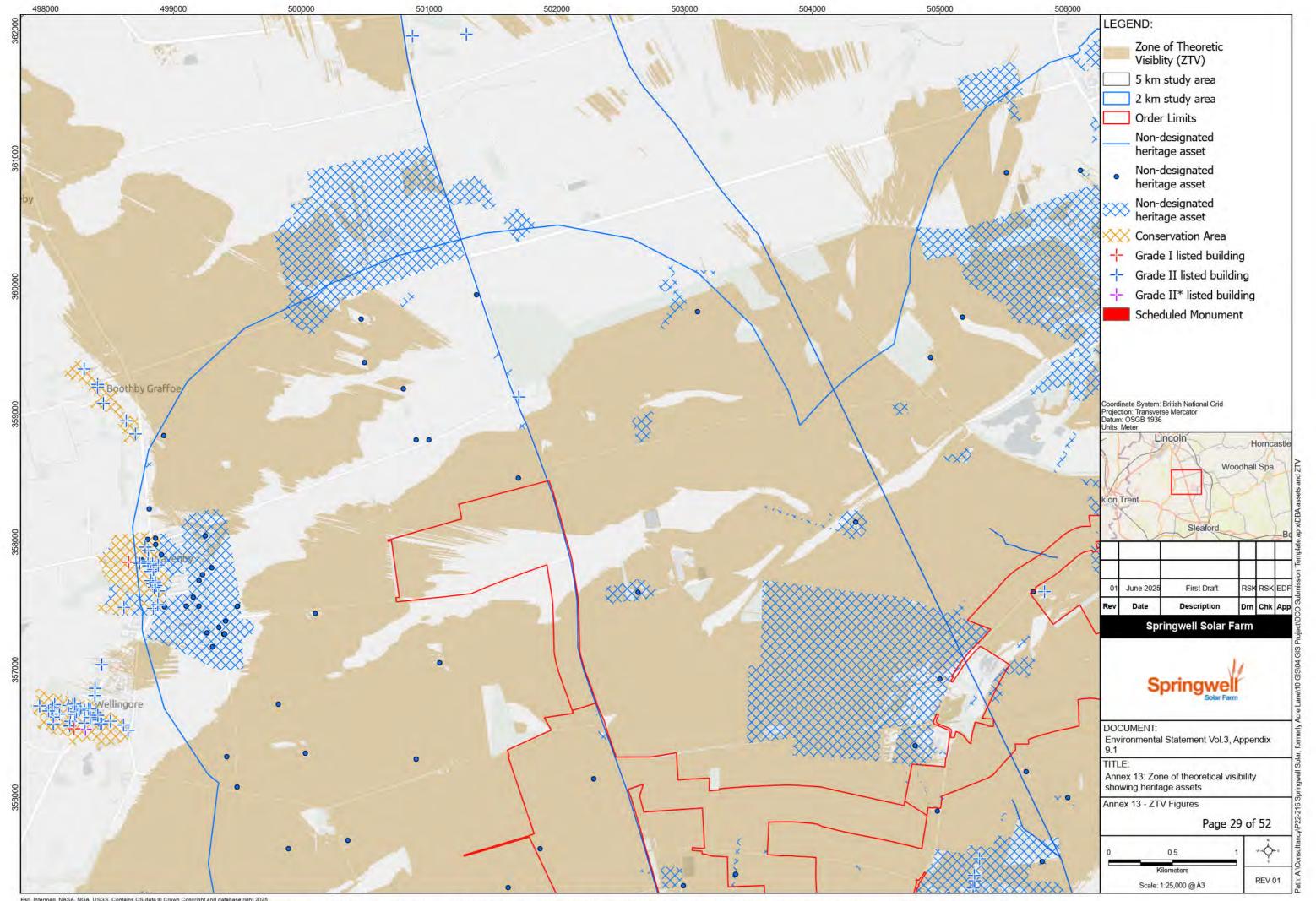


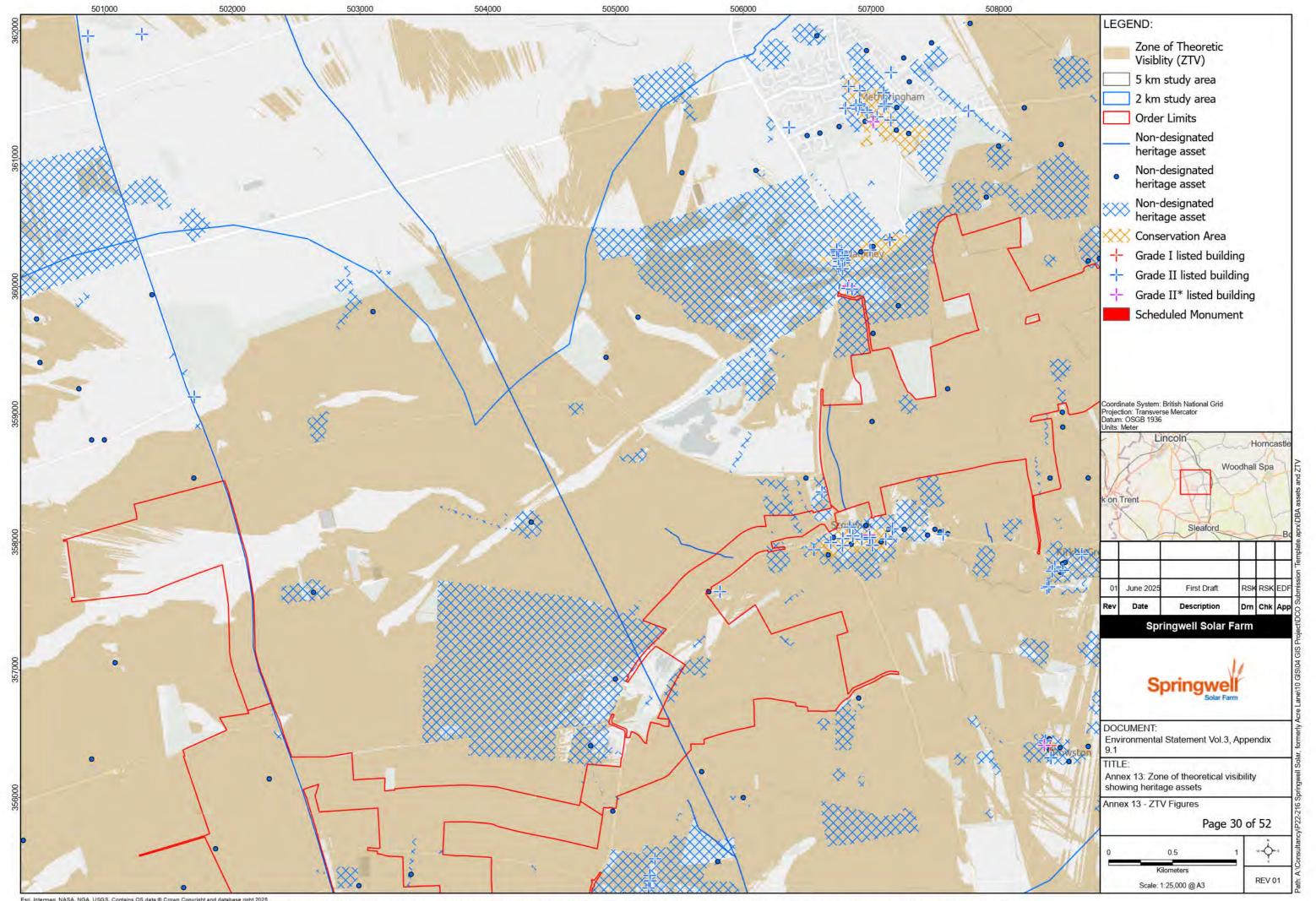


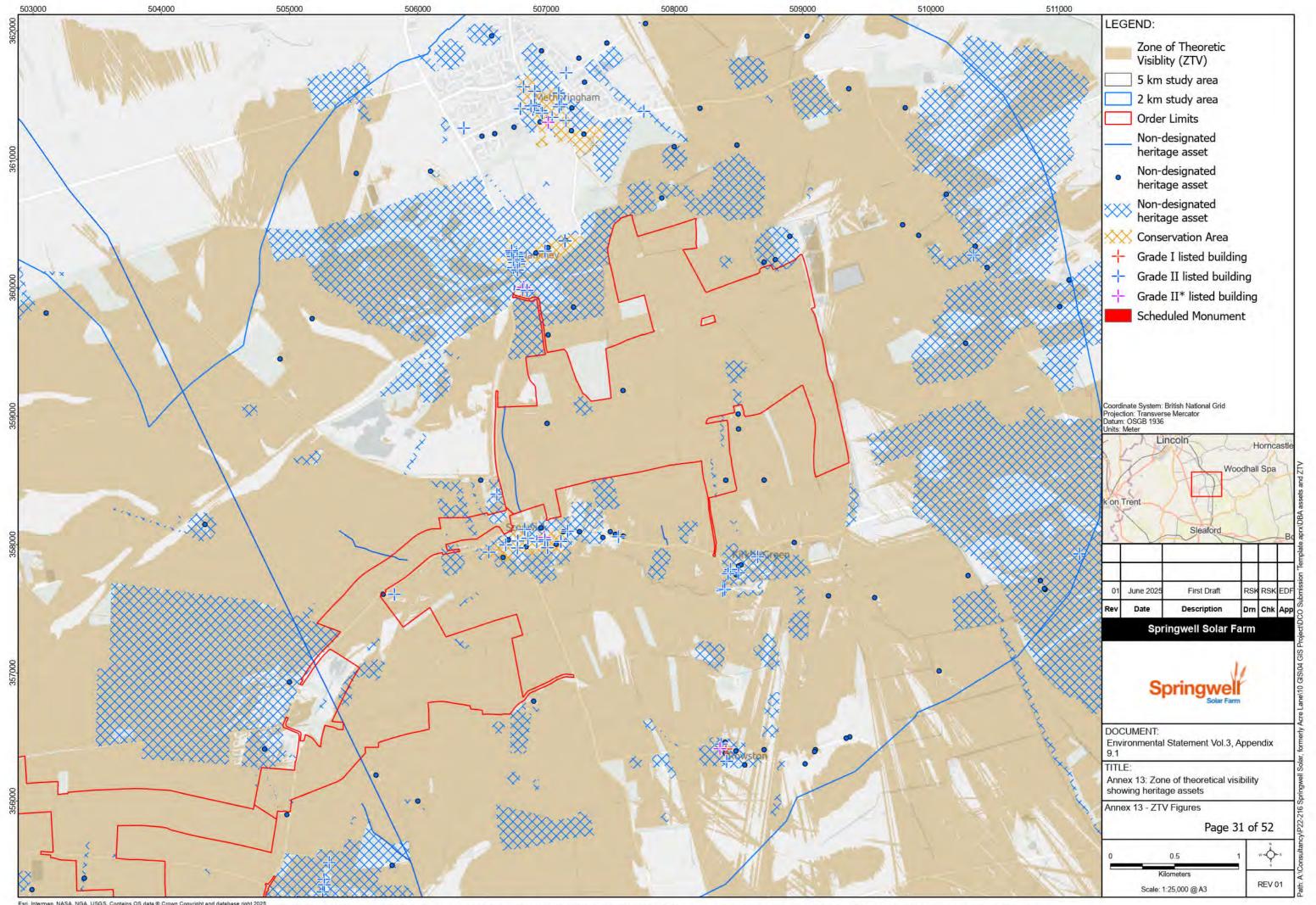


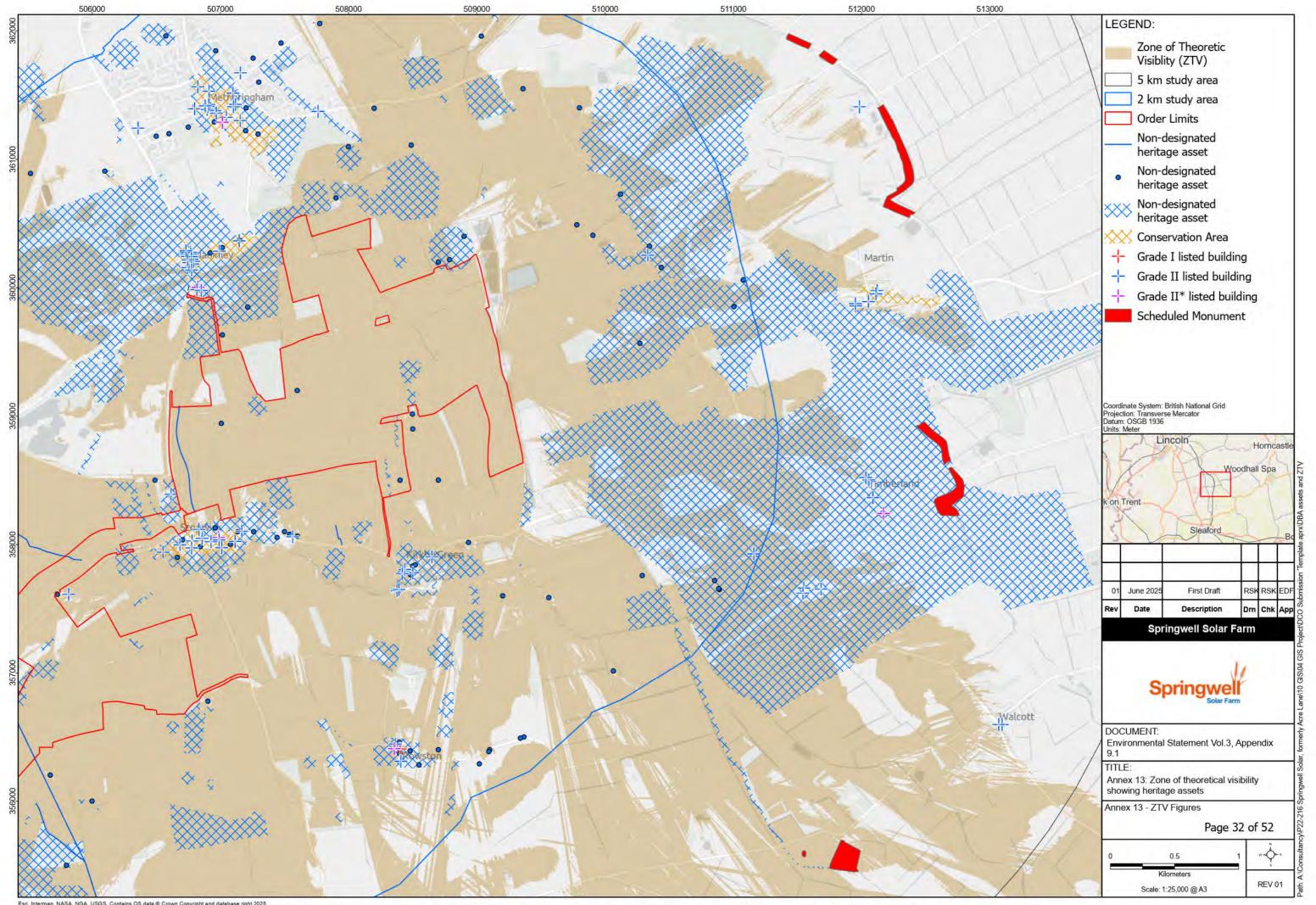


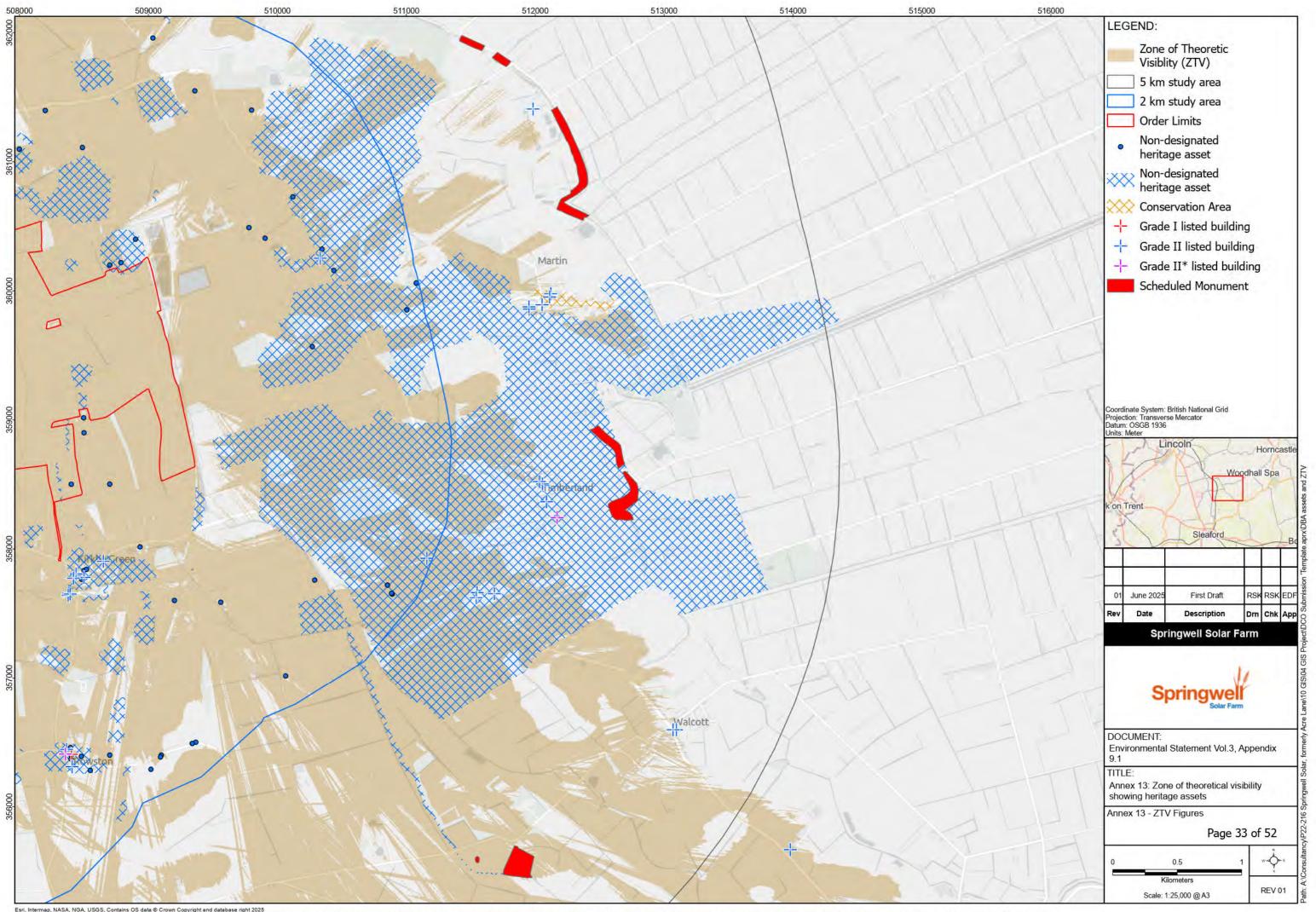


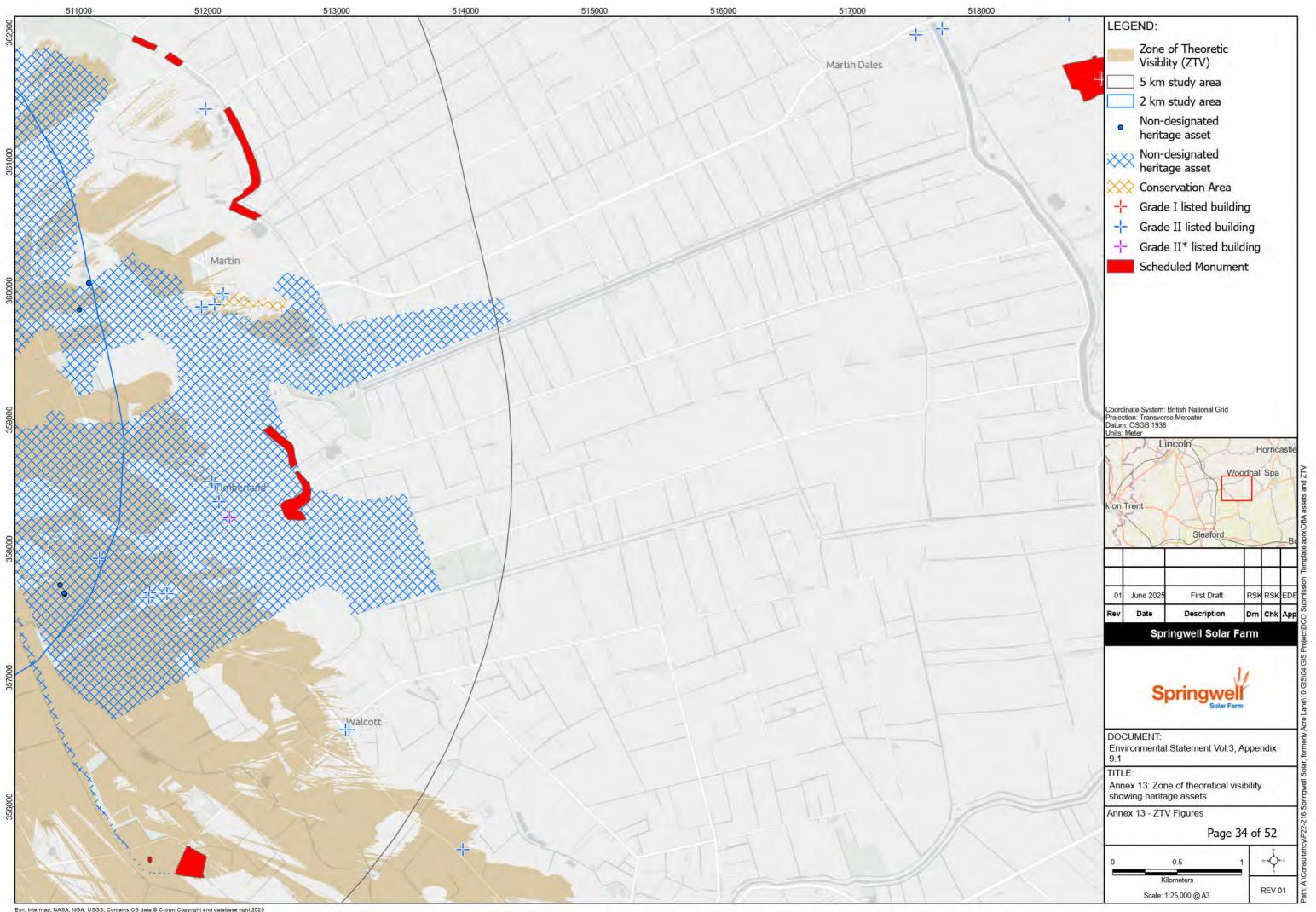


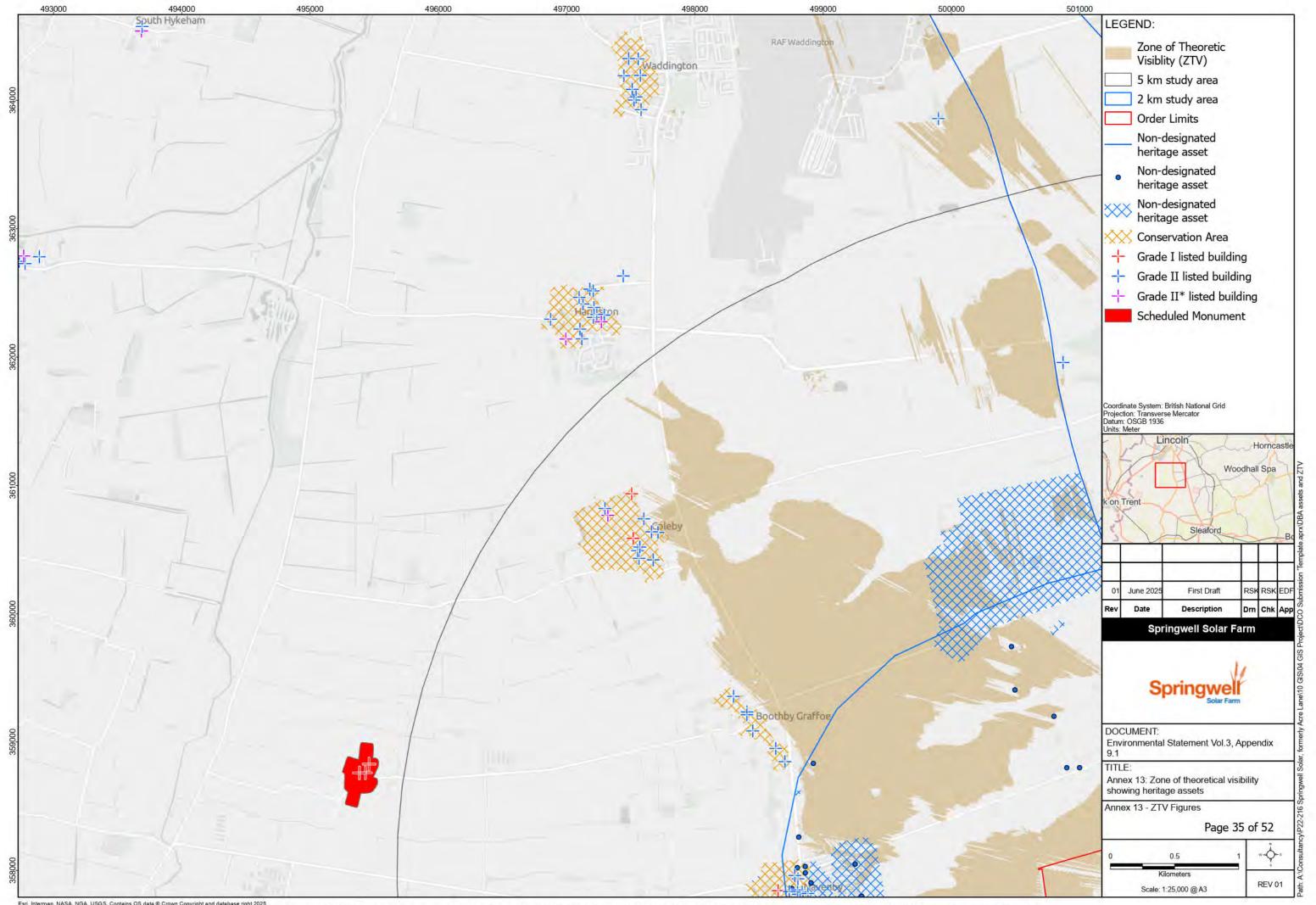


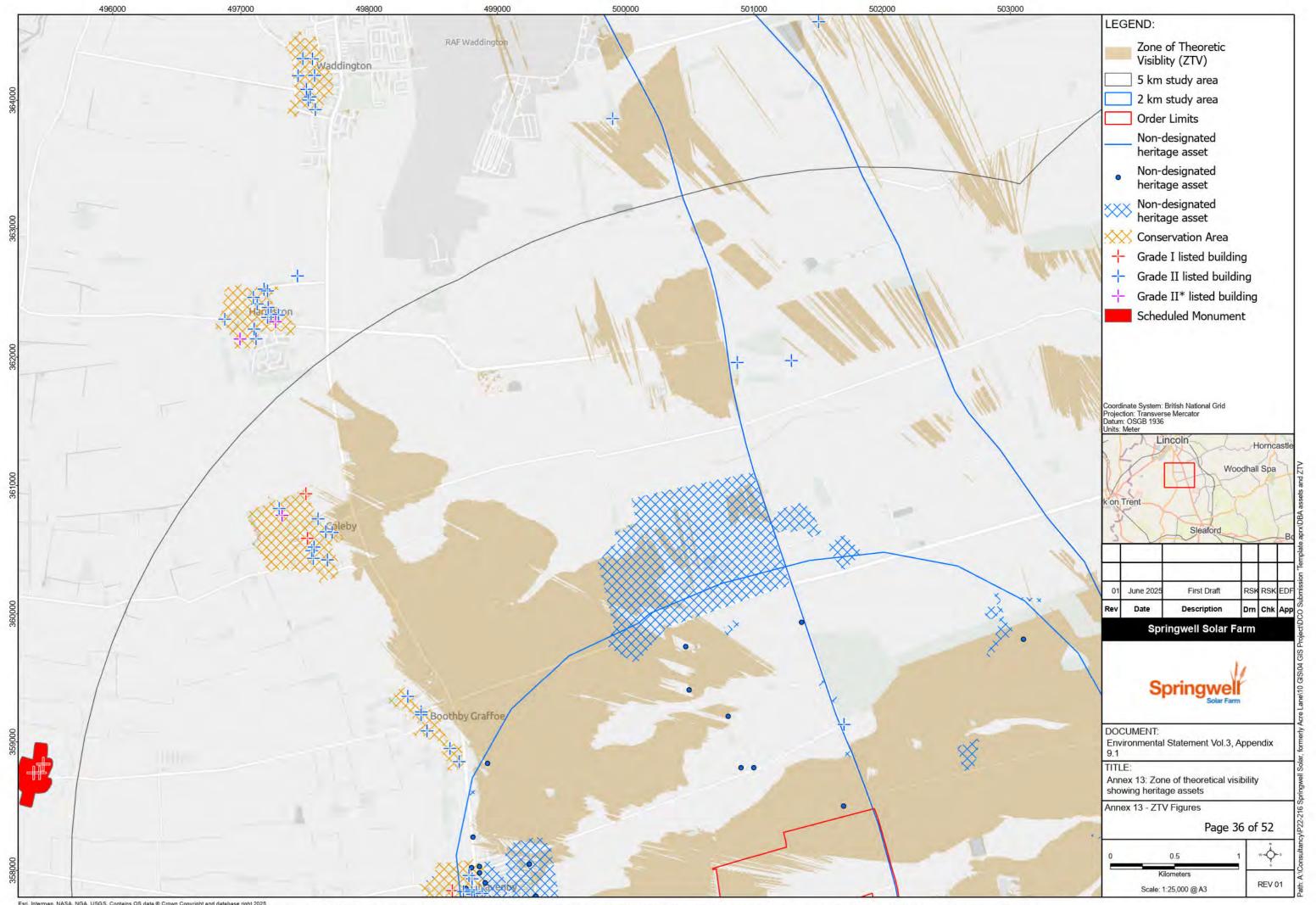


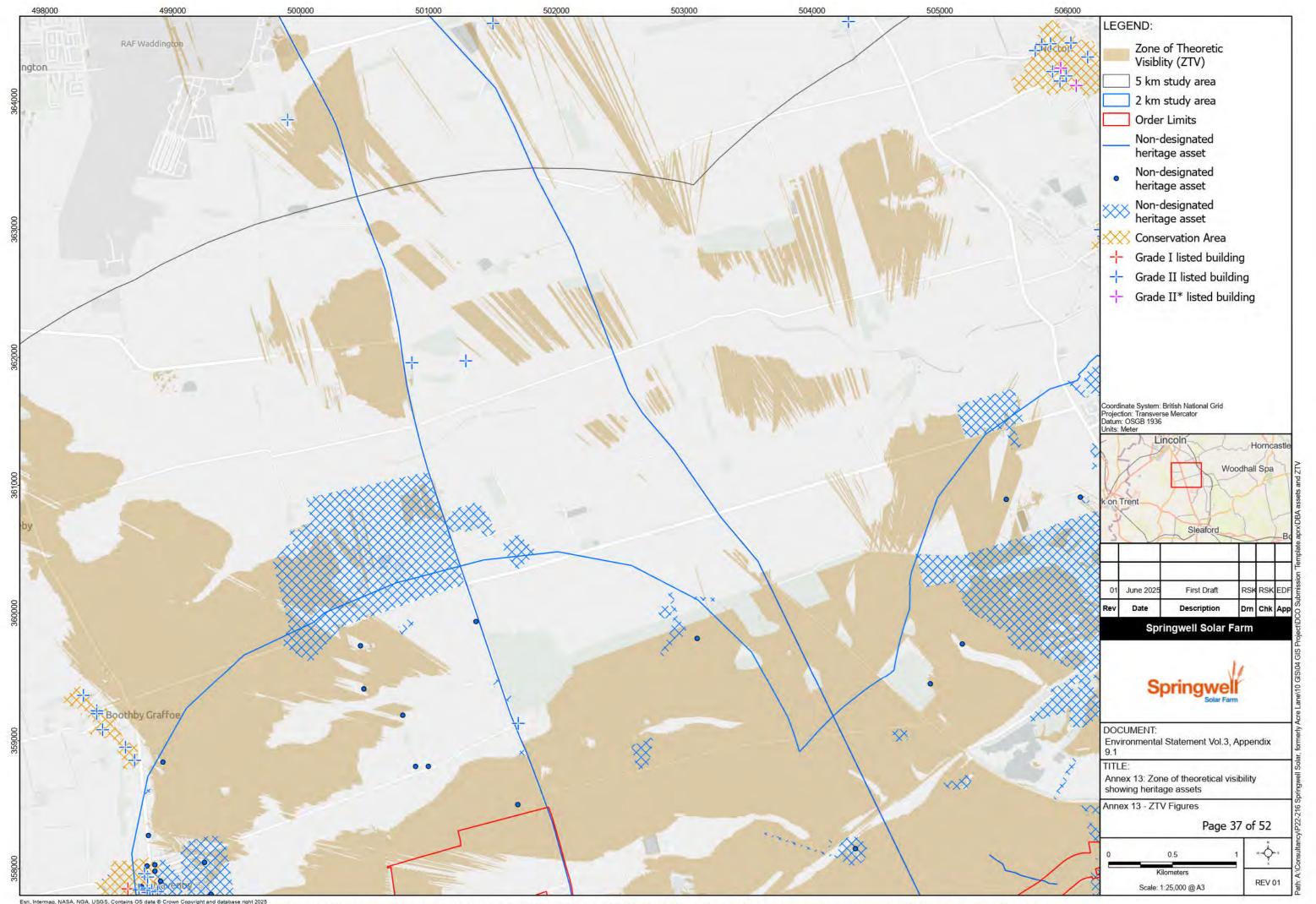


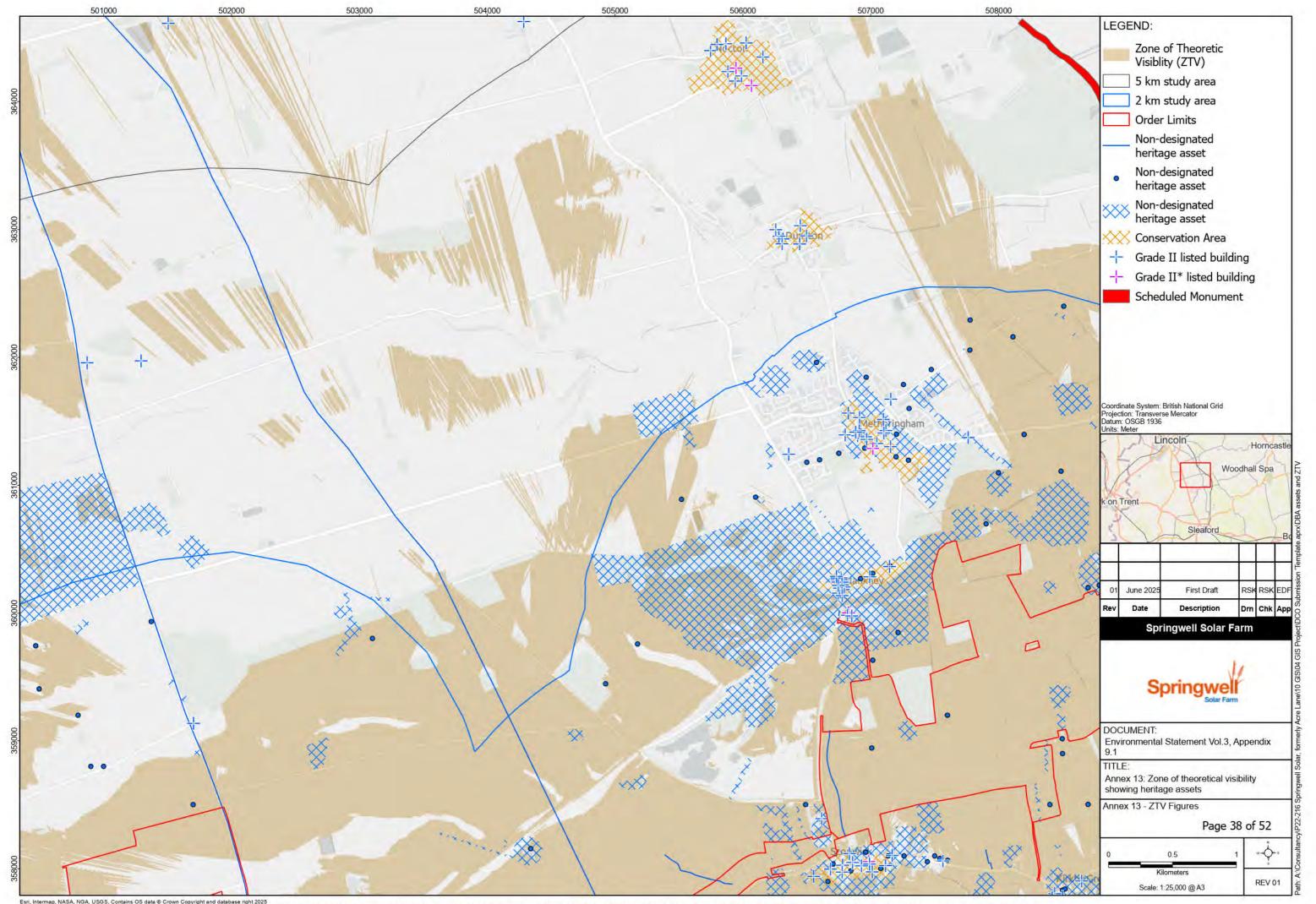


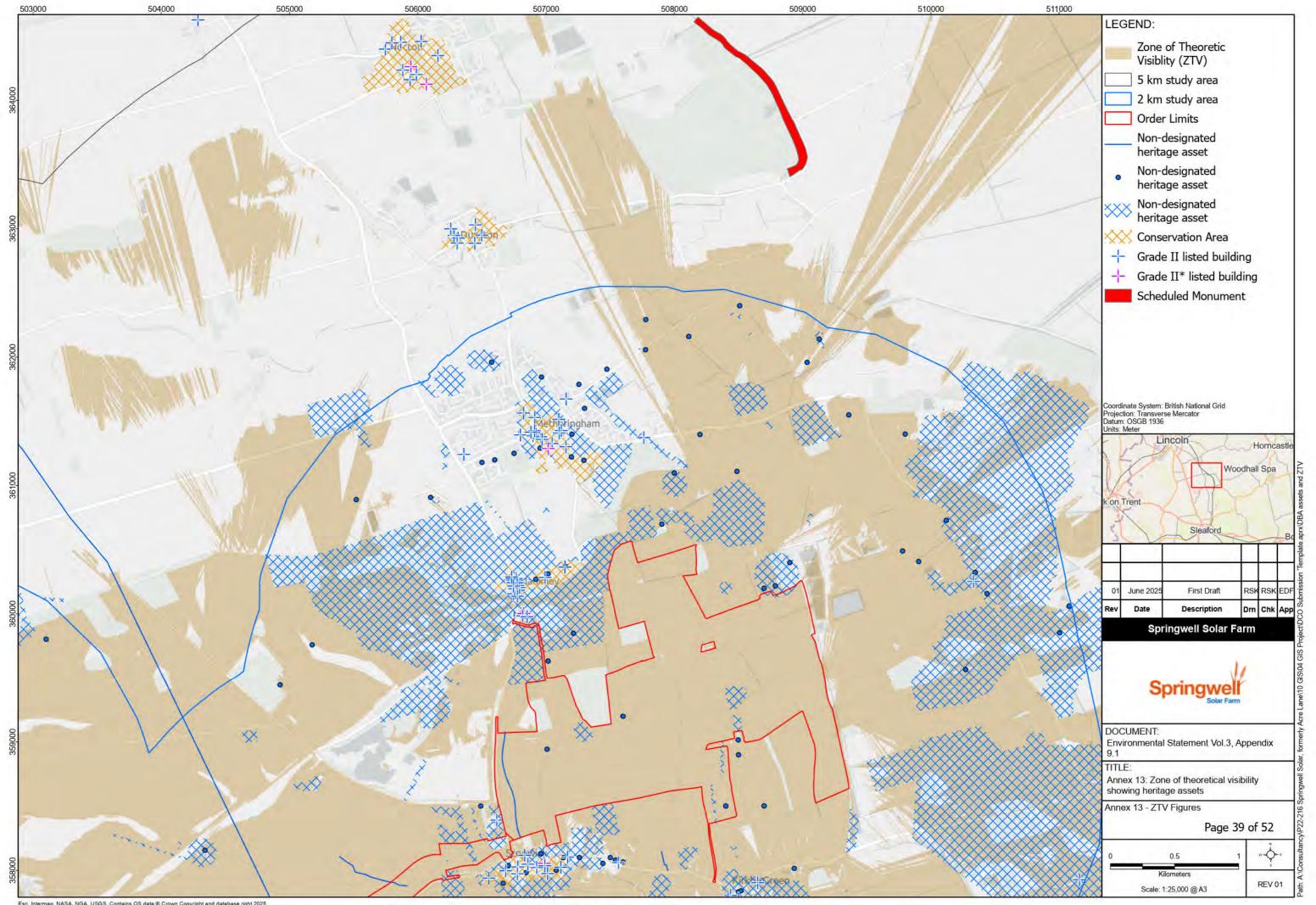


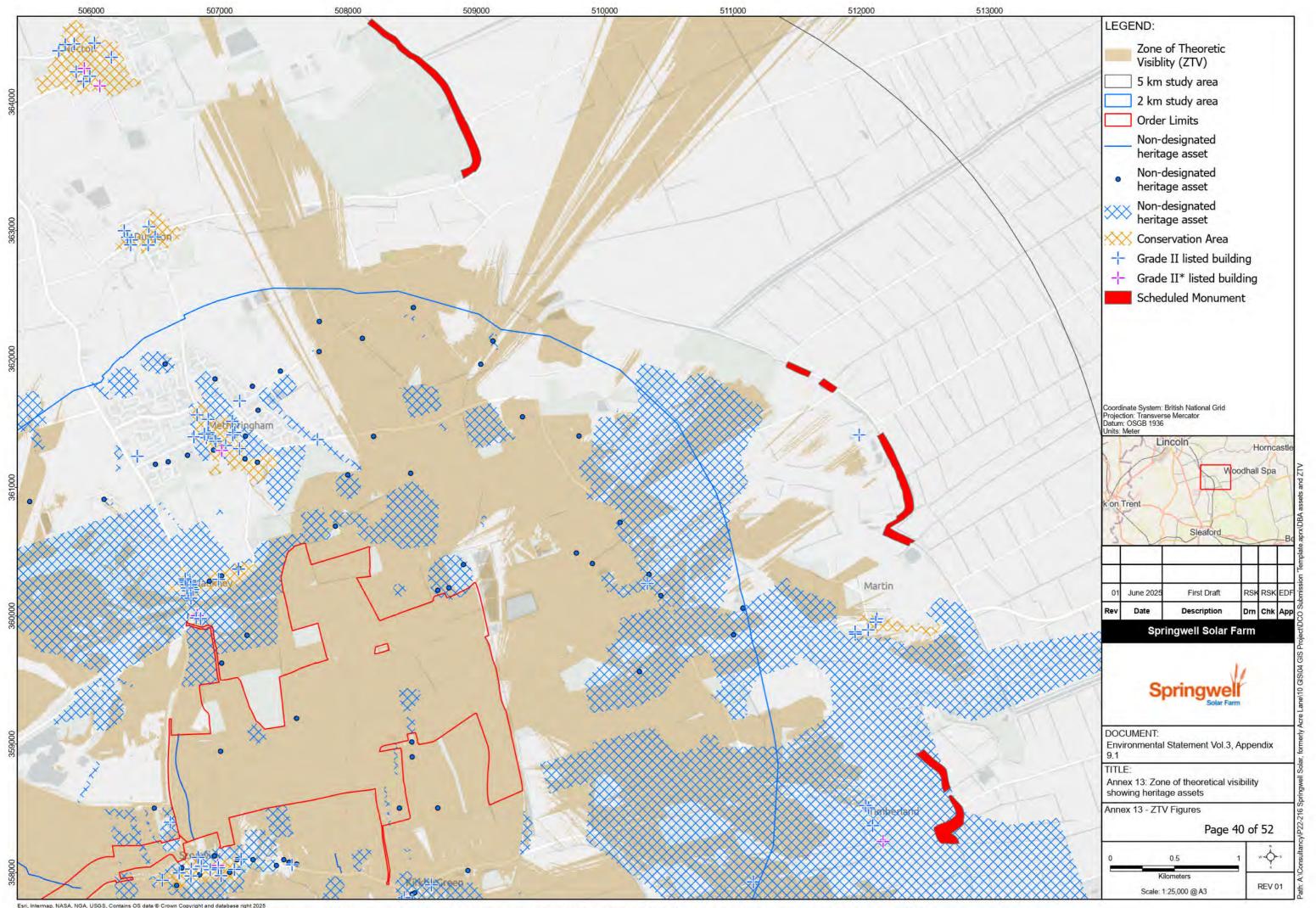


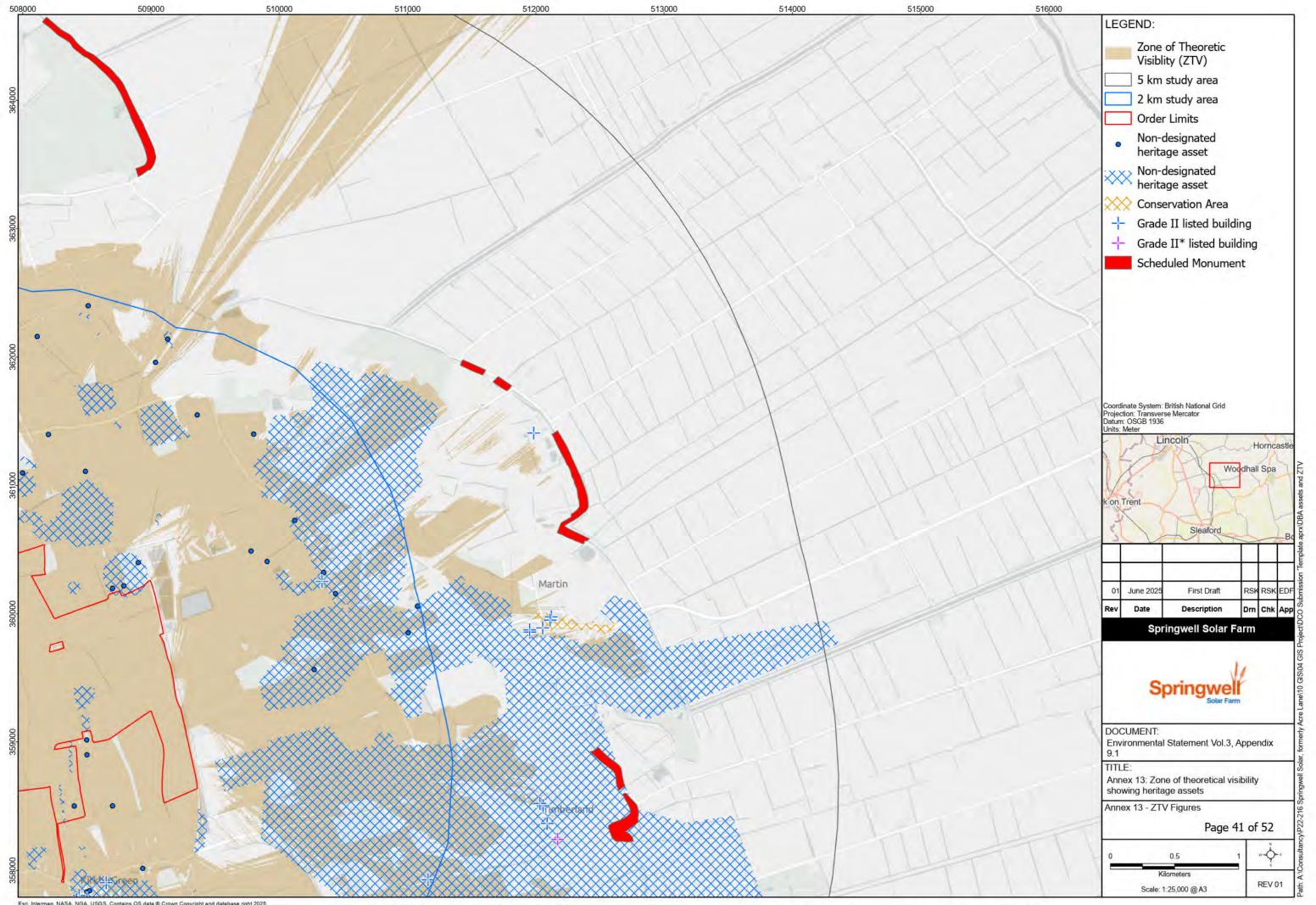


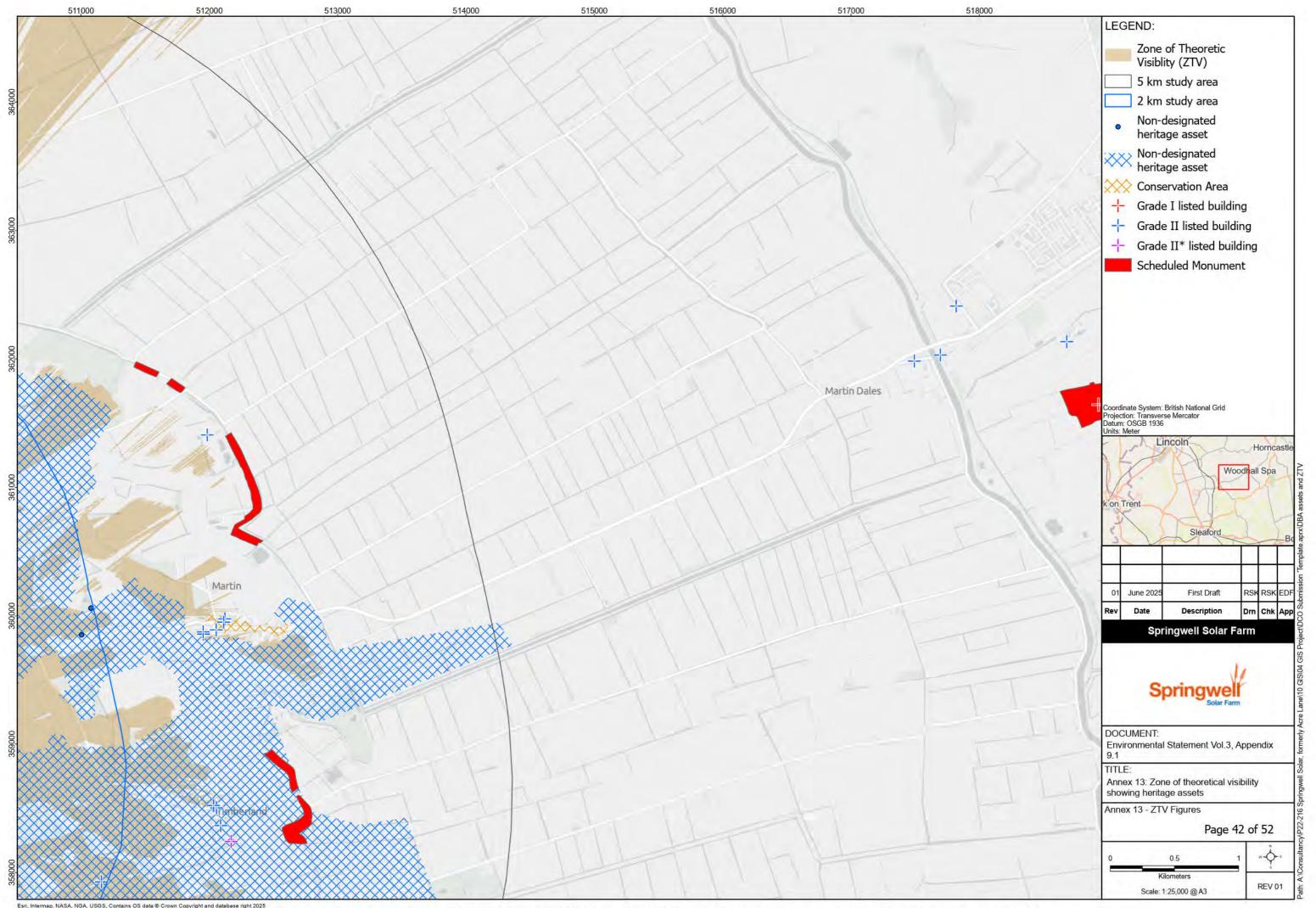


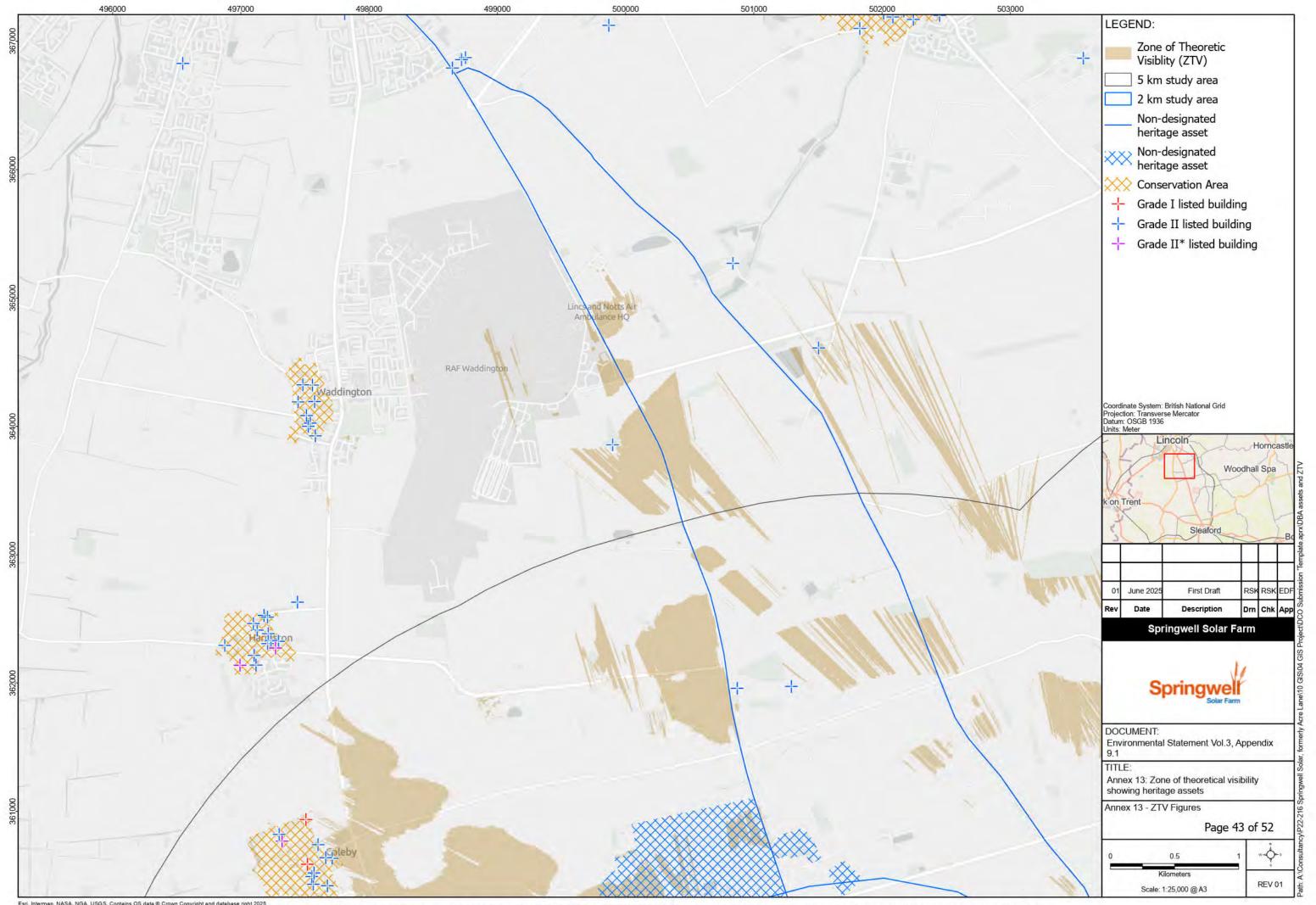


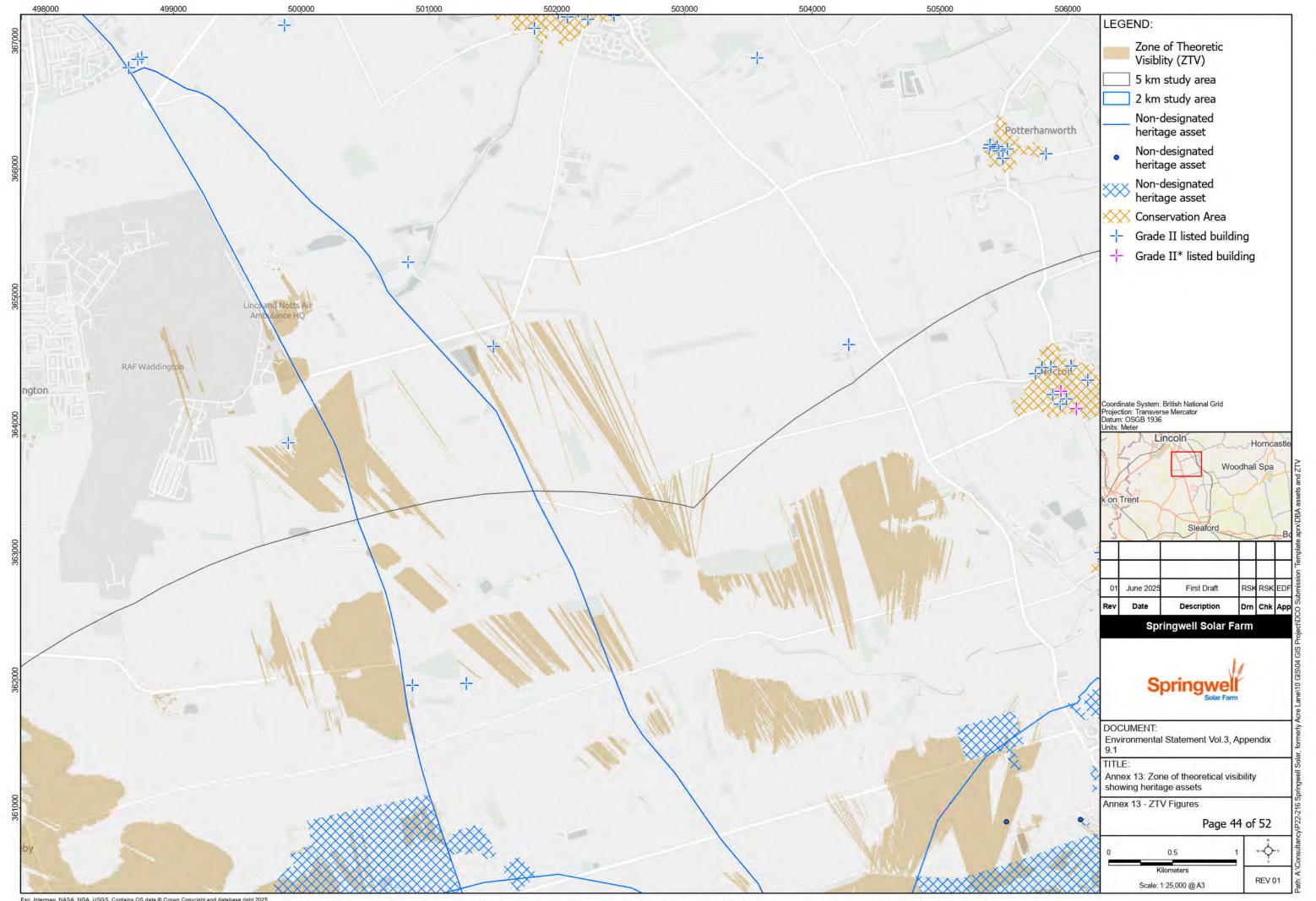


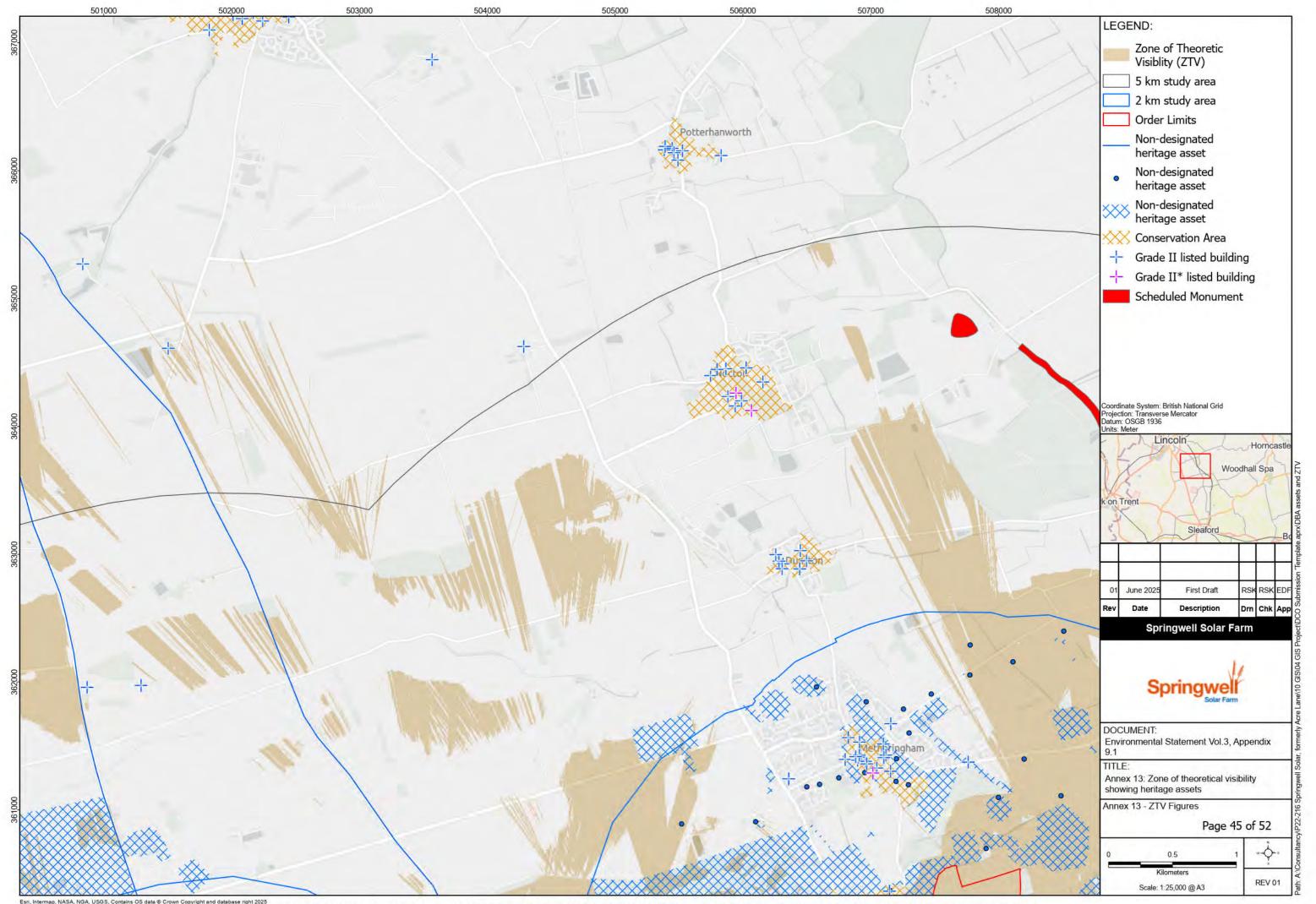


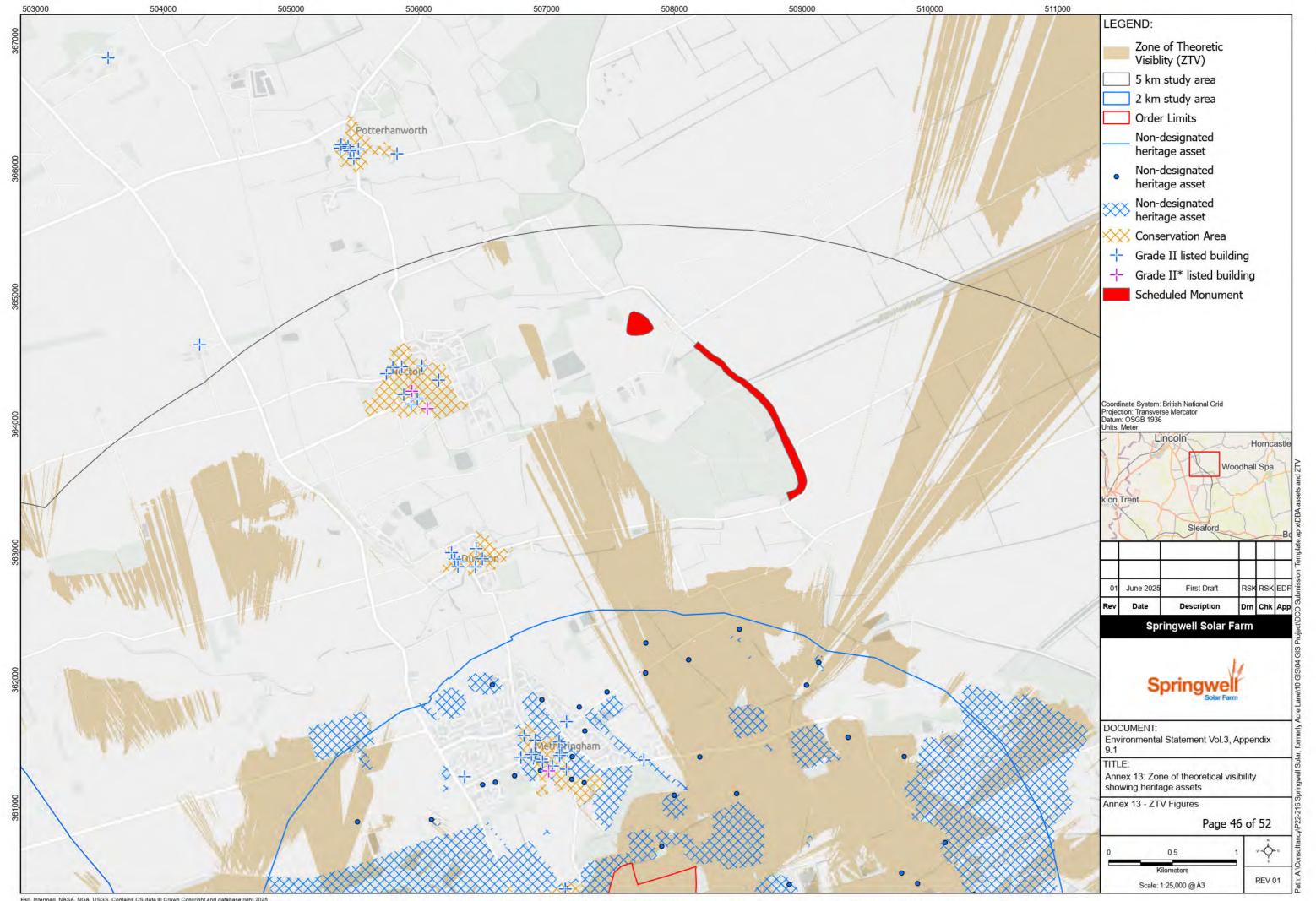


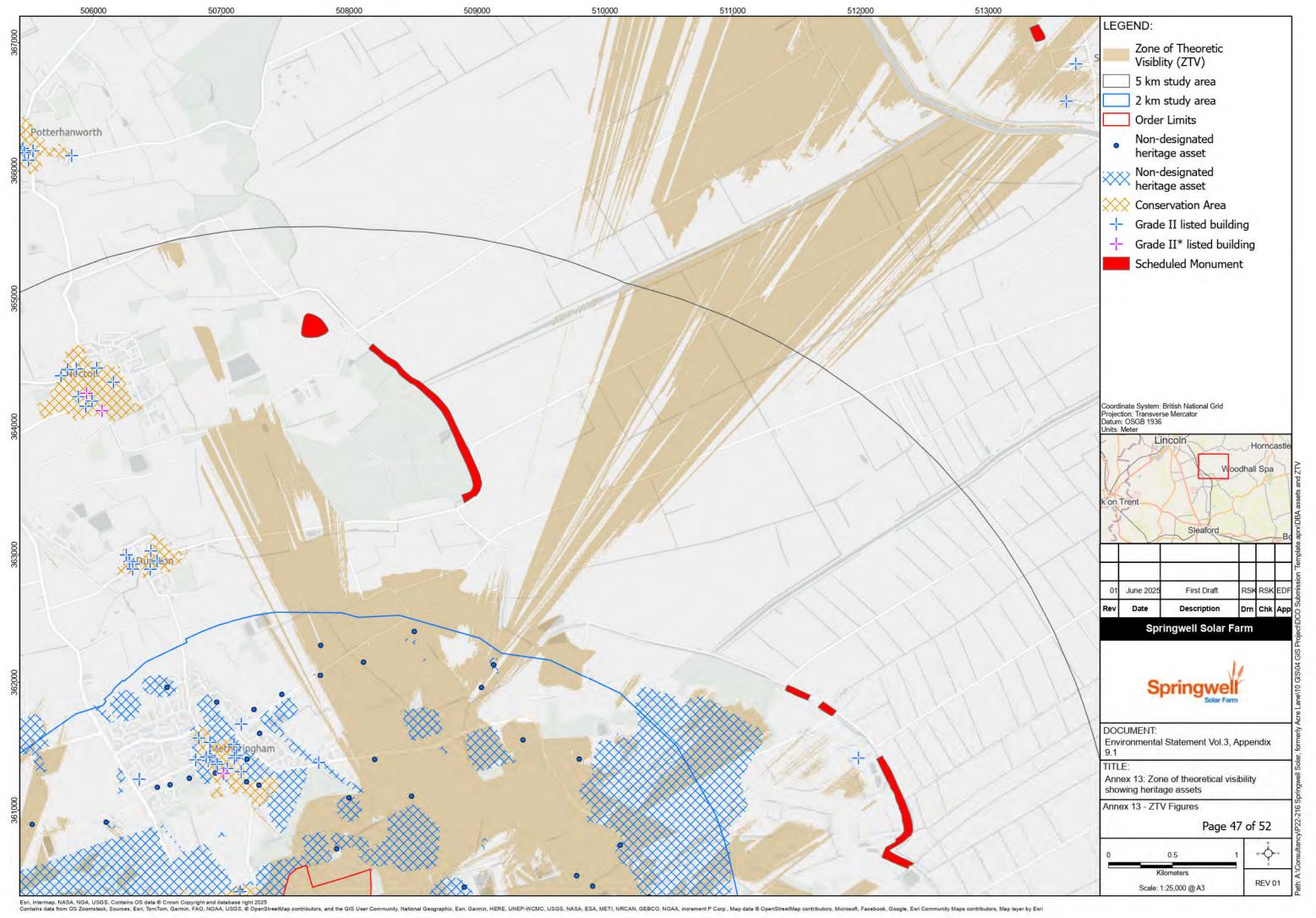


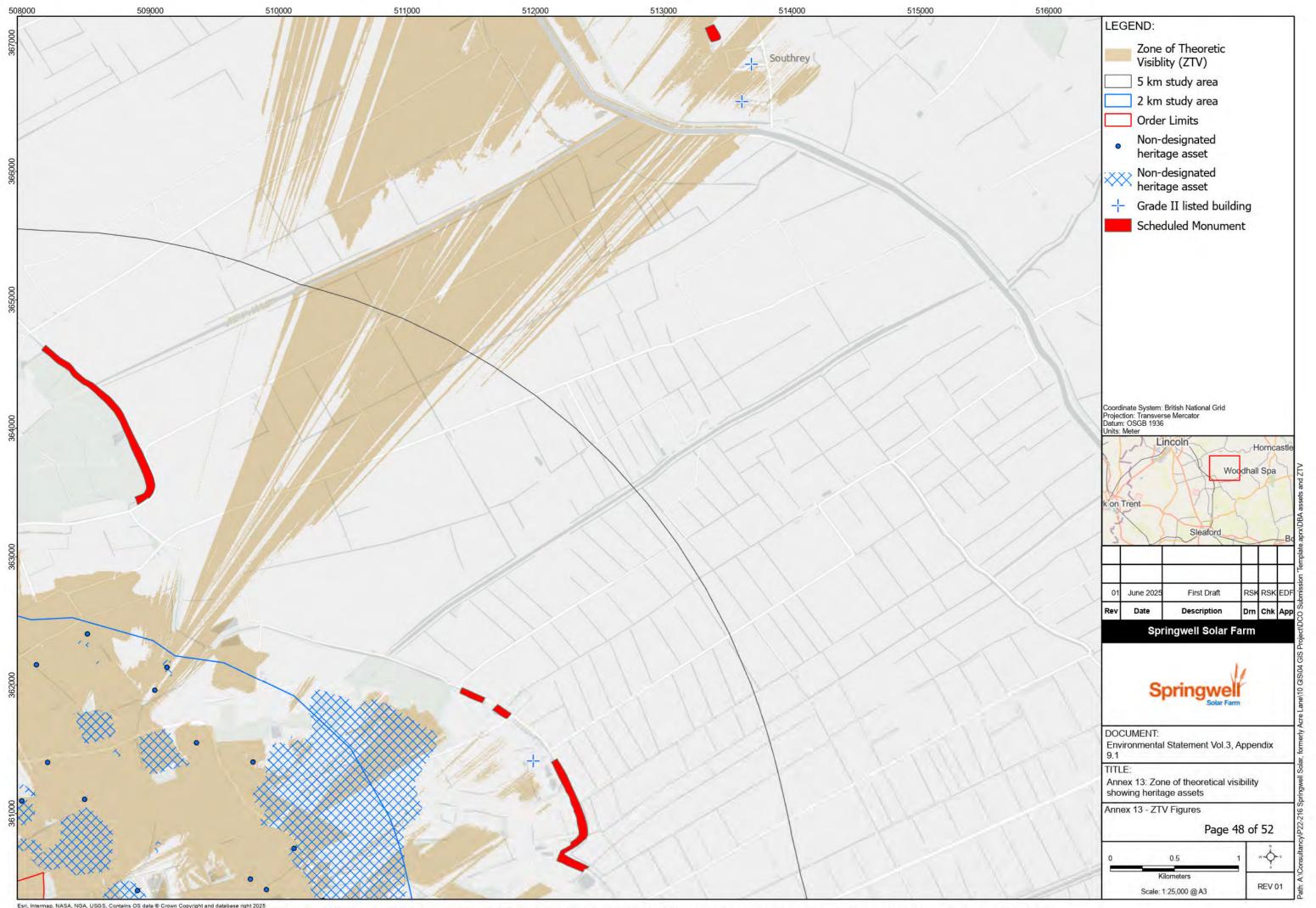


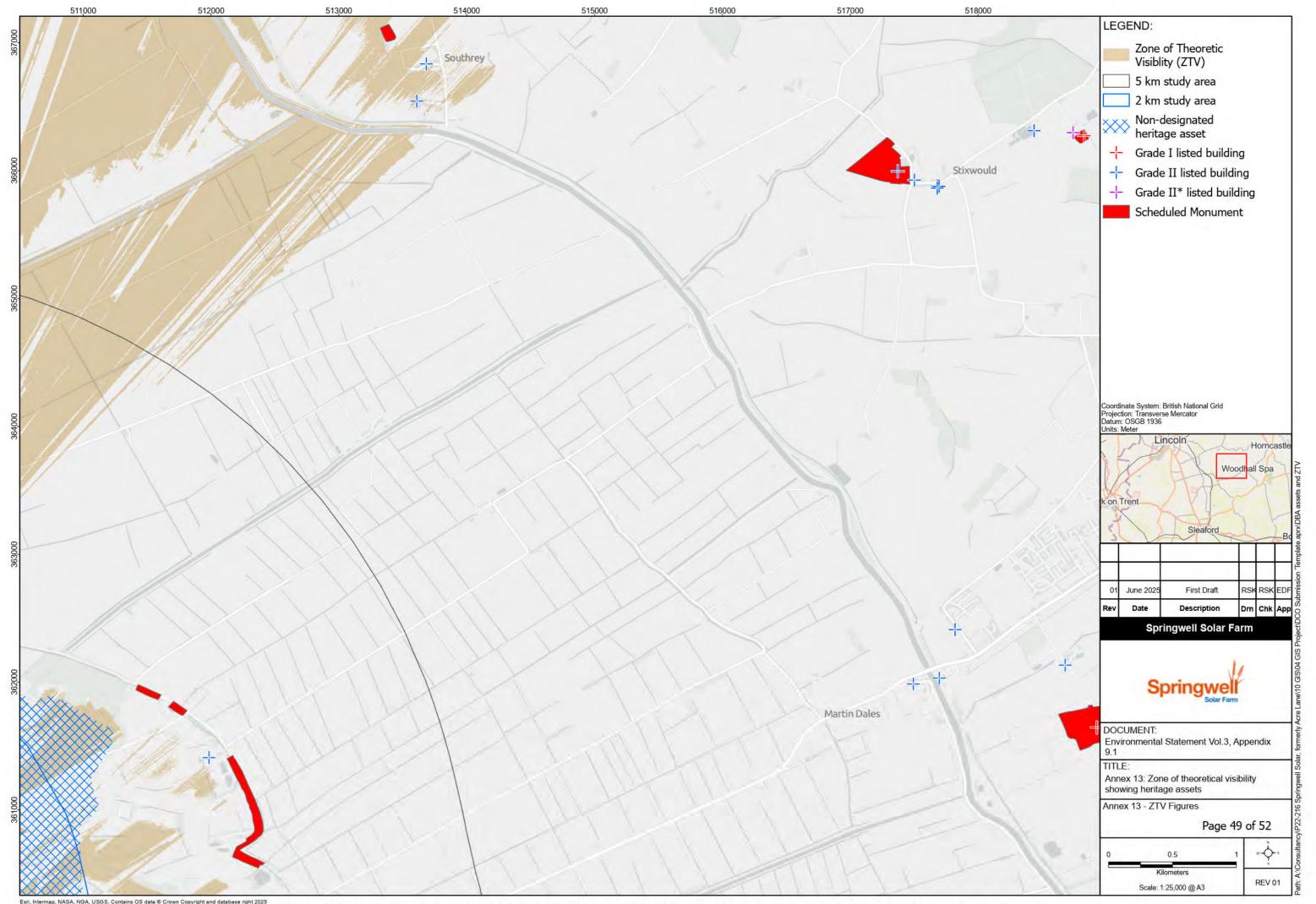


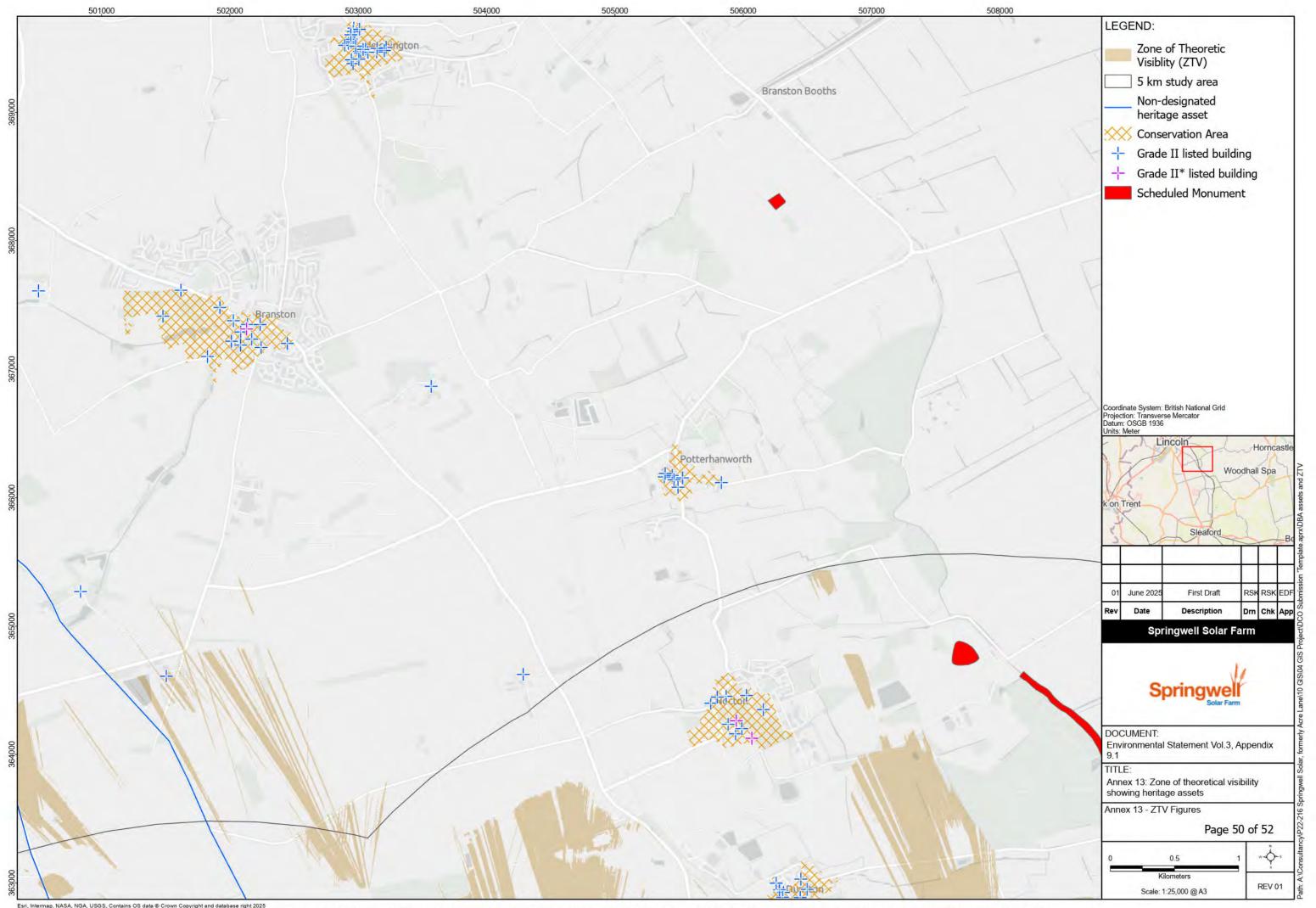


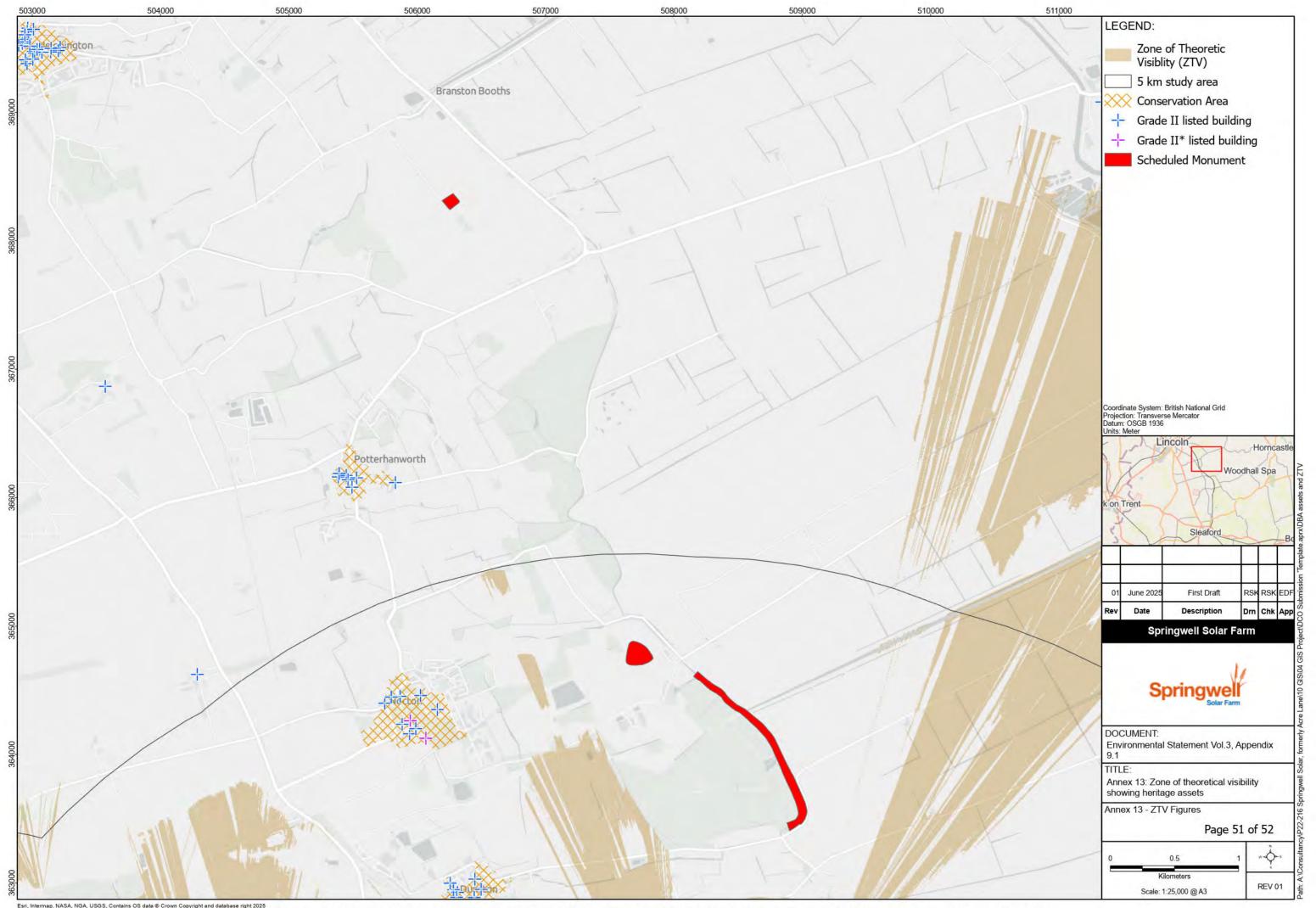


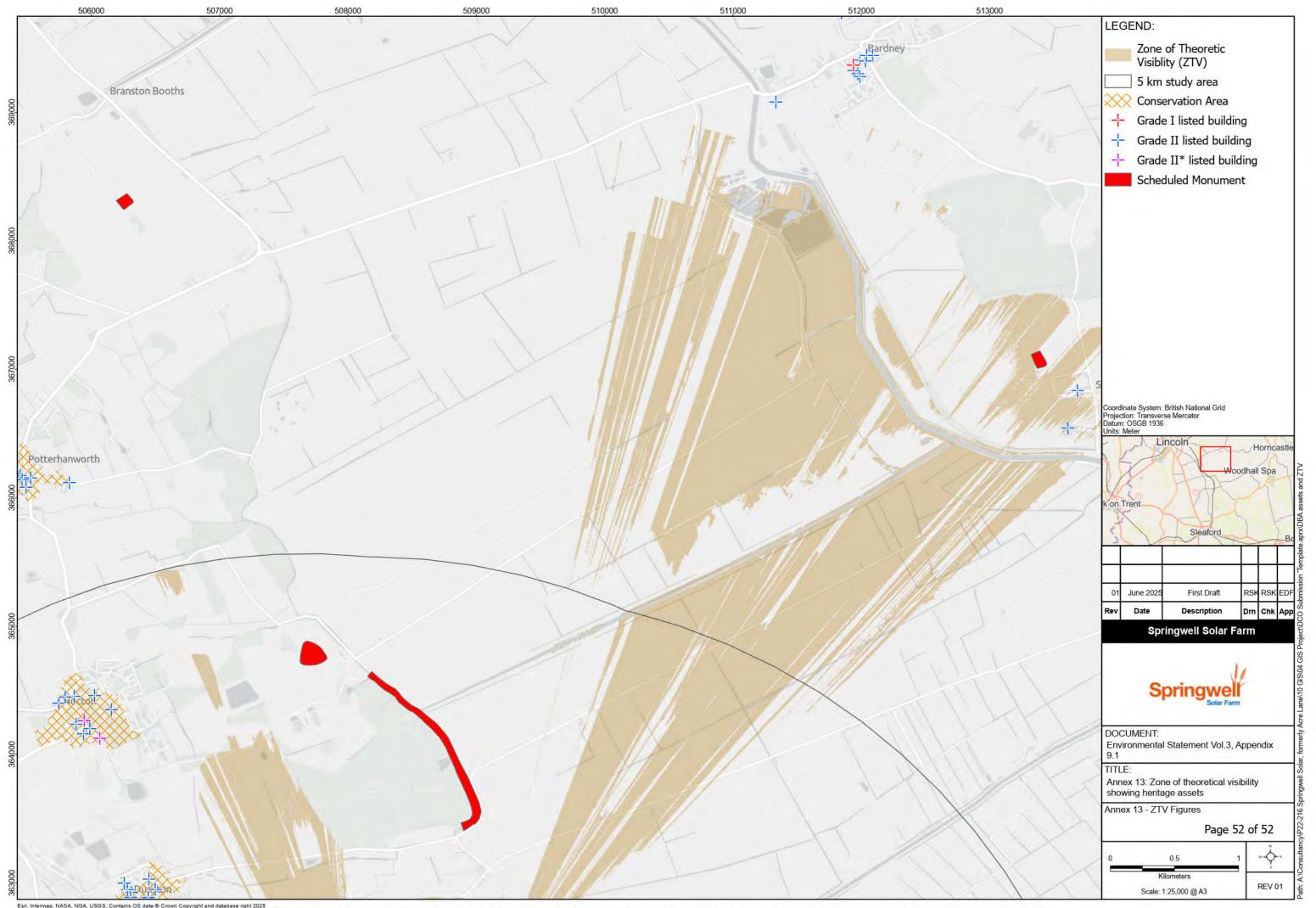












Annex 14 - Heritage assets with potential for effects through change in their setting



Annex 14: Heritage assets with potential for effects through change in their setting

- 10.1.1. The Lincolnshire County Council and North Kesteven District Council built heritage officers requested that the following heritage assets be included in the setting assessment due to the potential for significant effects:
 - Scopwick Mill (Grade II listed building, NHLE 280676)
 - Kirkby Green Mill (Grade II listed building, NHLE1064295)
 - Walled Garden North of Ashby Hall (Grade II listed building, NHLE1487810).
 - Farmyard North of The Firs (Grade II listed building NHLE1280661)
 - Ashby Hall (Grade II listed building, NHLE1061827) and its associated historic parkland HER Ref: MLI89154)
 - Church of St Oswald, Blankney (Grade II* listed building, NHLE 1064285)
 - Brauncewell medieval village (Scheduled Monument NHLE 1018397) and Church of All Saints (Grade II listed building, NHLE 1254135)
 - Dunsby medieval village (Scheduled Monument, NHLE 1018395)
 - Thompsons Bottom farmhouse and stables (Grade II listed buildings, NHLE 1254329 and 1254407),
 - Temple Farmhouse (Grade II listed building, NHLE 1261359 and Remains of Preceptory Church / Church Tower North of Temple Farmhouse (Scheduled monument NHLE1261359 and Grade I listed building, NHLE 1254328
 - Home Farmhouse (Grade II listed building, NHLE1061825).
- 10.1.2. Each of these assets is considered individually below. In addition, the Local Authorities requested that the following non-designated heritage assets (historic farmsteads) be considered both individually and for their group value:
 - Ashby Lodge (MLI120940).
 - Slate House (MLI120942)
 - Glebe Farm (MLI120941)
 - Rowston Top / The Maltings (MLI120856)
 - Scopwick Lowfield Farm (MLI120841)
 - Sheffield House (MLI120857)

Kirby Green Mill (Grade II listed building, NHLE1064295)



The mill at Kirby Green is an 18th century water mill. It derives significance 10.1.3. from the architectural and historic interest in its fabric as an example of its type, particularly for the recorded survival of its wheel and grinding machinery noted in the listed building description. The mill is associated with a millhouse and cottages which are separately listed. The mill is located on the river which provided power and this physical relationship with the watercourse contributes to the significance of the building by providing context to its historic function. The wider agricultural surroundings also contribute as they were the fields from which the grain ground at the mill was sourced. The closest solar arrays would be 730 m to the north beyond the settlement of Kirkby Green, the relationship between the mill and the watercourse and its associated buildings would not be altered, and the impact of the changes to the wider agricultural landscape to the significance of the mill would be slight (less than substantial harm) and not significant. This asset was therefore scoped out of the ES.

Blankney St Oswald's Church (Grade II* listed building, NHLE1064285)

The church at Blankney is a 12th century parish church with 13th and 15th 10.1.4. century alterations. The three stage west tower was rebuilt 1805-7, the church was restored c1820 and restored again 1879-81 by Carpenter and Ingelow. The church derives significance and its principal reason for designation from the architectural and historic interest in its fabric as an example of a medieval church with later alterations. The church also has associative value with named architects and with the Blankney estate. It is associated with a listed lych gate of 1883 by G. F. Bodley and a number of non-designated memorials within the churchyard. These memorials contribute to the communal value of the church as the focus of worship and burial for the estate. The church is experienced both within this immediate setting of the churchyard and as a prominent feature on the "Spires and Steeples Way" footpath and forms part of the Blankney Conservation Area which also includes estate cottages to the north. The Proposed Development has been designed to maintain visibility of the church tower from the footpath and the effect on the building's significance of development in the wider rural surroundings is considered to result in a slight impact to the significance of the church (less than substantial harm) which is not significant. The church and associated lychgate were therefore scoped out of the ES.

Brauncewell medieval village (Scheduled Monument, NHLE 1018397) and All Saint's Church (Grade II listed building, NHLE 1254135)

10.1.5. The scheduled medieval village is assessed in the ES. This concluded that there would be a slight impact to the significance of the scheduled



- monument as a result of visibility of the Proposed Development in the wider rural setting of the monument. There would also be a beneficial impact as a result of the proposed permissive path.
- 10.1.6. All Saint's Church is the surviving parish church for Brauncewell village, it is experienced surrounded by the earthworks of the former village and a later farmhouse. The closest solar arrays would be over 500m to the north, the church would continue to be experienced in association with the remains of the medieval village and later farmstead. The change to the wider rural surroundings as a result of the Proposed Development would result in a slight impact to the significance of the church (less than substantial harm) which is not significant and therefore the asset has been scoped out of the ES.

Dunsby medieval village (Scheduled Monument, NHLE 1018395)

10.1.7. The village remains at Dunsby derive significance from and their principal reason for designation as a scheduled monument is their archaeological interest as the buried remains will contain evidence of the occupation of this settlement. The remains of the village are experienced within farmland and this rural setting although altered from the medieval field systems contributes to the significance of the monument as an abandoned settlement. The Proposed Development would be over 1km to the north and the ZTV (as shown in Annex 13) predicts no visibility from the monument. A visualisation (ES Volume 4: Landscape Visualisations Part 6 Viewpoint 27 [EN010149/APP/6.4]) is taken from circa 190 m north of the scheduled monument at the junction of the A15 and the local road east of Dale Farm and shows the view overlooking land that was likely farmed from Dunsby towards the Proposed Development. The change to the wider rural surroundings of Dunsby would not impact on the archaeological interest of the monument as there would be no physical impact to the below ground remains. The change to the appearance of land beyond fields which would have been farmed from the settlement would result in a negligible impact to its significance which is not significant and this asset is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Ashby Hall (Grade II listed building, NHLE1061827), ice house (Grade II listed building, NHLE1261470), stable block (Grade II listed building, NHLE 1360600) and walled garden (Grade II listed building, NHLE1487810).

10.1.8. Ashby Hall is a small country house dating to the early 16th century and late 18th century with later alterations and additions. It is associated with a separately listed ice house (NHLE1261470), stable block (NHLE 1360600) and walled garden (LNHLE1487810). Ashby Hall is experienced within landscaped grounds containing these associated structures to the north, a large pond to the east and substantial mature trees to the boundaries. It is approached via a driveway from the south. The historic parkland associated with the hall extended further east and west than the current



grounds and also included land south of Main Street encompassing Home Farmhouse (a non-designated heritage asset discussed below) and also Markham's Plantation and Rowston Covert woodland to the northeast. There are limited views of the wider landscape from Ashby Hall itself due to the surrounding vegetation and the nearest solar arrays of the Proposed Development would be over 1.2 km to the west and over 1.1 km to the north (beyond the walled garden) and the ZTV (Annex 13) does not predict visibility of the arrays from the house. The ice house is experienced only within the grounds of the hall and derives significance from its architectural interest as a well preserved example and its group value with the house, as such the contribution of setting to its significance is confined to this immediate area. The walled garden derives significance from the architectural and historic interest in its unusual octagonal plan form and the surviving adjoining buildings which have been converted to residential use. It also has group value with the hall as an ancillary building to the country house. The garden is experienced on the northern edge of the former grounds of the hall with other garden buildings to the north which provides an appropriate context to the walled garden. The wider agricultural setting is appreciated from the outside of the walled garden due to this area being more open. As with the hall, the closest solar arrays would be over 1 km distant and the ZTV predicts visibility of the Proposed Development from the walled garden though visibility will be filtered by vegetation. The impact of changes in the wider landscape at this range would have a negligible impact on the significance of the house, ice house and walled garden. This effect would not be significant and these assets are therefore scoped out of the ES.

Temple Farmhouse (Grade II listed building, NHLE 1261359 and Remains of Preceptory Church / Church Tower North of Temple Farmhouse (Scheduled monument NHLE1261359 and Grade I listed building, NHLE 1254328)

Temple Farmhouse comprises a 17th century farmhouse with late 18th. 10.1.9. early 19th and 20th century alterations, adjacent to which are the remains of the 13th century church tower which was restored in the early 20th century. The tower is all that remains above ground of the Knights Templars Preceptory which was abandoned at the dissolution in 1538 and is also designated as a scheduled monument. The farmhouse derives significance from and its principal reason for designation as a grade II listed building is from the architectural and historic interest in its fabric as an example of post-medieval farmhouse and the associative value for it being on the site of the Knights Templar Preceptory. A small fragment of reused medieval tracery survives in an upper window on the north gable of the farmhouse and the building is likely to incorporate other stonework from the preceptory adding to the architectural and historic interest of the building. The farmhouse is experienced within a farm complex of historic non-designated farm buildings (most apparently now converted into



residential use) with the listed and scheduled tower to the north. The presence of the tower in proximity to the farmhouse contributes to the associative historic interest and value of the farmhouse. The tower derives significance from the architectural and historic interest in its fabric, its associative value with the Knights Templar and archaeological interest and evidential value as a surviving remnant of a pre-Dissolution church. The nearest solar arrays to the farmhouse and tower would be over 1km to the east. The ZTV (Annex 13) indicates that there is no visibility of the Proposed Development from Temple Farmhouse due to a slight ridge to the east of the farmhouse. LVIA Viewpoint 32 is taken from east of this ridge and shows limited visibility of the Proposed Development. The change to the wider agricultural surroundings beyond areas where the farmhouse is appreciated would result in a slight impact (less than substantial harm) which is not significant. The Proposed Development would not impact on the prominence of the tower which would continue to be experienced within the farm complex, the change to the wider surroundings beyond the areas where the tower is appreciated are considered to result in a negligible impact to its significance which is not significant. These assets are therefore scoped out of the ES.

Home Farmhouse (Grade II listed building, NHLE 1061825)

This building is an early 18th century farmhouse with 19th and 20th 10.1.10. century alterations. It derives significance from and its principal reason for designation as a grade II listed building is from the architectural and historic interest in its fabric as an example of its type. The farmhouse is experienced on Main Street to the west of settlement of Ashby de la Launde and southwest of Ashby Hall, with a garden front to the east side and agricultural buildings enclosing a yard to the west with further later agricultural buildings beyond. The farm likely formed the "home farm" to the estate at Ashby and this association contributes to the significance of the building. The views of the wider agricultural land, which was likely farmed from Home Farm, is filtered by these buildings and by mature trees to the south and southwest of the farmhouse. These buildings and vegetation also screen the farmhouse from view from the surrounding land. Proposed highway improvements are within 200m to the west of the farmhouse but would not impact on the contribution that the setting makes to its significance, the nearest solar arrays would be 1km to the west, beyond the modern agricultural buildings and further screened by vegetation. The ZTV (Annnex 13) indicates that, although without vegetation the Proposed Development would be visible from the farmhouse, the existing vegetation provides substantial screening. Visualisations from Main Street, Ashby de la Launde (ES Volume 4: LVIA Visualisations Part 5: Viewpoint 21 [EN010149/APP/6.4]) and the junction of Heath Road (B191) and Navenby Lane (ES Volume 4: LVIA Visualisations Part 5: Viewpoint 22 [EN010149/APP/6.4]) show that the Proposed Development would be a distant feature, softened by existing



and proposed vegetation. The visual change in this wider setting would result in a reduction in the contribution the setting makes to the significance of the building which would be slight (less than substantial harm) and not significant, the building is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Farmyard to the north of The Firs (Grade II listed building, NHLE1280661)

10.1.11. The farmyard comprises a conjoined barn, cowsheds, stables and pigeoncote built in a single-phase c.1820. The building is arranged in an E-shaped plan and encloses a farmyard to the north of the non-listed farmhouse. It derives significance and its principal reason for designation as a grade II listed building from the architectural and historic interest in its fabric as an example of a single-phase complex of agricultural buildings. As an agricultural building the surrounding agricultural landscape contributes to its significance as it will include fields worked from the farm, however the farmyard is screened from the wider landscape by trees. The closest solar arrays would be 800m to the east of the farmyard, the impact on its significance is considered to be slight (less than substantial harm) and not significant. It is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Scopwick Conservation Area

10.1.12. The designated extent of the conservation area at Scopwick protects the character and appearance of the historic core of the village. Scopwick originated as a linear settlement aligned east-west with the church at the west end of the designated area. The village has medieval origins although with the exception of the church the buildings are post-medieval. The conservation area is bounded by later development to the majority of its northern side with more open views to the south. In addition to the road approaches from the east and west the village is approached via footpaths across the surrounding agricultural fields. These include a footpath from the east along Trundle Lane and the Spires and Steeples Way footpath from the north. The village's historic relationship with the surrounding agricultural land is appreciated on these approaches and this setting contributes to its significance, character and appearance as a rural settlement. Glimpsed views of the church above hedgerows and later buildings when approaching Scopwick from the north on the Spires and Steeples Way are the first indication of settlement and this contributes to the appreciation of the rural character of the settlement. The nearest solar arrays would be c300m to the north of the conservation area, they would be screened from view from within the conservation area by the later buildings (as indicated on the ZTV in Annex 13) but would be visible to the east from short sections of the Spires and Steeples Way north of Scopwick where field entrances provide gaps in the hedgerows. They would also be visible in fields to the north, filtered by hedgerows, when



approaching from the east. An area of community planting would form part of the Proposed Development on the north side of Scopwick which will provide public benefit and also additional screening. The change to the agricultural landscape around Scopwick would result in a slight impact to the character (and therefore heritage significance) of the conservation area (at a level of less than substantial harm) which would not be significant. It is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Blankney Conservation Area

The conservation area at Blankney is designated in two parts. The 10.1.13. northern part protects the character and appearance of a group of estate buildings whilst the southern part covers the village's church and churchyard. A small section of the conservation area is mapped as overlapping with the Order Limits where a permissive path along the existing agricultural track is proposed. The northern area of the conservation area is well screened from the wider landscape by topography and vegetation and is not predicted to have any visibility of the Proposed Development. The church forms a prominent landmark in views from the south, particularly when approaching along the Spires and Steeples Way footpath. The agricultural surroundings of the conservation area, and the proximity of Blankney Hall (which lies outside the conservation area but within its setting) contribute to the significance and character and appearance of the conservation area as an estate village. Solar arrays would be located c. 600m south of the conservation area and would be visible to the east when approaching along the Spires and Steeples Way from the south but would not interrupt views of the church. Proposed solar arrays would also be visible to the south from footpaths east of the conservation area, but only until a distance of 200 m from the designated area from where views of agricultural fields would again be possible. The change to the agricultural landscape character around Blankney would result in a slight impact to the character (and therefore heritage significance) of the conservation area (less than substantial harm) which would not be significant. It is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Ashby Lodge (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120940)

10.1.14. Ashby Lodge is a 19th century partially extant farmstead. It derives significance from the surviving historic fabric. The associated modern farm buildings provide a conceptual link to the current agricultural use of the land the character of which also provides appropriate context to understand the function of the historic farmstead. The proposed solar arrays would be visible circa 200 m to the west (beyond the A15), circa 380 m to the south and circa 350 m to the east of the farmstead. The alteration to the character and appearance of the surrounding landscape would reduce the contribution that this makes to the significance of the building, a block of woodland northeast of the farmstead would serve to restrict views of arrays in this direction. The farmstead would continue to be experienced within an immediate setting of agricultural land, the



changes to the wider surroundings would slightly reduce the contribution that setting makes to its significance. There will be no physical impacts to Ashby Lodge which is an asset of low importance. The effect would be not significant, and it is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Slate House (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120942)

10.1.15. Slate House is a 19th century partially extant farmstead. It derives significance from the surviving historic fabric. The associated modern farm buildings provide a conceptual link to the current agricultural use of the land the character of which also provides appropriate context to understand the function of the historic farmstead. The farmhouse faces east across formal gardens obscured from the road by hedges. Plantations of trees to the west of the farm complex further screen views to and from the farm, historic mapping shows a footpath leading west from the house through these trees, but this is no longer mapped as a footpath. The Order Limits surround the asset on three sides (south, west and north) but the solar arrays have been pulled back on the northern side to increase separation from the farmstead and the existing tall vegetation would limit their visibility. There would be no physical impact to Slate House and the change to the wider surroundings is considered to result in a minor reduction in the contribution that the agricultural surroundings make to its significance which would be less than substantial harm. As the asset is of low importance the impact would not result in a significant effect and it was therefore scoped out of the ES.

Glebe Farm (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120941)

10.1.16. Glebe Farm is a 19th century partially extant farmstead. It derives significance from the surviving historic fabric, and the associated modern farm buildings provide a conceptual link to the current agricultural use of the land the character of which also provides appropriate context to understand the function of the historic farmstead. The farm derives further significance from its historic relationship with Ashby Hall. The surrounding agricultural land provides appropriate context to appreciate the farmstead. The closest proposed solar arrays would be circa 600m to the northeast with the area of Order Limits adjacent to the farmstead used for underground cabling and either returned to agricultural use or used as grassland habitat. There would be no physical impact to Glebe Farm and no impact on its relationship with Ashby Hall. The change to the wider landscape would result in a negligible reduction in the contribution that it makes to the significance of Glebe Farm, the effect would be not significant and this asset is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Rowston Top / The Maltings (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120856)

10.1.17. Rowston Top, also known as The Maltings is a 19th century partially extant farmstead. It derives significance from the surviving historic fabric.



The associated modern farm buildings provide a conceptual link to the current agricultural use of the land the character of which also provides appropriate context to understand the function of the historic farmstead. It has a historic relationship with the Ashby Hall estate which also contributes to its significance. The closest proposed solar arrays would be circa 230 m to the north, and the area of the Order Limits circa 200 m to the west would be used for underground cabling and then retained as agricultural land or used for grassland habitat. The farmstead would therefore continue to be experienced in a largely agricultural setting and there would be no interruption to its association with Ashby Hall estate, with no physical impacts to the farmstead. The change to the appearance of the farm's surroundings would result in a slight reduction in the contribution that the setting makes to its significance and the effect would be not significant. This asset is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Scopwick Lowfield Farm (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120841)

Scopwick Lowfield Farm is a 19th century partially extant farmstead. It 10.1.18. derives significance from the surviving historic fabric. The associated modern farm buildings provide a conceptual link to the current agricultural use of the land the character of which also provides appropriate context to understand the function of the historic farmstead. Views of and from the farmstead are partly filtered by trees adjacent to the buildings, and hedgerows extending north and south from Acre Lane The nearest proposed solar arrays would be present circa 90 m to the southwest of the farmstead, circa 260 m to the north and over 500 m to the east. Views of the proposed solar arrays from the farmstead would be screened by the existing hedgerows (further screening would be afforded by proposed enhancements to the hedgerows), but there would be some visibility of solar panels when approaching the farmstead along Acre Lane from the west and east / southeast. A small part of the land within the Order Limits. between the farmstead and the proposed solar arrays to the north, would be potentially used for underground cabling then retained as agricultural land. There would be no physical impacts to the farm but the change to the character of the agricultural surroundings would result in a slight reduction in the contribution that they make to the significance of the farmstead. The effect would be not significant and this asset is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Sheffield House (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120857),

10.1.19. Sheffield house is a 19th century partially extant farmstead, it derives significance from the surviving historic fabric, associated modern farm buildings provide a conceptual link to the current agricultural use of the land the character of which also provides appropriate context to understand the function of the historic farmstead. The closest arrays would be 70 m to the northwest of the farmstead, on the opposite side of a



watercourse that marks the parish boundary. The relationship between the farmstead and its own agricultural land holding that would have lain south of the watercourse will be unaltered and trees along the watercourse will serve to filter views of the arrays. There will be no physical impact to the building. The change to the surrounding agricultural land would result in a negligible reduction in the contribution it makes to the significance of the farmstead and the effect would be not significant. It is therefore scoped out of the ES.

Collective value of the farmsteads as a group

- 10.1.20. For the purposes of this assessment the following farmsteads are considered to form part of the group:
 - Ashby Lodge (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120940)
 - Slate House (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120942)
 - Glebe Farm (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120941)
 - Rowston Top / The Maltings (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120856)
 - Scopwick Lowfield Farm (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120841)
 - Sheffield House (Non-designated heritage asset, HER Ref: MLI120857),
 - Temple Farmhouse (Grade II listed building, NHLE 1254328)
 - Home Farmhouse (Grade II listed building, NHLE 1061825)
 - Farmyard to the north of The Firs (Grade II listed building, NHLE 1280661)

Methodology

10.1.21. The Planning Inspectorate requested that this assessment have regard to the methodology set out in the Greater Lincolnshire Farmstead Character Statement [Ref 31]. The methodology for assessing the significance of farmsteads is contained within the accompanying Farmstead Assessment Framework [Ref. 32]. The Farmstead Assessment Framework provides a method for assessing historic farmsteads with the specific purpose of securing "sustainable development and the conservation of traditional farmsteads and their buildings in the planning system". It relates primarily to proposals for development within historic farmsteads (i.e. alterations to the individual buildings and development within the farmyard or immediate farm complex) although it makes some reference to considering the landscape setting in relation to such proposals. Specifically, it recommends in relation to assessing setting "Consider how the site [i.e. the farmstead] is viewed in its wider setting, in particular how prominent viewpoints are framed by any heritage assets, any other farmsteads, houses and development and landscape features such as field and property boundaries, tracks, trees and farm ponds."



- 10.1.22. The guidance does not provide a methodology for considering development impacts on the group value of multiple farmsteads. It is considered that the consideration of setting for each individual asset described above already covers the contribution that group value makes to their significance, as any intervisibility between farmsteads or other heritage assets is identified where relevant. However the following narrative provides an overall commentary on the group value of the farmsteads in the study area and the effects of the Proposed Development on this defined group value.
- 10.1.23. It should be noted that the Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment (LVIA) (ES Volume 1 Chapter 10: Landscape and Visual [EN010149/APP/6.1]) assesses the effect based on the magnitude of change to the landscape. Although it includes a description of the historic landscape character (of which these farmsteads form a part) it does not include a consideration of the heritage significance of the farmsteads either individually or collectively.
- 10.1.24. Heritage impact assessment (as set out in the guidance documents CIFA/IEMA/IHBC Principles for Cultural Heritage Assessment [Ref. 20] and Historic England's Good Practice Advice in Planning Note 3: The Setting of Heritage Assets (GPA3) [Ref. 17] does not advocate a methodology considering the overall magnitude of visual change to assess cultural heritage impact, but is based on an understanding, articulation and impact upon the significance of the heritage asset(s). Heritage impact assessment therefore differs from LVIA assessment and can reach different conclusions regarding the same location.
- 10.1.25. The CIfA/IEMA/IHBC Principles for Cultural Heritage Assessment [Ref. 20] sets out a staged approach as follows:
 - A: Understand the heritage asset using the following steps:
 - 1 describe the asset,
 - 2 ascribe cultural significance, and
 - 3 attribute importance; followed by
 - B: Evaluate the consequences of change using the following steps:
 - 1 understand the change,
 - 2 assess impact,
 - 3 weight the effect
- 10.1.26. GPA3 [Ref. 17] similarly sets out a staged approach as follows:
 - Step 1 identify which heritage assets and their settings are affected
 - Step 2 assess the degree to which these settings make a contribution to the significance of the heritage asset(s) or allow significance to be appreciated



- Step 3 assess the effects of the proposed development, whether beneficial or harmful, on that significance or the ability to appreciate it
- Step 4 explore ways to maximise enhancement and avoid or minimise harm
- Step 5 make and document the decision and monitor outcomes.
- 10.1.27. Planning policy and guidance are clear that though setting may contribute to the significance of a heritage asset it is not the only element of significance to be considered in assessing impacts. Therefore, it is rare for an impact resulting solely from change within the setting of a heritage asset to result in high levels of harm to an asset's significance. The assessment presented here and within Section 9.9 of ES Volume 1 Chapter 9: Cultural Heritage [EN010149/APP/6.1.2] follows the ClfA/IEMA/IHBC principles and comprises Steps 1 to 3 of the GPA guidance, Step 4 of the GPA guidance has been considered throughout the design process to inform the Design Commitments [EN010149/APP/7.4] and Works Plans [EN010149/APP/2.3] and Step 5 will be the responsibility of the decision maker and secured through the DCO Requirements.

Significance of the farmsteads as a group

- 10.1.28. The significance of the individual farmsteads (both listed and non-designated) detailed in this annex is enhanced by their group value as surviving elements of the 19th century landscape.
- 10.1.29. As noted within the Lincolnshire Farmsteads Characterisation Study [Ref 20] the historic farmsteads are both a reflection of the interaction between people and nature for the purpose of producing food and the driving force behind this process. From around 1750, the planned enclosure of the medieval landscape led to new forms of farming practice, including the establishment of new isolated farmsteads set away from the main village centres. These can be found throughout Greater Lincolnshire, and constitute the majority of surviving traditional farmsteads in the county including those within the study area for this assessment. A depression in the farming economy in the later 19th century led to the dereliction of hedges and drainage, and the employment of more efficient and less labour intensive techniques for ploughing and threshing, such as moveable steam engines. It also led to construction of agricultural buildings such as Dutch barns, in an attempt by landowners to stimulate the rural economy. In the 20th century further changes to the local landscape occurred as a result of increased mechanisation of farming leading to the obsolescence of many historic rural buildings, including outfarms and field barns, and the removal of field boundaries to facilitate vehicular access for sowing and fertilising.
- 10.1.30. The largest farmsteads are primarily of the regular multi-yard types, with several particularly large examples of E-Plan farms and dispersed multi-yard types. They are typically found in the Kesteven Uplands and the



Lincolnshire Wolds, demonstrating an industrial approach to maximising productivity in these areas during the 19th century. The Kesteven Uplands are also noted to contain smaller farms where fields have not been amalgamated and remain at a smaller scale. The Order Limits comprise substantial fields and the study area therefore comprises more of the first type of farmstead.

10.1.31. The group of farmsteads therefore has evidential value beyond that of the individual buildings as together they provide extant visual indicators of the evolution of the historic landscape in this area. The majority of the farmsteads are non-designated and although there are some examples of listed farmhouses within the study area this is typical of the pattern nationally, as such the importance of the farmsteads as a group is considered to be low.

Contribution of setting to the significance of the farmsteads as a group

10.1.32. The agricultural landscape around and between the farmsteads (which forms part of National Character Area 47 and North Kesteven Landscape Character Types LCA7 – Limestone Heath, and LCA11 – Central Clays and Gravels) (as noted within Section 10.5 of ES Volume 1 Chapter 10 Landscape and Visual [EN010149/APP/6.1]), contributes to the significance of the farmsteads as a group. This is because, unlike in other parts of Lincolnshire, there has been relatively little boundary loss and the pattern of the 19th century field systems associated with the farmsteads is still legible. Even in the absence of intervisibility between the farms themselves they are experienced in sequence when travelling through the landscape. This experience contributes to the understanding of the group of farmsteads significance as the shared agricultural character of their individual surroundings merge from one to the other.

Impacts of the Proposed Development

- 10.1.33. As noted above, the assessment has identified that there would be not significant effects to all of these assets individually. The LVIA concludes that, whilst for the LCA7 as a whole there would be a not significant effect (Paragraph 10.9.172 of ES Volume 1 Chapter 10 Landscape and Visual [EN010149/APP/6.1]), at a localised level around the Order Limits (and including the setting of these non-designated farmsteads) there would be a magnitude of change to the landscape character that would be significant and the LVIA concludes that for this localised area the effects would be significant (Paragraph 10.9.171 of ES Volume 1 Chapter 10 Landscape and Visual [EN010149/APP/6.1]).
- 10.1.34. It is acknowledged that there would be significant visual change within the setting of the farmsteads and that the character and appearance of their landscape setting would be altered. However, there would be no boundary loss or alteration to the pattern of fields which form the setting of the farmsteads. The farmsteads, which would therefore remain to be

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appreciated and experienced despite the altered landuse within the field boundary pattern, would therefore continue to be appreciated as, surviving elements of the 19th century landscape within this altered setting. The impact on the heritage significance of the farmsteads as a group is therefore considered to be slight. As the farmsteads collectively are of low importance the effect will be minor significance and not significant.

Illustration 1- Location Plan



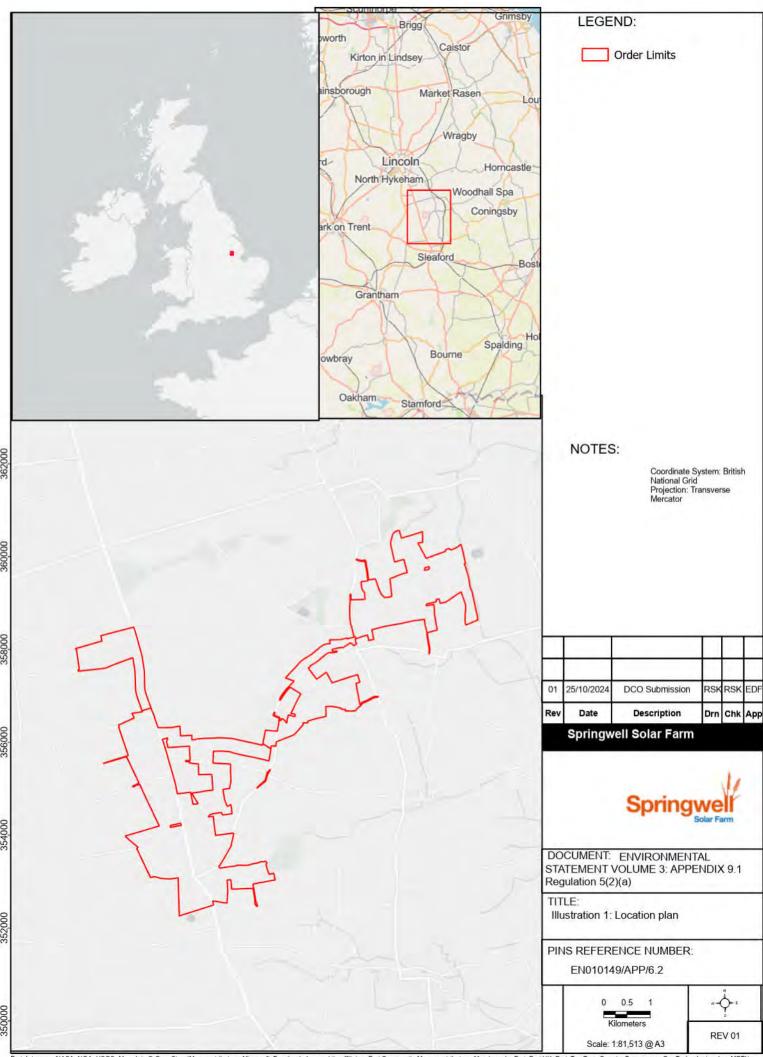


Illustration 2 - Area Plan



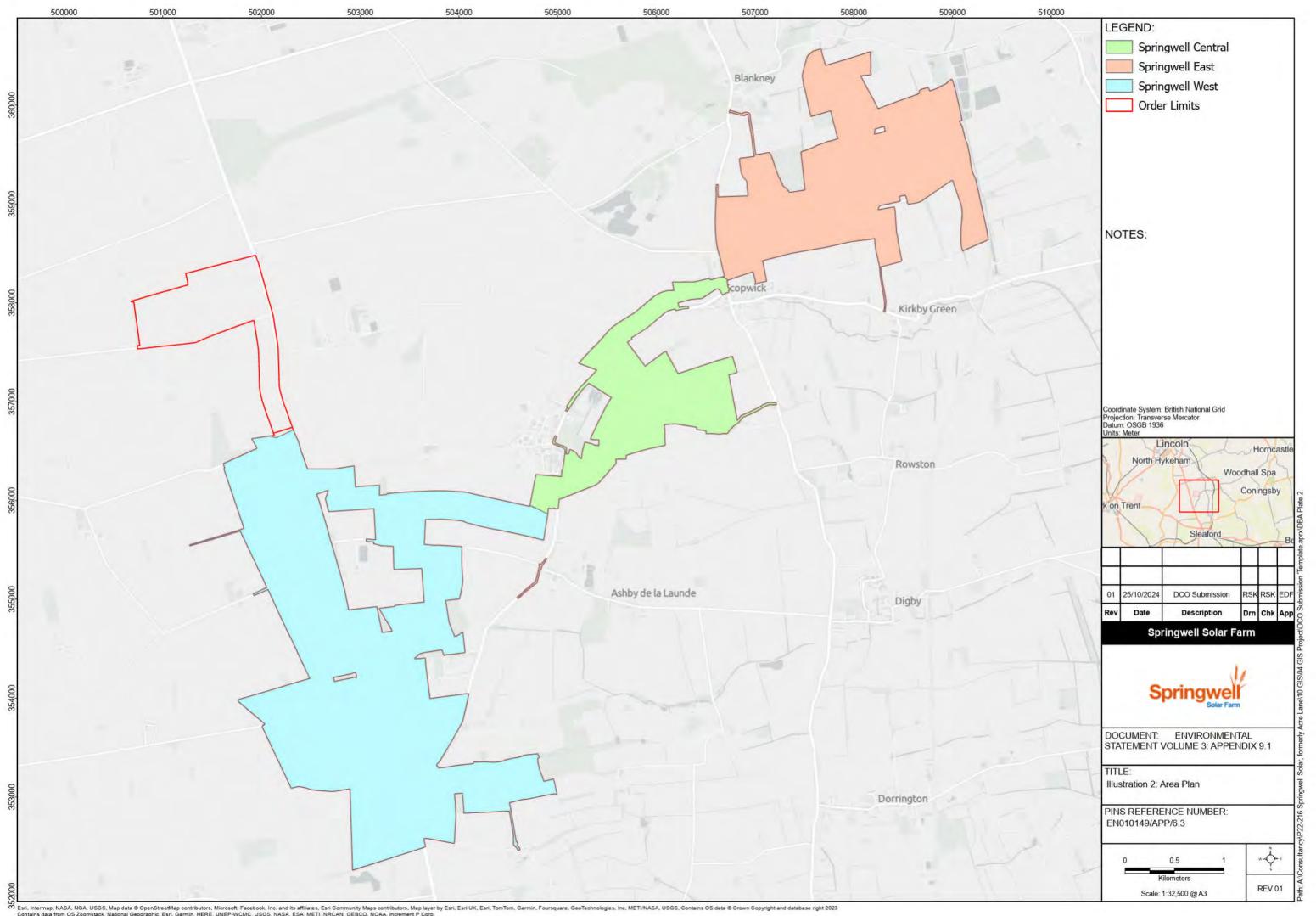


Illustration 3 - General Shot of Springwell West Looking East







Illustration 3: General Shot of Springwell West looking east

Illustration 4 - General Shot of Springwell West Looking North







Illustration 4: General Shot of Springwell West looking north

Illustration 5 - General Shot of Springwell Central Looking South







Illustration 5: General Shot of Springwell Central looking south

Illustration 6 - General Shot if Springwell East Looking South







Illustration 6: General Shot of Springwell East looking south

Illustration 7 - Kirkby Green 1840 Tithe Map





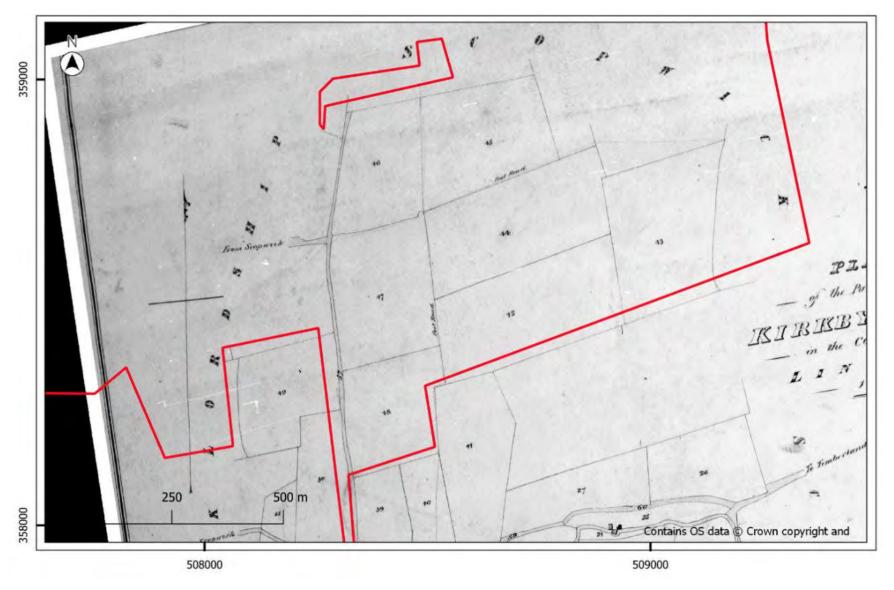


Illustration 7: Kirkby Green 1840 Tithe Map

Illustration 8 - Roulston 1840 Tithe Map





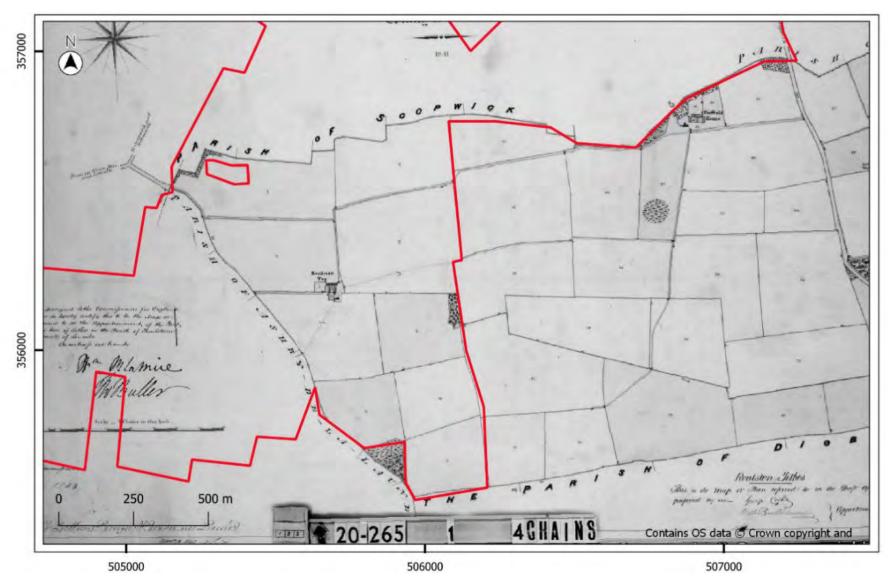
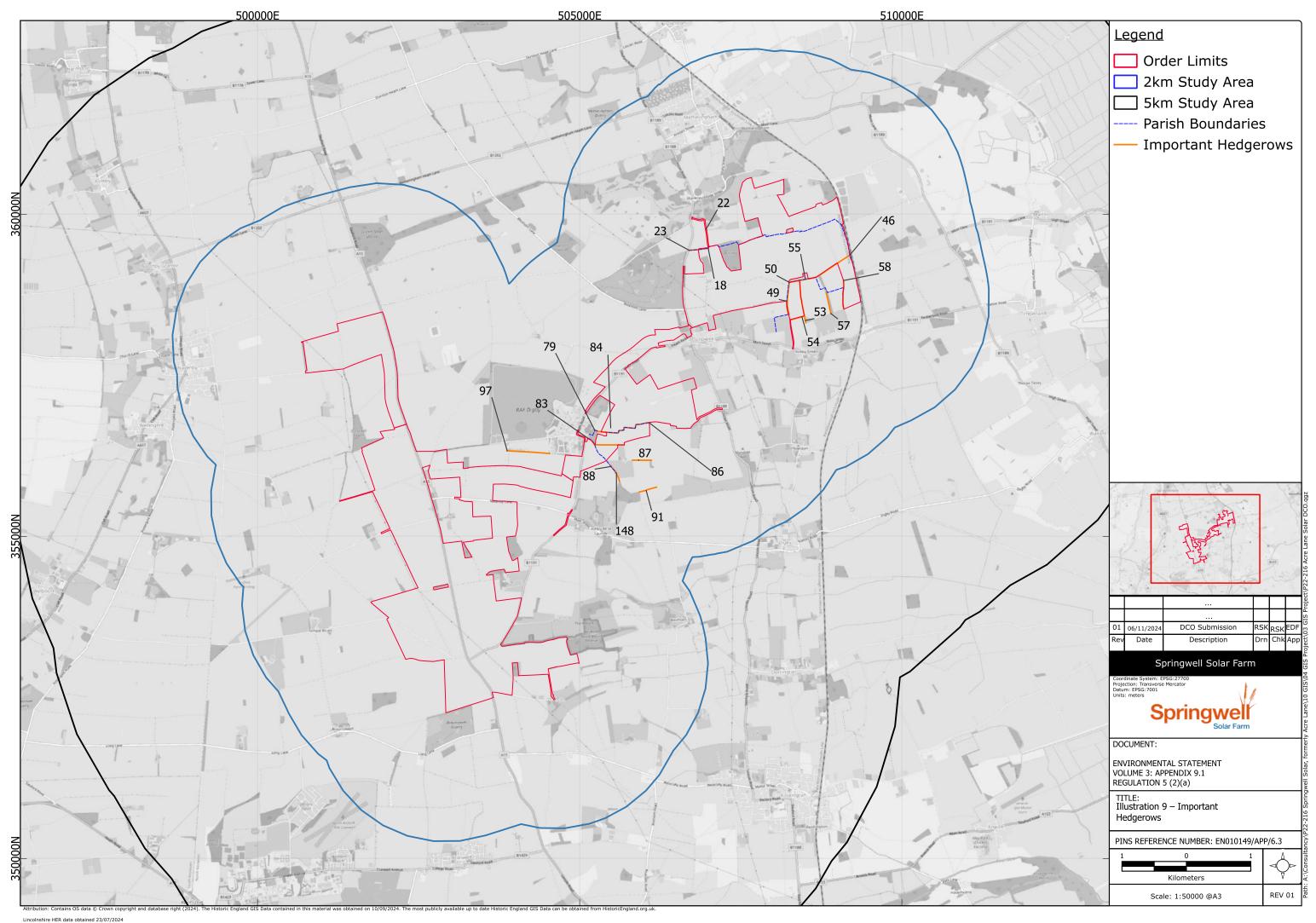


Illustration 8: Roulston 1843 Tithe Map

Illustration 9 - Important Hedgerows







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